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THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN.

Vol. 2. Tucson, A. T., Saturday, May 1, 1869. No. 18

HE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

Weekly Journal, devoted to the terests of Arizona Territory.

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P. W. DOONER.....EDITOR.

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J. B. PLATT. J. EMcCAFFREY

PLATT & McCAFFREY.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
TUCSON, A. T.
January 2d 1869-tf

CHAS. H. LORD W. W. WILLIAMS

LORD & WILLIAMS.

HAVING just brought on from New York ock and
CHOICE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,
ow offering the same very cheap for cash.
Look at our goods and prices.
tf Jan. 1, '69.

G. H. OURY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law
Office in Court-house Building
TUCSON, A. T.
aug4;67 tf

WHEAT'S SALOON.

The undersigned having leased the above Saloon, is prepared to furnish his friends and the public with a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
AUGUSTUS BRICHTA.
Jan 30, 1869.

PIONEER BUTCHER SHOP.

GEORGE F. FOSTER.
at the OLD STAND on Main Street,
TUCSON, A. T.
IS ready to supply all customers in his line with as good beef and at as low rates as can be done elsewhere town.
Jan. 1st 1869.

PIONEER BREWERY.

TUCSON, A. T.
LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER
Constantly on hand.
A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.
March 14, 1869—11-tf.

CAMP GRANT STORE!

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that they have just opened a new stock of goods consisting of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.
and are prepared to sell on the "live and let live" principle.
Would also announce to those persons desirous to settle upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are proprietors of a large Acequie and will allow water to be taken from it by actual settlers free of charge
ISRAEL & COX.
Camp Grant, A. T., Oct. 2d 1868. tf

BLACKSMITH AND

WAGON SHOP,

PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.
Wagons are made and repaired at this establishment and everything in the Blacksmith line done with promptness and dispatch.
SWEENY & ETCHEL Proprietors.
Jan. 1st, '69

THOMAS M. YERKES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT
Tubac, A. T.
KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonable, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.
Jan 1st 1868. tf.

INSPIRATION.

[Written for the Examiner by E. C. H.]

The poet lights his mystic lamp,
At this Promethean flame,
And, on the magic page of song
He leaves a deathless name;

It fires a Raphael's burning soul,
And lights his beaming eye,
And lo! the speaking canvass glows,
With things that never die.

Beneath the sculptor's hand, it bids
The snowy marble tell
Of some ethereal land of love,
Where forms of beauty dwell;

By it, the sage's lofty mind
Scans the wide field of space,
And of the far off, rolling world,
Finds the appointed place.

It falls upon the tuneful lyre,
And wakes the orphean string
Which breathes the trembling notes of love
In which the angels sing.

'Tis this that gives to man on earth
His joys, his hopes, his fears,
That lights his face with beaming smiles,
And melts his soul to tears.—

'Tis this that fills his yearning soul
With glowing thoughts sublime,
Of some far brighter land than this,
Beyond the mists of time.

Terrible Tragedy—A Man Shoots His wife. Her Paramour, and Kills Himself.

A telegram to the Sacramento *Record*, dated San Francisco, April the 4th, says:

A terrible, affray occurred about 2 o'clock today, on the southeast corner of Market and Second streets. John D. Derrick, a ship carpenter, of Vallejo, married about six months ago the stewardess of the Orizaba, but she left him soon after and came to this city, where she has led a life of ill fame. Derrick frequently tried to get her back to him, but she refused all intercourse. Some weeks ago he broke into her house, on Mission street, to get her away, and was arrested for burglary but was discharged on examination. His trouble concerning her appears to have driven him crazy. This afternoon he went to her room, corner Second and Market, and found her in company with Frank Edwards, a waiter in a restaurant on Second street. She introduced him to Edwards, and they exchanged a few common place remarks. Mrs, Derrick said she was going out, and prepared to put on her cloak and bonnet. Derrick wanted to go with her; she refused his company and said she wanted no more to do with him. He then drew a four barreled Remington pistol and fired at Edwards, shooting him back of the head. Edwards fell to the floor. Derrick then shot his wife on the left side of the head, near the temple, and also through the left arm below the elbow. Then he put the pistol to his own head and lodged a bullet in his brain behind the right ear. His brains protruded from the wound and he died at 20 minutes past 5 o'clock. Edwards is not dangerously wounded. The ball cut a deep scalp wound and caused profuse bleeding, but not serious. Mrs Derrick's wound is not necessarily fatal. With good attention, unless mortification sets in, she will recover. Upon searching Derrick's pocket it was found the act was deliberate, having had it in contemplation some weeks. Letters were found, written at various times, announcing suicidal intentions on account of his wife's infidelity. He made a written request that the city would take charge and educate his children and requests his friends to bury him beside his first wife, and requests that under no circumstances shall his second wife be buried near—declaring her to be the cause of his death. It appears that he mistook Edwards for a man named Mitchell, whom he accuses of being his wife's paramour. To Chas. Morgan, Wells, Fargo & Co.'s messenger, he writes: "When you receive this I shall be *non est*. I wish to inform you that you may be the instrument of exposing my wife. Charley, she is a terrible bad woman—artful, low cunning, and won the sympathy of many by her plausible and tricky tales. Beware of her Caution all o hers to do the same. She is bad—treat her not. She now contemplates going stewardess on the Idaho, for Honolulu. God bless you Good bye. Yours, most respectfully, J. D. Derrick." The tragedy created great excitement and crowds gathered in the vicinity all the after-noon, discussing the details.

History of the Pacific Railroad.

The first railway to the Pacific will be finished in June of this year, and the grand opening will be on the 4th of July. It is twenty-three years since this road was broached by Asa Whitney, and it has had the support of statesmen of all parties. Thomas H. Benton was its earliest friend; the explorations of his son-in-law, Captain J. C. Fremont, threw light upon the physical geography of the unexplored region, and prepared the way for surveys under Franklin Pierce. Jefferson Davis was the Secretary of War under that administration; and under his auspices the best talent of the army was enlisted in the survey of the Rocky Mountains. Except the northern route, the explorations were all in charge of officers of the U. S. Topographical engineers.

The first was led by Governor Isaac I. Stephens, formerly of the regulars, killed at the second battle of Bull Run in 1862. His lines were the 47th and 49th north latitude. His corps consisted of four parties, one under himself, another under George B. McClellan; another under Lieut. Donaldson, U. S. A., and another under Lieut. Sexton.

The second expedition, under Captain Gunnison, U. S. A., started from Westport Mo., and followed the valleys of the Kansas and Arkansas rivers to the Rocky Mountains, between the Sangre del Christo (now a part of Colorado) and the Sevie lake. A portion of the party, including the brilliant Gunnison himself, were massacred by Indians.

The command devolved upon Lieut. Beckwith, who proceeded to Salt Lake City whence he extended his work along the 41st parallel, crossing the Sierra Nevada near Fort Reading, and thence following the valley of the Sacramento to San Francisco. This is the route substantially, by the great trunk road to be opened.

The third expedition by Captain Whipple, U. S. A., was on the line of the 35th parallel.

The fourth, under Lieut Williamson, U. S. A fitted out at San Francisco, passed up the San Joaquin and Tulare valleys, explored several passes and portions of the Mojave and Colorado rivers.

The fifth, over the western half of the 32d parallel, and commanded by Lieut Parke, detached for the purpose from Lieut. Williamson's party.

The sixth party started from El Paso, Captain John Pope, and is in the proposed Southern road, in which John C. Fremont is one of the projectors.

In 1854 Congress made appropriations, and Jefferson Davis sent forward three additional parties—one under Lieut Parke, who surveyed the whole country between San Francisco and Los Angeles, on the 34th parallel part of the present Southern route; another under Lieuts. Williamson and Abbott, who explored the Sierra and the Cascade mountains, between San Francisco and the Columbia river. This survey is of great use to the Northern project by way of Superior City Wisconsin; and still another under John Pope, who made valuable experiments in artesian well boring, to determine whether a sufficient supply of water could be obtained.

These investigations showed rare sagacity, and the results are embodied in four large volumes with handsome illustrations, Maps, profiles etc, showing the climate, productions, animals and soil of the vast region of the Rocky Mountains, of standard value in the prosecution of this wonderful enterprise.

Jefferson Davis looked to the completion of the Southern line, say from New Orleans to San Diego, on the Pacific, first; subsequent experience has shown that the line could have been built more rapidly and cheaply than the other.

The Union Pacific Railroad was not definitely located, nor the company incorporated, till July first 1862, and acts amendatory to it were passed July 2d, 1864, March 3d, 1865, and July 3d, 1866. By the act, the right of way to the extent of 200 feet in width on each side of the railroad was granted to the company and, also, every alternate section of public land to the amount of five alternate sections per mile, except mineral lands.

It is also provided for issuing 30 year government bonds to the amount of $10,000 per mile, for every section of 40 miles completed, to the company—such bonds constituting a first mortgage on the railroad. Under this act and its amendment the road was commenced from both termini in the gloomiest period of the war, and vigorously prosecuted. On the 1st of January, 1867, there were completed about 305, miles of the eastern division, extending within 100 miles of Denver, Col.; and it was progressing at the rate of from one to two miles per day. Of the western division, 156 miles east from Sacramento to the State line, was to be finished by July 1st, 1867, and to Salt Lake, 675 miles from Sacramento, by 1869.

A Daring Outrage.

The New York Herald of March 23d has the following:

Between ten and eleven o'clock on Sunday night, one of the Jersey City and Hoboken horse cars was turning around the corner leading from the swamp at the corner of North Seventh and Provost Streets when a rough looking fellow jumped into the car and sat beside a young woman. He addressed some conversation to her which was not heard by the conductor, but the woman turned away from him with a look of contempt. He then seized and dragged her to the platform, when the conductor, a young German, who has been lately put on the cars, caught hold of him and attempted to stop him, but he was hurled over the dash board and had his face severely cut. The young woman screamed for help but the ruffian soon hurried her out of sight. There was only another passenger in the car, a full grown man, who was cowardly enough to sit still and permit this act of villainy. The driver was about to interpose when he saw a revolver peeping out of the scoundrel's pocket, and this was a damper on him. Nothing further has been heard from the villain, or his victim. The locality where this occurred is infested by villains whose presence renders it hazardous for people to travel there at night. Only a few nights previously a young man was approached by two mysterious looking fellows at the same corner, when he drew a revolver and they retired without exchanging a word or approaching nearer.

Late Eastern News.

Washington, April 8—In the senate Sumner offered a joint resolution to rescind the resolution to adjourn Saturday and spoke opposing speedy adjournment, desiring to finish the work of reconstruction, to act on the Pacific railroad difficulties, New York, election frauds, &c Conkling said Sumner was always opposed to adjournment. He did not believe he and Johnson were confederates, but these two eminent persons during the Johnson administration had been conspirators to keep congress perpetually in session. Sherman and Howard opposed Sumner's resolution, preferring to leave Virginia, Texas and Mississippi under military government till the next session, when congress could more properly consider their cases. Trumbull favored adjournment and advocated a resolution to submit the constitution of those States to the people thereof, which could still be done before Saturday. The senate refused to rescind the adjournment resolution.

The senate then laid on the table the house bill to submit constitutions to the people of Virginia and Mississippi.

Fessenden from the conference committee reported the Indian appropriation bill agreed to in committee.

Specials say that the United States Supreme court will render the last decision of the term on Mondy. No decision will be made on any legal tender case this term.

A meeting was held last night at the house of Senator Pomeroy, when a branch of the Cuban Junta was organized, with Mrs. Senator Pomeroy as president, and Mrs. Senator Harlan, Grace Greenwood and several other distinguished ladies as officers.

There will be sharp opposition to the confirmation of Ashley as Governor of Montana.

The appropriation for the purchase of clothing etc., for the California Indians is fixed at $500,000.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 1.....1869.

ABRAHAM LYON, of Arizona City, is our only authorized Agent in Arizona.

RAILROADS.

The Union and Central Pacific Railroads have now almost arrived at completion and much activity is being exhibited toward the project of constructing a road over the Southern (35th parallel) route as, also, over the Northern route—from Superior City, Wis, to Puget Sound.

The experience of the Union Pacific among the snows of the Rocky Mountains, last season, should give wholesome instruction to Northern railroad men who propose to build this Northern road about the 47th parallel. The report of Mr. Stewart, in the Senate, argues that "The North Pacific railroad will acquire for us the British Possessions." This, however, is very doubtful, as their value would thus be enhanced ten fold, thereby rendering their retension doubly an object of importance to Great Britain.

Of these routes—the northern and southern—the latter is by far the more popular. The report before referred to, speaking of the advantages of a Southern road in connection with those of one to the north, says: "In like manner, the Southern Pacific railroad, on the 35th parallel of latitude, will so intimately relate us by trade, mining operations and other enterprises, with the northern States of old Mexico, from which branch roads will soon be built to the main trunk, that they will be Americanized and eventually absorbed in our Union without the cost of purchase, or the crime and expense of conquest." This argument certainly contains logic far more convincing than that setting forth the probability of the acquisition of the British Possessions The Mexican government, though hardly less jealous than that of China, sets comparatively little value on remote territory. It is likewise evident that commercial advantages are not valued by Mexico as they are by Great Britain or the United States. In Mexico, the value of territory may be said to be estimated solely from the intrinsic value of its soil or minerals When we consider all these circumstances we must admit that it is just possible, that this subtle absorption theory may, at some period, prove to be something more than visionary The only mistake is that the 35th parallel is too far removed from the States of Mexico, and "branch roads" to "the main trunk" can be constructed only at enormous expense. But here the remedy is apparent: a road on the 32d parallel, removes this—the only obstacle—The 'main trunk,' running so near to the Mexican boundary, and equally advantageous to the Territories, as well as for trans-continental commerce, will accomplish all that could be done by the proposed 35th paralled road, together with several hundred miles of branch roads at an average cost per mile of not less than $25,000. A little reflection shows what a vast amount of expense may thus be saved in the accomplishment of this scheme alone.

THE INDIAN QUESTION,

The enigma, which, for some two years has been the supposed study of the Peace Commission, is, to-day as far from being properly understood as it was at the time of the appointment of that body. Measures of peace and of war have been alternately advocated and opposed; arguments have been adduced and instances have been given to prove Lo! an object of pity and an object of averison, until the Question, after having been thus acted upon for a period of two years, has become so inexplicable that it is now viewed by that Commission with above the same hope of success in its further pursuit than any one of its members would entertain if started upon the trail of a single Indian through the mountains of Arizona with the view of making him a prisoner.

The Board of Commissioners having, by premature adjournment, satisfied the public of its imbecility, a Society was gotten up in New York with the determination of civilizing and christianizing the Indian at all hazards. The success of this Society needs no better explanation than the following extract from the Washington *Evening Star*:

Last July, the Executive Board of that Society prepared a petition, which was circulated more particularly among the Quakers. At the late general meeting of that body in Baltimore, a large and influential delegation was appointed to wait on the President and Congress and urge peace measures. This delegation appointed a sub-committee, who have had numerous interviews with the President, Secretary of the Interior, Congressional Committees, and Congressmen; all the while urging peace measures On Thursday last they appeared before the Senate Committee, and when interrogated as to what they wanted and how they expected to accomplish the work, and how much of the work they would undertake, they were wholly at fault. They were willing to take 25,000 of the Indians, (the Sioux,) out of 350,000, wanted about $3,000,000 for them alone. At this rate, the whole would require $56,000,000 a starter. This only shows the impropriety of men undertaking work they know nothing about.

Los Angeles Items.

The News of April 17th says:

Two thousnad two hundred and forty-two boxes of oranges have been shipped, from this city to San Francisco this season up to yesterday, through the house of P. Banning & Company.

We were shown yesterday the proceeds from the shearing of an Angora ram belonging to Mr. S. Rendell, of this city. The fleece weighs five pounds, and is as soft and fine as the finest silk. Mr. Rendell informs us it is worth $10 per pound. The fleece can be seen at the Daguerrean Gallery of Mr. Rendell. He has taken a potograph of the ram, which is a curiosity in its way, and can also be seen in his show-case

Some time in January Sheriff Burns was informed that Jose Gonzales, had been missing for several days, and was last seen at or near the house of Antonio Ortega, near the mill of Mr. Temple, in the southern part of El Monte township. No clue however, could be found of the missing man, until last Saturday, when his body was discovered and Justice Quinn informed thereof, who at once proceeded to hold an inquest, which developed the fact that Gonzales had been murdered, and fastened suspicion upon the persons residing in the house of Ortega, the inmates of which were promptly arrested by Constable B S. Bryant, of El Monte Township, when the wife of Ortega, confessed her knowledge of the crime, and told of the whereabouts of Juan Bermudez, the murderer, who, Mr. Bryant and party found and arrested in the hills, a short distance from the place where he had taken refuge. Sheriff Burns, who made his appearance just after the arrest, informed the prisoner, who greatly feared he would be lynched, that he was in the custody of the law, when he confessed his guilt, and gave as his reasons therefor, his intimacy with the wife of Ortega, and the desire of himself and the guilty woman, to get rid of Gonzales, who had also been intimate with Mrs. Ortega. The confession as well as the circumstances, completely exhonerated the injured husband Ortega, who was discharged and Bermudez and the guilty and doubly faithless wife of Ortega, were committed by Judge Quinn, for murder, and are now in the county jail. Too much cannot be siad in praise of Judge Quinn and Constable Bryant, for the promptness and ability with which they worked up the case, and discovered and arrested the guilty parties.

The *Star* says: A friends at Wilmington sends us this item: In course of my business today, the 15th intant, I opened the door of a little drinking saloon and found a man lying there, all bloody but not dead. I asked what was the matter, he replied, that he had been drinking Los Angeles whisky for some time, and had stolen money, and was tired of living and had shot himself with a carbine. The ball entered just above the heart, as near as I could judge. Whether fatal or not, I do not know. The man's name is Geo Shafer, and I understand had been working for H. Dosweiler, in Los Angeles.

In reference to the proposed Catholic Cathedral alluded to in our last publication, we are glad to be able to announce that a subscription of ten thousand dollars has already been obtained from a few ladies and gentlemen

The Press it *Miner* after having rested from labor for a whole month, is again "on the war path," making, as usual, foolish and groundless allegations against Hon. R. C. McCormick and his friends. It also says that the citizens of Prescott "are divided in opinion as to what use the piece of land known as the plaza shall be put to." It would likewise appear that "jumpers" have been blockading the streets of the village of Prescott as "one cannot go anywhere on the town-site without running into a fence, or pile of cedar posts."

Col. Joseph Tyson, who was formerly extensively engaged in mining, in this Territory, and is now at White Pine, writes as follows to a friend in Tucson:

"This is the most wonderful country that White man ever saw; rich is no name for it. There is no regularly well defined lead, but the deposits of horn silver are heavy and numerous upon what is called Treasure Hill. This hill or mountain seems to be the centre of a vast deposit of metalliferous lime-rock and spar; the 'Hill' proper is about four miles long from North to South, and two miles from East to West, and is about ten thousand feet above the level of the sea. The climate is the most villainous in the world; cold, windy, stormy, snowy, foggy, muddy and frosty, all the time.

I have taken up several locations, have incorporated one of them, and am endeavoring to develope them at the present time.

Other new districts within from thirty to two hundred miles of this place, are being struck almost every week; all produce exceedingly rich rock, and, they say, plenty of it.

I have every reason to hope and believe, that this huge excitement will have the effect helping out Arizona; the people are coming in such numbers, that I think that by June or July next there will be a hundred thousand men here; of course White Pine District cannot hold them, and they will generally strike southward,

The report coming in daily from the new outside Districts are very encouraging, and they all seem to be South and East from here. I believe there are as rich, or richer gold mines in Arizona, and the people are bound to find them.

I should not wonder if a large number of these White Pine emigrants should eventually find their way to Sonora, and if so, it is not difficult to tell what the result will be; let two or three thousand of Uncle Sams sons and heirs see that immensely rich country, and if they do not appropriate it I am very much mistaken.

San Francisco:—The Weekly Dispatch of April 17th, has the following:

The schooner Mary Ellen, loaded with saltpetre and hides, for Santa Cruze, took fire at Clay street wharf, and was almost entirely consumed. The vessel belonged to Messrs. Goodall & Nelson, who sustained a heavy loss. Her cargo consisted of nine hundred sacks of saltpetre and one hundred hides.

The number of deaths in the city for the week ending April 10th, according to the Health Officer's report, was seventy-three, of which eleven were from smallpoxes in its various forms.

Ah Kow, the Chinaman who was in the County Jail under sentence of death, committed suicide, on the morning of the 9th by hanging himself in his cell.

In the breach of promise case of Reed vs. Clark, the jury awarded $10,000 damages to the plantiff. The amount asked for was 50,000.

Rich prospects have been found in a quartz ledge at Rock Gulch, Cottonwood, Siskiyou County, that yields about $1,000 to the ton.

On the 9th, while a chinaman was mowing mustard near Lindon, in San Joaquin County, the team became unruly, when he fell in front of the machine; the mower caught both ankles and cut both feet two-thirds off. He was taken to the County Hospital.

Another San Jose Mystery.

The Los Angeles Daily News of the 16th ult. publishes the following from the Call:

That there are more things in heaven and earth than are dreamed of in our philosophy the developements of these latter days fully attest. A few weeks ago (says the Mercury) we noticed the singular circumstance of a shower of fresh meat which fell in this vicinity. We endeavored to account for this phenomenon at that time, upon certain simple natural causes. We have a circumstance to relate of a more remarkable character, which we shall not attempt to account for. Mr. R. T. O'Hanlon, who resides with his family at the race-track, has been annoyed for the past two weeks in the following manner: At about 6 o'clock on the evening of each day, a quantity of water makes its appearance on the counterpane of a certain bed in his house, saturating the bed. When observed in time it may be scooped up in a basin. While spectators are watching its appearance on one portion of the bed, more of the same sort will appear on another portion—thus shifting about from one place to another. This will be continued for two or three hours when the phenomenon will cease for the night. Occasionally it will appear during the day, but it is mostly confined to the time above mentioned. There is no chance for this water to come through the ceiling and there is no one about the house who would be likely to play such a trick, if trick it is; or who could do so, if they would, without being detected. We relate the facts simply as they come to us from one who has investigated the matter. There are probably twenty persons who would be willnig to testify to the facts substantially as stated above. A little daughter of Mr. O'Hanlon is usually the first to detect the appearance of the water. The phenomenon is similar to that which occurred some time since in Stockton, and which Elder Knapp was wont to dwell upon with peculiar unction as the work of his Satanic Majesty, the Devil. We may add that the family wherein these things occur are respectable and truthful people, whom no one acquainted with them would for a moment accuse of deception in the matter.

New York, April 14.

Gold 132⅝@132⅝.

The undersigned, from and after this date retires from all connection with the Arizonian: Will collect no dues after this date for either Subscription, Advertising or Job Work belonging to the Arizonian or done in this office, heretofore.

H. W SHERRY.

April 15th, 1869

DISSOLUTION NOTICE!

The co-partnership heretofore existing between CHARLES WHITLOW and JOHN CRONK, at Camp Grant, A. T., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future, be conducted by Mr. CRONK, upon whom parties indebted to the late firm will please call, and settle their accounts.

CHARLES WHITLOW.
JOHN CRONK.

Camp Grant., A. T., April 18th, 1869. 3w

NOTICE!

I Have this day appointed E. D. TUTTLE, Agent for GEORGE A. JOHNSON & Co., at FORT YUMA.

ISAAC POLHAMUS, Jr.
General Superintendent.

Fort Yuma, Cal., April 23d, 1869. 4t

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

AT FORT BAYARD, NEW MEXICO.

Having brought from the States last FALL, and put up, three miles South of this Post, a NEW AND LARGE STEAM SAW-MILL, capable of turning out 15,000 feet of Lumber per Day, we are prepared to furnish the Citizens of Arizona with any amount of a superior quality of PINE LUMBER, and at Greatly Reduced Prices—Orders filled on short notice—We have now on hand THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND feet of well seasoned lumber of all dimensions. Having attached a new SHINGLE MACHINE to our Mill we are enabled to furnish Shingles at $8.00 per thousand.

MINICK & BREMEN

m1:6t

A Good Book for Agents!

RESOURCES

OF THE

PACIFIC SLOPE!

A Statistical and Descriptive Summary of the Mines and Minerals, Climate, Topography, Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce of the Pacific States and Territories; including LOWER CALIFORNIA, MEXICO, BRITISH COLUMBIA and ALASKA,

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San Francisco, Cal.

CONTINENTAL

BILLIARD SALOON

BY TODD & DURFEE.

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Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

THE best of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS Imported direct for this House—kept constantly on hand, for sale

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The BILLIARD TABLES are new and of the latest style

The proprietors will take special care to have everything of the best, and insures prompt attention to their customers.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Jan. 24, '69, 24-3m.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 1.....1869.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

CAPTAIN McDougall left Camp Grant on the 21st ult., for California.

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON has closed the "Richardson Hotel" and is about to leave for California. Dr. R's career in Tucson was honest upright and honorable. Really we are sorry to see one of our best Citizens thus about to bid adieu to Arizona.

BY a letter from Camp Grant we learn that the scouting party who left that post several weeks ago has not yet returned. Our informant supposes that the party, after crossing the Gila, proceeded to Camp McDowell, procured a fresh stock of provisions and started forth again.

THE new building of Leopold Carrillo, situated on Main Street, was completed last week; the second story is constructed of brick, and divided into two apartments—one a large and commodious hall, and the other a beautifully furnished saloon where wines, ice-cream etc., are served up.

THE Eastern (buggy) mail, due at 12 o'clock yesterday, has not arrived up to the hour of going to press. We are, therefore, unable to publish the "latest news." Wonder if to-night or tomorrow morning will not bring another tale of a mail being captured, together with an account of the attendant struggle and murder.

PRACTICAL PAINTER:—This newspaper published by Willis McDonell & Co., 37, Park Row, New York City, though small in dimensions, contains a large amount of useful and interesting information. The number received very ably treats on numerous operations such as, "Improving Paint" "Staining Glass" &c.

WE would call the attention of our potical geniuses, of the past weeks, to "Inspiration" on our first page. It is a poem which we, in our own superficial manner, admire, but believe to soar to high for those who have not "felt the flame;" therefore to "you of song" do we dedicate its appearance in the ARIZONAN.

ON Tuesday last, Charles Keating, an employe of Hon. J. B. Allen, was thrown forward from a wagon, and falling among the feet of the animals attached, received some very severe bruises about the head. The animals were running at full speed when the accident occurred, and to those who saw him in the act of falling it must appear surprising that he escaped a violent death.

THE County Recorder has received several copies of a volume containing the Acts Resolutions and Memorials passed by the Fifth Legislature. This work, though purporting to have been done by the "Tucson Publishing Company," was actually done in San Francisco. This is a sample of the manner in which the press of Arizona is patronized—by the Secretary withholding all the "fat takes" which may come within his reach.

THE express rider, on the Apache Pass route (bringing the Eastern mail) was attacked by Indians, on Monday last, near Sulphur Springs; he escaped unhurt but lost his animal together with the entire mail. This is the third time within three months that the Indians have captured mails passing over this route, and yet we do not hear of any measures being taken to protect mails in future; this neglect is as shameful to the parties responsible as it is aggravating to the people.

P. R. Brady, who for some weeks past has been at Florence, returned on Wednesday last, bearing in his countenance indications of sojournment in a climate surpassingly healthy and invigorating. Mr. B. says that the crops on the Gila would have been much better had they been planted about a month earlier. A few fields planted in February promise abundance, while the [illegible] planted [illegible] the middle of March, are comparatively backward. Colonel Norris, from the Surveyor General's office, is at present, making surveys upon the Gila. The prospects on the Salt River are less encouraging than those on the Gila.

THE RIGHT MAN IN THE RIGHT PLACE:—The people of Arizona have good reason to congratulate themselves upon their selection of a fit and proper person to represent their interests in the National Congress. The empty howlings of the few opposers of Mr McCormick—among whom is the *Miner*—so far from injuring the fair fame of our delegate, or rendering him the less popular, are destined to end to a result, the direct opposite, and ultimately, to raise him yet higher in the esteem of the people: Slander generally leads to inquiry, and if the public acts of Hon. R. C. McCormick, in his connections with Arizona, be examined and criticized, such examination and criticism will doubly endear him to all true Arizonans, at the same time that they will expose his slanderers, and justly obtain for them the animadversion of all who take an interest in the progress of our Territory and the welfare of our people. We find the following in a late Washington dispatch:

In the House, yesterday, McCormick, of Arizona, introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to consider the propriety of authorizing the Governor of Arizona to recruit regiments of Volunteers, and, if deemed expedient, to report a bill for the purpose.

The following we find reported in connection:

The appropriation for general expenses of the Indian service in Arizona, is increased to $700,000.

ARMY SUPPLIES

BEEF AND MUTTON

On Hoof or Block

FOR

ARIZONA

IN

1870.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF
COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA

San Francisco, Cal., March 25th, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate, will be received at the office, No. 204 Sutter Street (Francisco), Cal., by the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, M., on THURSDAY, July 1st, 1869 (when they will be opened) for the supply and delivery at the military posts in Arizona Territory, of all the BEEF and MUTTON, live or slaughtered, that may be required for the troops stationed thereat during the year 1870.

The supply will amount to about 3,000 Beeves and 1,000 Wethers.

Copy of the present contract and detailed instructions to bidders can be obtained at said office, at the office of the Actg. Commissary of Subsistence at Wilmington, Cal., and at the office of the A. C. S. at any of the Military posts in Arizona Territory.

Proposals will be received for any part of the supply.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

The right is reserved of rejecting any or all bids.

Advertising expenses ($362) will be borne by the successful bidders, pro rata

J. McL TAYLOR,
Bvt. Col., C. S.

ap18:8w

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona,
County of Pima. }

To the unknown heirs of Thomas F. McLean deceased, their guardians, agents, &c,, and all other persons interested:

You are hereby notified that upon a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, had in the Probate Court of said County and Territory, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1869, a balance of nine hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-eight cents, was found due said estate, and remaining in the hands of Soloman Warner, the administrator thereof.

The undersigned having been appointed by said Probate Court as an agent to take possession and charge of said moneys—and having given bond as required by law, will hold the same for the term of one year subject to the claim and demand of the lawful heirs of said deceased.

At the expiration of one year, said moneys, if uncalled for, will be paid into the Territorial Treasury of said Territory in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Tucson, March 19th 1869.

JOHN B. ALLEN,
Agent and
12-tf Territorial Treasurer.

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON,
Office Richardson's Hotel.
TUCSON, A. T.

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF
Tucson, A. T.
AARON ZECKENDORF, Albuquerque N. M.
LOUIS ZECKENDORF, No 19 Dey St., N. Y.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS
CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS &CAPS
CARPETS,
MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &c.

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of Every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those Who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and at the lowest prices. We would call the attention of merchants from this Territory as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

HIGHEST

MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE.

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage or those who favor us with their confidence.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF.
TUCSON, A. T. April 11 1869 tf.

HINTON, HOOPER, & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California
Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton,
Sweet Water and Camp McDowell,
Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at
ARIZONA CITY
The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Frandisco.
COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.

All our goods are either imported directly of bought of direct importers. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.

"Live and Let Live,"

is our motto. Our terms are CASH. EXCLUSIVELY, and for cash, we are always in readiness to supply dealers, rancheros, & others, with goods, in jobbing lots at

Unprecedentedly Low for cash

HINTON, HOOPER & CO.
Arizona City Dec. 19, 1868-tf.

M. I. JACOBS, 221 Sansome St., San Francisco.
L. M. JACOBS Tucson, A. T

M. I. JACOBS & CO.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDIZE

Main Street, Tucson, A. T

OFFER for sale at a great reduction from ruling prices, an extensive variety of goods, specially selected for, and adapted to this market.

January 2d 1869-tf.

HIRAM S. STEVENS

Camp Crittenden, A. T.

WOULD respectfully give notice to the trading public in and around Camp Crittenden, that I have just received a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES
nd all kinds of necessary articles, for
OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and CITIZENS
Direct from San Francisco.
which I propose to sell to all at the very
LOWEST PRICES
at my store, at Camp Crittenden, Arizona.
Jan1, 1869.

E. N. FISH, Tucson,
S. SILVERBERG San Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.,

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls. and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c., &c., which we are offering at exceedingly low prices.

Jan. 1, '69. 32:tf

F H Goodwin Adam Sander

GOODWIN & SANDERS,

Dealers in General Merchandise

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVE this day on hand and are constantly receiving, a large stock of goods selected EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET,

consisting in part of

Dry Goods and Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Military Furnishing goods of all descriptions, Staple and Fancy Goods, Belts, Pistols, Powder, Percussion caps, &c., &c., which they will sell cheap for cash.

Thankful for past favors they respectfully solicit continuance of public patronage.

Jan. 1, 1869-tf.

THOMAS M. YERKES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT

Tubac, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonable, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.

Jan 1st 1868. tf.

A Terrible Scene—Last Agonies of a Man Dying of Hydrophobia.

The following is an account of death from hydrophobia, which occurred in Patterson New Jersey:

Timothy McCarty, living near the junction in the southern part of the city, was the victim. On New Year's day McCarty was bitten on the finger by a large black dog which he owned. The bite seemed a trifling matter and he paid no attention to it. The dog, however, having made other attempts at biting was killed by some of the neighbors, who were convinced that he was mad, or, at all events, that he was a dangerous animal.

Of late, McCarty began to be considerably disturbed about the bite; he brooded over it, became actually terrified, lost his sleep, and in other ways showed that the circumstance was praying on his mind, the evil influence being, perhaps, increased by the incautious remarks of friends and relatives. About 3 o'clock on Saturday morning he was seized with dreadful paroxysms, so that it required the efforts of a strong man to restrain him from violence. He was generally rational, but ever and anon would break out in incoherent cries and demonstrations of fear.

He could not tolerate the presence of women in his room. Once he was terrified at the presence of an imaginary dog under his bed, but upon being assured that no dog was there became quiet. It needed not his show of aversion to water to tell his friends what was the cause of his frightful sickness—they had been expecting it. At 2 o'clock a physician was sent for. He came, and without saying anything, walked into the room with a little water in a glass.

The man's horror was sickening to behold. In abject fear he drew himself up in a corner of the bed as far as possible from the hated water, and the doctor believed that had he not withdrawn immediately with the water the poor fellow would have jumped out of the window. The doctor was convinced by this that the man's case was hopeless, and so it proved, for in another hour he expired in convulsions. The physician says it was the most horrible affair of the kind he ever witnessed.

The fit of hydrophobia came on in about the usual period—four to six weeks being the average. McCarty keeps a liquor saloon and held a dance the night previous; but the doctor says he was not intemperate, and his death is to be attributed directly to the bite of the dog. The case naturally caused great excitement in the neighborhood.

The Montpellier (Vt) *Journal* says that, not a thousand miles from White River Junction, a serio-comic affair occurred which made the parties to the affair laugh with the other side of their mouths. A correspondent who declares the affair, says: 'They have got up the funniest snarl across the river that you ever heard of. At a party last week at one ——'s, after exhausting the ordinary games and wanting something new, mock marriages were proposed. Accordingly names were drawn by lots and four couples stood up to be married. The ceremony was performed, and they duly pronounced 'man and wife, by the laws of the State and before these witnesses.' Afterwards they ascertained that the man officiating was a justice of the peace, and the parties were legally married. They are in the greatest alarm about it that ever was. One of them, professor ——of —— seminary, expects a lady up from below, in about a fortnight, to marry him, and nearly every one involved is expecting to be married right away; one other gentleman to a lady below, and they feel like death. They have searched all the law books and consulted authorities far and near, and everything only proves the knot still tighter. The justice has been fined fifty dollars for each couple. He says he is from another county and cannot do business here, and supposed the marriages not to be legal. It is certainly a funny scrape, and made still funnier by the fact that all the parties belong to the 'upper ten.' The best opinion is that they are legally married, and can only be divorced by the legislature.

—In the voyage of life we should imitate the ancient mariners, who, with losing sight of the earth, trusted to the heavenly signs for their guidance.

—"Patrick," said a lady to a slip of green Erin who was officiating in the kitichen, "where is Bridget?" "indeed Ma'am, she's fast asleep looking at the bread bakin'"

The S. F. *Times* says a well known lady, leader of the town created a tremendnous *furor* on Montgomery street, yesterday afternoon, by appearing with a well developed and healthy Grecian bend. The hump seemed to rest easy in the place, and to all appearance caused the wearer but little uneasiness. It was the center of attraction, and the denizens of Montgomery street were all on a broad grin from the time it came into sight until it disappeared in the distance. Little boys ran after it as they would after a circus or military band, and gray haired old men raised their eye brows wiped, their specks, and in the intensity of their gaze, walked over small boys and boxes and into apple stands. The Grecian bend was generaly commented upon.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joaquin Tapia, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrators of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from the date of this notice to L. B. WOOSTER, at his store in the town of Tubac, in the county of Pima, or to PHILIP DRACHMAN at his store in the town of Tucson, in said county.

Dated at Tucson, A. T.,
March 22d, 1869.

PHILIP DRACHMAN
L. B. WOOSTER } Administrators.

8w

District Court Notice.

IN the District Court for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona.

Territory of Arizona,
vs
John B. Allen, Territorial Treasurer for the Territory of Arizona, Coles Bashford, and Charles H. Lord Territorial Auditor.

To Coles Bashford one of the defendents above named:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the District Court, for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint of Granville H Oury, Attorney General for said Territory, in an action for injunction, to enjoin the presentation and payment of certain Territorial Bond and Warrants numbering as follows: Territorial Bonds, No7 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 8 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 107 108 10 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150, and Territorial Warrants numbering 42 51 52 55 105 and 106.

You are hereby required to answer the complaint herein filed within four months from the publication hereof, and to serve a copy thereof upon Granvile H. Oury. at his office in Tucson, iin said county and Territory, within the time above specified.

And you are also notified that if you fail to answer the complaint of the plaintiff within the four months aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you by default, and application made to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

{L. S.} Given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, at Tucson, this 14th day of January, A. D., 1869.

OSCAR BUCKALEW, *Clerk.*

3-4mo.

CASH STORE!
GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts
TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry goods, Fancy good, Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hats and Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc., etc. W adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

tf. Jan. 1, 69

SOUTHERN OVERLAND
U. S. MAIL.
And Express Line From Mesilla,
N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Hermosillo and Guaymas, Sonora; making a connected stage line for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and and central Mexico.

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians.

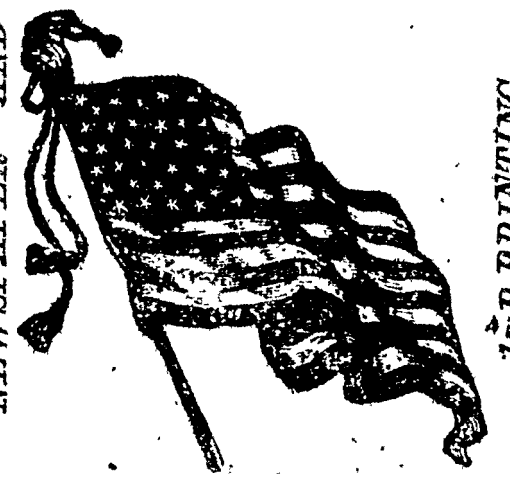
Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 4 o'clock, p. m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agent, Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA.
La Mesilla, N. M

42-3t.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

NEWSPAPER AND  JOB-PRINTING

ESABLISHMENT!

TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published in the Territory of Arizona South of the Rio Gila.

Having lately received a

LARGE SUPPLY
of
NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAPMHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND-BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet o merchants in San Francisco Cal., and New Yoak, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson is in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

It is for the interest of every Business House that wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise in our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address: "Weekly Arizonan," Tucson, A, T

P. E. TULLY. ESTEVAN OCHOA
TULLY & OCHOA.
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c. and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a cal before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!
NEW GOODS!
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

WE would respectfully announce to the people of Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,
East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.
Jan. 1st '69. tf.

NEW GOODS!
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES
AT THE
SUTLER STORE.
CAMP BOWIE, (Apache Pass.)
A Good Supp'y for travelers. tf.

F. M. HODGES,
MAIN STREET
TUCSON, A. T.
KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply of the best brand of Liquors and Cigars.
Jan. 1st. '69 tf

ARIZONA OFFICIAL DIECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers,

Governor—Richard C. McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James P. T. Carter "
Chief Justice—William F. Turner, Prescott,
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" " Harley H. Cartter, La Paz.
Marshal—Edward Phelps, Tucson.
Sup't. Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz,
Surveyor General Sherman Day, San Francisco
District Attorney—————— Tucson.
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott,
Collector—Levi Bashford, "
Dept, Collector Customs—J. F. Stone, Tucson

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H Lord, Tucson,
Treasurer—John B Allen "
Attorney General—James E McCaffrey "
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford "

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.
Probate Judge—John S Thayer
Sheriff—Peter R Brady
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury
Treasurer—Sidney R DeLong
Recorder—Oscar Buckalew
Supervisors—John W Sweeney, E. N. Fish John G. Capron
Public Administrator,—Chas. H Meyers
County seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.
Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks.
Sheriff—A John Moore
District Attorney—John M Rountree.
Treasurer—William Cory
Recorder—John H Behan
Supervisors—John G Campbell, ————
County Seat—Prescott.

YUMA COUNTY.
Probate Judge—Joseph B. Tuttle.
Sheriff—David King.
District Attorney—Marcus D Dobbins.
Treasurer—Robert Coles
Recorder.—Peter Doll.
Supervisors—W Ravena, C. Gross, M, Castinado
Public Administrator—John Duff.
county seat—La Paz.

MOHAVE COUNTY.
Probate Judge—Wm. L Haskell
Sheriff—EH Smith
Treasurer—E M McCarty
Recorder—James P Bull
Supervisors—John Pearson, William Forrest Chas Atchisson.
Dis't. Att'y.—A E Davis.
county Seat—Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.
Probate Judge—Daniel M Thomas.
Sheriff————
Treasurer ————
Recorder————
Supervisors————
county seat—St. Thomas.

Notaries Public.

PIMA Co.—William S Baxter Maricopa Wells Mortimer R. Platt, Tucson; John M. Cass, Apache Pass; J. B. McKinnie, Florence;
YAVAPAI Co.—Henry W Fleury, Prescott; W. R Ferris, Wickenburg; Thos J L Hague Peoria; J M Lonsarder, Camp McDowell.
YUMA Co.—Charles H. Brinley, Arizona City, M. D. Dobbs, La Paz.

Assistant Assessors

PIMA Co.—Mark Aldrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co—Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co—George Lount, Prescott; W. R. Ferris, Wickenburg

Deputy Collectors.

PIMA Co.—P R Brady Tucson.
Yuma Co—Robt. Coles, La Paz.
Mohave Co—Jas P. Bull, Mohave City.

Places and Times of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.
Judge Backus—Oscar Buckalew, Clerk
In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.
Judge Cartter————Clerk.
In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the first Monday in March and first Monday in September
In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing on the 3d Monday in June.
In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing o first Monday in January and first Monday in June

THIRD DISTRICT.
Judge Turner—Edward W Wells, Clerk.
In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing on the first Monday in April and first Monday in October.

SUPREME COURT.
One term in each year at the Capitol, in the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Buckalow, Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINES. Work will be resumed on an extensive scale as soon as proper arrangements can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of General Grant, U. S. A. Commander-in-chief, at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claim against the Company will be settled upon resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY
President.
Mowry Silver Mining Co.
New York, Otot4, '67.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN.

Vol. 2. Tucson, A. T., Saturday, May 8, 1869. No. 19

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

A Weekly Journal, devoted to the interests of Arizona Territory.

Published every Saturday at Tucson, A. T.

P. W. DOONER.....Editor.

Terms of Subscription,

One Copy, one year	$7,00
One copy, six months	$4.00
One copy for three months	2,00
Single numbers, each	25

Subscriptions must be paid invariably in advance

Advertising Rates.

Two dollars per square for the first insertion and one dollar for each subsequent insertion

M. R. Platt. J. McCaffrey

PLATT & McCAFFREY.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW

TUCSON, A. T.

January 2d 1869-tf

CHAS. H. LORD W. W. WILLIAMS

LORD & WILLIAMS.

HAVING just brought on from New York fresh and

CHOICE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,

are offering the same very cheap for cash.

Look at our goods and prices

tf Jan. 1, '69.

G. H. OURY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Office in Court-house Building

TUCSON, A. T.

aug4;67 tf

WHEAT'S SALOON.

Him——what? Well, he took said citiz[en] better half—the companion of all his [hopes, fears festivities and quarrels.

Indian Fight—Thirty Indians killed Eight Prisoners taken—Other Interesting Reports:—The scouting party from Camp Grant mentioned in our last, as having [been out for some weeks, returned to that

GEORGE F. FOSTER.

at the OLD STAND on Main Street,

TUCSON, A. T.

Is ready to supply all customers in his line with as good beef and at as low rates as can be dond elsewhere town.

Jan. 1st 1869.

PIONEER BREWERY.

TUCSON, A. T.

LAGER BEER. ALE and PORTER

Constantly on hand,

A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.

March 14, 1869—11-tf.

CAMP GRANT STORE!

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that they have just opened a new stock of goods consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.

and are prepared to sell on the "live and let live" principle.

Would also announce to those persons desirous to settle upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are proprietors of a large Acequie and will allow water to be taken from it by actual settlers, free of charge

ISRAEL & COX.

Camp Grant, A. T., Oct. 2d 1868. tf

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP,

PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.

Wagons are made and repaired at this establishment and everything in the Blacksmith line done with promptness and dispatch.

SWEENY & ETCHEL, Proprietors

Jan. 1st, '69

F. M. HODGES,

MAIN STREET

TUCSON. A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply of the best brand of Liquors and Cigars.

Jan. 1st. '69 tf

LOVE ON A VELOCIPEDE.

She saw him EN VELOCIPEDE,
A kiting up the road,
And pitty-pat and patty-pat,
Her little heartlet goed.

And so she sobbed to herself,
"Though fast his paces be,
He cannot dust so quick but that
My heart keeps peace with he.

"O, VIVE LA BELLE VELOCIPEDE!
Which digs along the street;
But that which I do chiefly VIVE
Is he who does the feat.

"I cannot help a-loving him,
Nor he help loving me;
Velocipedestrianation is
A thing that has to be."

Was it a Dream?

[Written for the Arizonan, by Quiz.]

The night had been, to me, long and restless; I am sure I can't tell why; I had not gone to bed early; in fact I had, after nine o'clock on the eve of said night, taken a hearty lunch at Levin's—then played a couple of games of billiards—four or five of *Ficquet* for the drinks—had assisted three or four hard working fellows like myself in guzzling from one to three dollars, each, of their hard earned money in that folly peculiar to the bar room—the "treat" system and in return had been kindly helped by them in depositing in the "Bar Keepers Bank" a like amount. And here allow me to make a moralizing digression and ask why we find this system of "standing treat" in our drinking saloon and no where else? if good there why is it not good in other and all branches of business? but do we ever see a gentleman enter one of our dry goods stores, and stepping to the counter, turn to half a dozen or more of his acquaintances who may be present and ask "what will you take?" though for sooth dirty faces, torn shirts, rimless hats and soleless shoes plainly indicate what they *should* take; I confess I have not yet seen an instance of the kind; and I very much fear, should such an one occur, the would be donor would be very likely to receive more kicks than thanks as no doubt every one so questioned would feel himself grossly insulted. But watch the same gentleman, half an hour afterwards, enter a bar room where are seated the same company whom he did *not* ask what they would take in the dry goods line, and how different his conduct. He not only *asks* but should any one through modesty or for other reason refuse he *urges* till the friend consents. And the same men who would have thought it an insult to have been asked what they would take, in one case, would think it equally an insult not to be asked in the other. A little inconsistent it seems to me.

But to return. Where? Oh, I remember—my three or four friends and I had just taken our tenth or twelfth drink. Well, I have a faint recollection of going then to a saloon, or of a saloon coming to me; for the life of me I can't tell which—of eating two or three oyster stews with the usual accompaniments of crackers, pickles and so forth—of a queer crooked road, running strangely on both sides of adobe houses, and in the middle of which I luckily, at last, stumbled upon, or rather into my own door, but not however till I had sadly parted with supper—stews and whisky—excepting such portions of the latter article as had found its way into my head and legs

I repeat, I don't see why I should not have slept soundly; and I hear some of my friends after nearly the same experience almost every day make the same remark. But the fact is contrary in my case, to all rules of what had ought to have been; for I did not sleep well if, indeed, I slept at all, of which I am somewhat doubtful; or rather I should be were it not for a dream.

Now, to dream I hold that one must sleep. but how often do we all have dreams, the incidents of which are so vivid—so naturally and distinctly connected—in a word, so undreamlike, that we are ever after in great doubt whether the vision was really presented to our physical or mental sight. Of such a nature was the dream I am about to relate, if dream it was:

I thought that after tossing for hours on my bed I arose, and taking my hat, the only garment of which I had divested myself, I started forth to cool my burning cheeks and brow in the cool night air.

Note: I attribute the heat in my face to the presence, as the doctors would say, of the prevailing fever of the country, the victims of which, may be known by an intense redness of the face, particularly in the vicinity of the tip of the nose. I notice that almost everybody in town has it.

A blush of daylight was just visible in the east as I reached and turned down a street that seemed the same, and yet not the same, through which I had, a few hours before, wound my tortuous way among staggering houses, in search of my own. Some street commissioner from fairy land seemed to have straightened the crooked highway into its wonted channel and to have returned the reeling houses, now perfectly sober and steady, to their usual sites. With my head cooled by the morning air, and my nerves stilled by the quiet hour, I wandered on, as one will in a dream, from street to street; every now and then stumbling against something soft and yielding. For some time I took no notice of these interruptions, but at length they became so frequent, and there seemed such a similarity in the objects in my way, that I was induced to stop and examine a specimen, when "alas! poor Yorick" I found, to my surprise, that it was the body of a poor dog who had launched his last "bark." "Is it *possible*" thought I "that all the objects I have been so unceremoniously kicking along my path are the defunct bodies of 'man's best friend'" Alas! too true. Death had been busy—very busy, in truth, he must have been, if he did it all alone—but I don't believe he did; I think he got somebody to help him,

"Oh, ye hard hearted men" thought I "who find us our daily meat, can ye have a conscience and still charge such enormous prices for sausage.

"However" I found myself musing as I passed along "perhaps I should not lay the charge at their door, that suggested itself to me, for I find that not only at their doors but for rods from them on either side not a body it to be seen." This was a fact that I found myself wholly unable to account for, and I can't account for it yet; but then you see it is only in dreams that such inconsistencies occur.

Hurrying on, as I thought, to find a spot where dead dogs were less and fresh air more plentiful, I came in sight of the door of a friend

"Well" thought I "——— is quietly sleeping—no night mare dream haunting his slumbers, and"—no, he is not sleeping, for through the partially open door I can see the outline of his face and form and—heavens! I see the corner of a shawl fluttering through the door. "Poor ———" thought I "must be very sick and some kind female friend is watching by his fevered couch. * * * *

A little farther on I hear a sad but not unmusical chant, and approaching an open door, I saw stretched on a low table, or bench, the body of a little Mexican child; which, by its long hair and feminine features was evidently that of a little girl. By its side sat a woman chanting in low and sad tones, a funeral dirge.

At its head and feet were the remains of half a dozen candles, now flaring brightly up and anon dwindling away and going out, just as the life of the young sleeper had done in the early morning.

'Happy infant' I thought 'you have gone stainless and pure from this to a better world. How far better would it have been for scous I daily meet had your fate been theirs'

* * * * * *

Passing on, I came suddenly on a man carrying on his shoulders a large box which, as I passed gave out a strong odor of Sonora cigars. I suppose he was looking for the Custom house.

I thought by this time that Miss Aurora was blushing rosy red—from fear, perhaps that some one might see the sun rise from her bed—so I turned my steps homeward, following in the wake of a generous hearted "Boy in blue," under whose protecting arm was cuddled a forlorn-looking cock, who had, no doubt, been 'left out in the cold" by its late cruel owner. The kind hearted fellow was evidently taking the poor thing home to breakfast, or was it a reversal of the old adage of the early bird and the worm? Quien sabe?

I was now passing the Arizonan office when my curiosity prompted me to look through the window where I saw the "devil" hard at work in his shirt sleeves, and he had evidently been there all night. This, then, might account for all I had seen in my dream walk. The "devil" (there is but one in our little town, is there?) is, perhaps all day long going up and down our streets, inciting the hearts of men and women to evil, but at night he is snugly caged in the Arizonan office, and then, said men and women left to their own noble impulses go forth, on deeds of charity and mercy intent.

As it was now broad daylight and the "devil" was likely to escape from his cage at any moment, I thought I hurried homeward as fast as possible to escape his baneful influence.

I reached my own door just as the sun's first rays arrived there and I threw my clothes on a chair and myself on the bed and fell into a quiet slumber. Can one dream of going to sleep?

I only know that I did so dream, or it was a reality. I awoke when the sun was high up in the heavens, and the first thought that struck me on jumping out of bed was: "was it a dream?"

General Items

Fifteen members of the new Spanish cortes were saloon keepers.

Paris makes 200,000 dozen toy drums every yaar.

Longfellow has been sitting for his portrait to Buchanan Read, in Rome.

Mrs Yelverton read in Vicksburg to a "small and select audience."

Boston has had a meeting to promote emigration to Virginia.

Over 200 treasury clerks were discharged on the 31st of March

Confederate General Ripley has failed in England with debts amounting to $250 000.

Jenny Lind's daughter, aged twelve, promises to have a fine musical career.

Thomas C. Bawer, a nephew of Reverdy Johnson, and also of the governor of Maryland, was killed by a fall in Kansas City recently.

Each steamer of the Prince of Wales fleet on the Nile has in tow a kitchen boat, and that tows a pantry boat.

Hon. Horatio Seymour is still at Keokuk, Iowa, laid up by the injuries he recently received by the railroad accident near Peoria, Illinois.

B. Washburne will leave for Washington on the 16th of April and thence for France on the first of May.

In a quarrel about the possession of a small dog two citizens of Memphis drew knives, and one of them received six wounds without a fatal result.

Fisk has sent for a cargo of cheap British velocipedes with which he intends to monopolize the market.

The Texas Republicans appear inclined to meet the Democrats half way and have a State Convention.

Mehmet Ali, by his wise foresight in planting twenty million trees in the upper province of Egypt and near the delta, has increased the rain fall in these districts ten fold.

Frank Pierce's cabinet was the only one in the history of the United States that remained unbroken from the beginning to the end.

Mr. and Mrs. Raiden, of Albany, Vermont have lost ten children within four years. Seven of the number died of diptheria—six in one week about three years ago.

Chicago, the most enterprising city in the world, has now in contemplation the project of turning the waters of the great lakes into the Mississippi river by means of a mammoth canal.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 8.....1869.

ABRAHAM LYON, of Arizona City, is our only authorized Agent in Arizona.

A REGIMNNT OF VOLUNTEERS.

After repeated interviews with Gen. Sherman, Gen Rawlins, and Gen. Logan (chairman of the committee on Military Affairs, of the House of Representatives) and on an understanding with them, our delegate, on the 7th ult., introduced the following preamble and resolution in the House of Representatives. We quote from the *Globe*:

"Mr. McCormick, of Arizona: I ask unanimous consent to submit the following preamble and resolution for consideration at this time:

Whereas every mail brings well authenticated reports of bold and brutal outrages committed by the hostile Indians of Arizona upon the settlers in and travelers through that Territory, and life and property are in various districts utterly insecure; and whereas the present military force there is wholly inadequate to the proper protection of the people, and in the opinion of the General of the armies of the United States it will be difficult if not impossible to send more regular troops there; therefore

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to consider the propriety of authorizing the Governor of said Territory to recruit a regiment of volunteers from the inhabitants for the purpose of cooperation with the regular forces in movements against such hostile Indians, and if deemed expedient to confer such authority, then to report to this House a bill for that purpose."

As it was likely to provoke discussion no less a personage than Ben. Butler objected to its consideration at the time and it had to lay over; although Butler, in explanation to our delegate, said he was not opposed to the resolution. Upon consultation with Gen. Logan of the Military Committee, our delegate was assured that attention could not possibly be given to the resolution, however important, at this brief session of Congress; and with much other matter, it probably had to go over to the next session, when, we doubt not, it will be revived, backed by a strong speech from the delegate, who, we know, has fortified himself with a mass of facts regarding our condition, sufferings and necessities. Indeed, when he went from here, he thought it improbable that anything could be done at the short session and on introducing the resolution, he acted, we judge, more from a desire to show his constituents his remembrance of their wants, than from any expectation of accomplishing immediate results. From all we can learn, the confusion in Washington upon the change of the administration has been unparalleled, while the throng of office-seekers has been such as to almost overwhelm even members of Congress. Next winter matters will be in much better shape, both in Congress and the departments.

The action of our delegate, however, shows him to be alive and eager to achieve something for the Territory; and he writes, whatever the delay in the volunteer matter, he will use every effort to secure more regular troops.

Holding office in Violation to the Constitution.

In the House of Representatives, March 29, 1869, Mr. William Lawrence, on leave, introduced the following bill:

"A Bill to punish the crime of holding office in violation of the Constitution."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That any person who shall hereafter exercise the duties of, accept, or hold an office to which he is ineligible under the third section of the fourteenth article of the Constitution of the United States, or who shall attempt to hold or exercise the duties of such office, shall be deemed guilty of felony; and upon conviction thereof shall be imprisoned at hard labor not less than three years nor more than ten, or fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2, and be it futher enacted, That the district courts of United States, within their respective districts, shall have exclusive jurisdiction of all offences committed against this act; and the district attorneys, marshals and deputy marshals of the United States shall, and they are hereby specially authorized and required to, institute proceedings against any person who shall violate the provisions of this act.

Election in the Territories.

In the House of Representatives, March 29, 1869, Mr. William Lawrence, on leave, introduced the following bill:

A Bill to Preserve the purity of Elections in the Territories of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That if at any election authorized in any Territory of the United States any person shall knowingly personate and falsely assume to vote in the name of any person, whether such other person shall then be living or dead, or if the name of said other person be the name of a fictitious person, or vote more than once at the same election for any candidate for the same office, or vote at a place where he may not be lawfully entitled to vote, or without having a lawful right to vote, or falsely register as a voter, or do any unlawful act to secure a right or an opportunity for himself or other person to vote, or shall, by force, fraud, threat, menace, intimidation, bribery, reward, offer, or promise of any valuable thing whatever, or by any contract for employment or labor or for any right whatever or otherwise attempt to prevent any voter who may at any time be qualified from freely exercising the right of suffrage, or shall by either of such means induce any voter to refuse or neglect to exercise such right, or compel or induce, by either of such means or otherwise, any officer of an election to receive a vote from a person not legally qualified or entitled to vote, or interfere to hinder or impede in any manner any officer in any election in the discharge of his duties, or by either of such means, or otherwise, induce any officer in any election, or officer whose duty it is to ascertain, announce, or declare the result of any vote, or give or make any certificate, document, or evidence in relation thereto, to violate or refuse to comply with his duty or any law regulating the same, or if any such officer shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty required of him by law, or violate any duty imposed by law, or do any act unauthorized by law relating to or effecting any such vote, election, or the result thereof, or if any person shall aid, counsel, procure, or advise any such voter, person or officer to do any act herein made a crime, or to omit to do any duty the omission of which is hereby made a crime, or attempt so to do, or if any person shall by force, threat, menace, intimidation, or otherwise prevent any citizen or citizens from assembling in public meeting to discuss or hear discussed any subject whatever, or if any person shall by any means break up, disperse, or molest any assemblage or any citizen in or of such assemblage when met or meeting to discuss or hear discussion as aforesaid, or shall by any means prevent any citizen from attending any such assemblage, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a crime, and shall for such crime be liable to indictment in any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction, and on conviction thereof shall be adjudged to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or less than one hundred dollars, and suffer imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years nor less than six months, in the discretion of the court, and pay the costs of prosecution.

In the House March 22, Mr. Paine, on leave, introduced the following bill:

A Bill to regulate the manner of holding Elections for Representatives and Delegates in Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that at every election hereafter held in any State or Territory for representative or delegate in Congress, all votes cast for any person who is ineligible to office under and by reason of the third section of the fourteenth article of the amendments of the Constitution of the United States shall be null and void; and the person having the highest number of votes of those eligible to office at such election shall be the representative or delegate, as the case may be.

Hon. Coles Bashford was on Thursday confirmed by the Senate as Secretary of the Territory of Arizona, but by some mistake his name did not appear in the published list yesterday morning. The President has now made a territorial appointment which is calculated to give more satisfaction to the people directly interested. From a long residence and much experience in the Territory Mr. Bashford fully understands the wants of the people and will serve them in the position, as in others, faithfully and well.—Washington *Republican*.

From the Los Angeles Star of April 24th we take the following item:

"The man named Shafer, whom we stated shot himself at Wilmington last week, died of his wound. He had been a Sergeant of Co. B, 14th infantry; had been drinking for some days, was attacked by delirium tremens, shot himself in the left breast, and died in the hospital on Sunday night. Dr. Edgar attended him, but there was no hope of saving him from the first."

A foolish act of the last legislature of New Mexico, imposing a tax upon all cattle brought into or driven through the Territory, has been repealed by the Fortieth Congress, through the agency of Hon. A. L. Sargent of California, one of the most active and able members of that body.

San Diego has been made a port of delivery and Dr. D. B. Hoffman is the inspector of Customs. We congratulate our enterprising neighbors that the growing importance of their city has been recognized by Congress. Since the establishment of semi-weekly mail service between San Diego and Tucson, we have become more than ever interested in the prosperity of the city of the beautiful harbor.

INDIAN APPROPRIATION:—Congress has made the following appropriation for the present fiscal year: For the general incidental expenses of the Indian service in the Territory of Arizona, presents of goods, agricultural implements and other useful articles, and to assist them to locate in permanent abodes, and sustain themselves by the pursuits of civilized life, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, $70,000.

A strong effort was made to cut the sum down to $50,000, but by active exertions our delegate kept it at this figure although at one time voted down both by the Senate and House. No appropriation was made for carrying on work on the great Colorado reservation.

The ruling sensation in Denver seems to consist in marriages and births: We find the *Herald*, as usual, brandishing its hat in air, and unfeelingly rejoicing over the misfortune of some stripling who has just surrendered himself into the hands of some precious and beautiful little despot—yet such things will be, for such is matrimony.

SEALED PROPOSALS

in Quadruplicates will be received at the office of the undersigned until 12 m. on the fifteenth (15) of June, 1869, for the delivery at Tucson, A. T., of ninety-four (94) pack mules.

The mules to be Mexican mules, good sized, strong bodied, short coupled, short legged, and well broken to the pack, and in good, sound condition.

No sore backed animals will be received, and each will be subject to inspection by the Government Inspector to be appointed by the Commanding Officer of the District of Arizona.

Bidders will state their price per head in Gold Coin, and payment will be made with such funds as the Depot Quartermaster at Tucson may have on hand at the time of delivery.

Each proposal must be signed by two responsible persons, who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

Bidders will state their places of residence and each bidder will file a duly executed Bond with their proposals, in the sum of Fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars, as a guarantee that in case the contract is awarded to the party or parties proposing, such contract will be accepted and entered into.

The mules will be delivered as soon as practicable after the contractor is notified by the undersigned.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids should he deem such action necessary.

Further instructions will be given at the office of the undersigned.

GILBERT C. SMITH.
Capt. and Asst. Q. M., U. S. A.

Collector's Office,

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,

DISTRICT OF ARIZONA.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with provisions of Excise Law, that the Annual Internal Revenue Taxes have become due and payable, and that PHILIP R. HEALY, Esq., Deputy Collector, will be in attendance to receive the same on the First day of June next, at his office in Tucson, for the County of Pima.

If any person shall neglect to pay for more than TEN DAYS from said date, the fees prescribed by law will be added.

LEVI BASHFORD,
Collector.

Patagonia, May 1st 1869. 3t

NOTICE.

I have appointed CHAS. OTT to act as deputy Treasurer of Pima County during my absence.

SIDNEY R. DeLONG.
3t County Treasurer.

E. F. KOUNTREE,

Forwarding and Commission merchant

GUAYMAS,
SONORA,
MEXICO.

Particular attention paid to receiving and forwarding goods with quick dispatch. Respectfully refers to

COL. J. P. T CARTER, E. N. FISH & Co.
GOODWIN & SANDERS, HON. F. B. ALLEN
CHAS. T. HAYDEN, CULLEN & OCHOA,
LORD & WILLIAMS
of Tucson, A. T.

JOHN T. HAVILAND
formerly of
Haynes & Lawton,

JOS. KENT HOOPER
formerly of
Geo. F. Hooper & Co.

The above beg to inform their friends and the public that they have established a

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

BUSINESS

—under the style of—

HAVILAND HOOPER & Co.

—AT—

No 335 PINE St. (just below Montgomery)

San Francisco.

WE WILL at all times keep a full and complete stock, and sell at the **lowest rates**. Every effort will be made to give satisfaction in all respects, to those who may be pleased to favor us with their patronage. Buyers from the country will do well to give us a call and examine our stock.

HAVILAND HOOPER & Co.
ma8

DISSOLUTION NOTICE!

The co-partnership heretofore existing between CHARLES WHITLOW and JOHN CRONK, at Camp Grant, A. T., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future, be conducted by Mr. CRONK upon whom parties indebted to the late firm will please call, and settle their accounts.

CHARLES WHITLOW.
JOHN CRONK.

Camp Grant, A. T., April 19th, 1869. 3m

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

AT FORT BAYARD, NEW MEXICO.

Having brought from the States last FALL, and put up, three miles South of this Post, a NEW AND LARGE STEAM SAW MILL, capable of turning out 6,000 feet of Lumber per Day, we are prepared to furnish the Citizens of Arizona with any amount of a superior quality of PINE LUMBER, and at Greatly Reduced Prices—Orders filled on short notice—We have now on hand, THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND feet of well seasoned lumber of all dimensions. Having attached a first class SHINGLE MACHINE to our Mill we are enabled to furnish Shingles at $3.00 per thousand.

MINICK & BRENNEN
m1:3t

A Good Book for Agents

RESOURCES
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PACIFIC SLOPE

A Statistical and Descriptive Summary of the Mines and Minerals, Climate, Topography, Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce of the Pacific States and Territories; including LOWER CALIFORNIA, MEXICO, BRITISH COLUMBIA and ALASKA,

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THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN.

MAY 8.....1869.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Born.—In Tucson, on the 3d of may, to Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy—a daughter.

We would call the attention of our readers everywhere in the Territory to the the advertisement of B F. Rountree, of Guaymas.

We learn from Dr. Goodwin—recently returned from Guaymas—that Quin, the Mexican who murdered Mr. Williams of Mohawk station, was killed at the Ladura mines, in Sonora.

To the perseverance and energy of two ladies, Tucson is indebted for one of its most costly buildings, now almost completed. This is the school building, designed for the education of young ladies.

In the Senate, on the 6th of April, "an act to establish certain post roads," referred to the committee on Post Offices and Post Roads—mentions the routes, from Tucson to the Sonora line; and from Tucson, via Camp Grant, Florence, Phœnix and Camp McDowell to Wickenburg.—Later: This act passed the Senate.

We have been told that two Indian braves, soldiers at Camp Lowell, got into a difficulty on Thursday last; one of them becoming enraged broke a ponderous glass bottle on the head of the other; The Indian thus assaulted, pulled a knife and stabbed his antagonist, inflicting wounds of which the latter died soon afterwards.

On Wednesday last, the whole city was in broad grin on witnessing the arrival of the Apache prisoners from Camp Grant. Poor Lo! we are sorry to see you thus—a prisoner—we would be much better pleased to know that an ounce of lead had launched you into eternity. "O! the wretch," methinks I hear echoed from Quakerdom; "and yet it moves me" not.

We belive that shoplifters may be found in every town in every country, and would not be surprised to find a few such individuals here, but an instance of wholesale theft like the following, comes before us very seldom indeed: In this case a thief from Sonora entered the dwelling of one of our citizens and took with him——what? Well, he took said citizen's better half—the companion of all his joys, hopes, less, festivities and quarrels.

Indian Fight—Thirty Indians killed and eight Prisoners taken—Other Indian reports:—The scouting party from Camp Grant mentioned in our last, as having been absent for some weeks, returned to that post on Saturday last. This party consisted of Col. Green in command—Col. Dunkleberger, Lieuts. Johnson and Stanton and upward of one hundred enlisted men. The following is, according to the most reliable information we could obtain, an account of its principal adventures:

On the 24th, 25th and 26th ult., they killed an Indian each day. On the evening of the 28th they discovered unmistakable signs of the presence of a large party of Indians and were soon satisfied that they were in the neighborhood of a rancheria. With the darkness, at fall of night, came the tell-tale lights of the Indian fires, showing the location of their camp. The night was spent by the troops in surrounding the rancheria; Col Green having, in person, made a thorough examination of the surroundings, and posted his troops in the most advantageous positions. At daylight the slaughter commenced. The Indians after receiving the first volley, rushed madly down a ravine but were met by a volley from a detachment of troops there posted; The nature of the ground offered yet another passage through which they might escape, but upon attempting to improve this last opportunity they were met by a third storm of bullets which cut off one-half the survivors. Here the remainder scattered and rushed, each by himself, without regard to direction or obstruction. Twenty-seven Indians lay dead upon the field, and from the quantity of blood which marked the ground over which the wounded escaped, it is believed that not fewer than an additional twenty have been left *hors de combat*. Eight prisoners were taken. In the rancheria was found a saddle belonging to Thos. Venable whose teams were captured by Indians some six weeks ago; a coat belonging to James Price, killed at the same time, was also found.

The coolness and deliberation with which the plan of attack was arranged and the system and manner in which the fight was conducted proves the Colonel to be on officer of excellent judgment and a thorough Indian-fighter

On Sunday morning last, Mr. Hutton, guide at Camp Grant, while on his way to Tucson, was attacked by a party of ten Indians, about eight miles from this place. The discharge of two rifles and the whistling of the bullets as they passed his head, first apprised him of the presence of Indians. He immediately pulled his revolver and fired among them when the whole party ran. The party with whom Mr. Hutton had been in company and who were at this time some distance behind, now came up, and the trip proceeded to town without further adventure.

From Maricopa Wells, under date of April 30th, we have received the following:

Mr Editor,—We are expecting stirring news from Camp McDowell Gen. Alexander left there with all the troops he could mount, besides 150 Maricopa Indians and some few Pimas. The General learned from some friendly(?) Apaches who have been stopping at Camp Rino, that one of their bands was preparing for a raid in the neighborhood of Wickenburg; and unless his plans meet with some unforeseen disaster he will punish them severely, while on their way to the scene of their proposed raid.

We hear a rumor of Gen. Alexander being assigned to the command of Fort Yuma, which we hope will not be the case for he can certainly serve the people much better in his present position than in one of inactivity on the Colorado.

Cricket:

By a letter from Arizona City we learn that a man named Geo. Bell, for some time past, a trader among the friendly Indians, near the Colorado river, recently observed, on the part of the Cocopas, a disposition to become troublesome; one Indian named Jose, becoming absolutely disorderly, he ordered to leave the premises, and then fearing the result, shipped what goods he had left to Fort Yuma and started for that point himself, by land. Since that time nothing has been seen or heard of him. The supposition is that the Indians murdered him and then threw his body into the river. Mr Bryant, of Fort Yuma, who furnished the goods, says that Bell must have had about his person $500 in wood receipts besides some silver coin. Since the disappearance of Bell, the Indians have left that section as well as Arizona City which goes to prove they are guilty.

Gaige, the Photographer, will leave Tucson for the summer. Persons wishing pictures will call within three weeks. 2w

HINTON, HOOPER, & CO.
San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California
Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton,
Sweet Water and Camp McDowell,
Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
General Merchandise.
Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at
ARIZONA CITY.
The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Francisco.
COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.
All our goods are either imported directly or bought of direct importers. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is
ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.
"Live and Let Live,"
is our motto. Our terms are
CASH, EXCLUSIVELY, and for cash, we are always in readiness to supply dealers, rancheros & others, with goods, in jobbing lots at
Unprecedentedly Low for cash
HINTON, HOOPER & CO.
Arizona City, Feb. 19, 1869-tf.

THOMAS M. YERKES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT
Tubac, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonable, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.
Jan 1st 1869. tf.

M. I. JACOBS, 221 Sansome St., San Francisco.
L. M. JACOBS, Tucson, A. T.

M. I. JACOBS & CO.
DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDIZE
Main Street, Tucson, A. T

OFFER for sale at a great reduction from ruling prices, an extensive variety of goods, specially selected for, and adapted to this market.
January 2d 1869-tf.

HIRAM S. STEVENS.
Camp Crittenden, A. T.

WOULD respectfully give notice to the trading public in and around Camp Crittenden, that I have just received a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES
and all kinds of necessary articles, for
OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and CITIZENS
Direct from San Francisco
which I propose to sell to all at the very
LOWEST PRICES
at my store, at Camp Crittendon, Arizona.
Jan1, 1869.

E. N. Fish, Tucson. S. Silvenberg San. Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.
West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c, &c, which we are offering at exceedingly low prices.
Jan. 1, '69. 32tf

F H Goodwin Adam Sander
GOODWIN & SANDERS,
Dealers in General Merchandise
TUCSON, A. T.

HAVE this day on hand, and are constantly receiving, a large stock of goods selected EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET, consisting in part of
Dry Goods and Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Military Furnishing goods of all descriptions, Staple and Fancy Goods, Belts, Pistols, Powder, Percussion caps, &c., &c., which they will sell cheap for cash.
Thankful for past favors they respectfully solicit continuance of public patronage.
Jan. 1, 1869-tf.

CONTINENTAL
BILLIARD SALOON.
BY TODD & DURFEE.
The Best South of San Francisco.
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

THE best of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS
Imported direct for this House—kept constantly on hand, for sale
Wholesale and Retail.
The BILLIARD TABLES are new and of the latest style
The proprietors will take special care to have everything of the best, and insures prompt attention to their customers.
A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Jan. 24, '69. 21-3m.

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona,
County of Pima.

To the unknown heirs of Thomas F. McLean deceased, their guardians, agents, &c., and all other persons interested:

You are hereby notified that upon a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, had in the Probate Court of said County and Territory, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1869, a balance of nine hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-eight cents, was found due said estate, and remaining in the hands of Soloman Warner, the administrator thereof.

The undersigned having been appointed by said Probate Court, as an agent to take possession and charge of said moneys—and having given bond as required by law, will hold the same for the term of one year subject to the claim and demand of the lawful heirs of said deceased.

At the expiration of one year, said moneys, if uncalled for, will be paid into the Territorial Treasury of said Territory in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Tucson, March 19th 1869.

JOHN B. ALLEN,
Agent and
13-tf Territorial Treasurer.

Tucson, A. T.
Aaron Zeckendorf, Albuquerque N. M. Louis Zeckendorf, No 18 Dey St. N. Y.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF
WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL DEALERS
IN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS
CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
CARPETS,
MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJO
PINONES &c &c.
NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of Every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly.

Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and at the lowest prices. We would call the attention of merchants from this Territory as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

HIGHEST
MARKET PRICES
PAID FOR
ARIZONA
AND
SONORA
PRODUCE.

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage for those who favor us with their confidence.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF.
Tucson, A. T. April 1st 1869 tf.

Late Eastern news.

New York, April 19—Capt. Giles of the schooner Lizzie Major publishes an account of the seizure of the two passengers by the Spanish authorities. He says the passengers taken had passports in due form, regularly signed by Gen. Dulce, which had been recognized by authorities at Calubran, where the vessel touched. The Capt. formally protested aginst the seizure at the time declaring that the Spanish authorities would be held responsible by the United States government.

Havana, April 12—The crew of the Mary Lowell have been released. They state that the vessel was seized by the Spanish man-of-war within a mile of the shore. The United States steamer Penobscot has arrived here from the south coast of the island. She was relieved by the Nipsic. The authorities here are well awere of the movements of the reported expedition under Gen. Steedman.

New York, April 19—Washington specials say it is confidently declared that Grant has directed a peremptory demand to be made upon the Spanish authorities of Cuba for the immediate release of the brig Mary Lowell, and the surrender of two passengers taken from the Lizzie Major; in case of refusal, the demand will be followed by hostile demonstrations by the navy. Navy yard in Philadelpia has received orders from the immediate fitting out of three monitors.

Havana, April 13—The Havana journals today praise the course pursued in reference to Cuba by the American Government. Advices from Puerto Principe represent provisions as very scarce, and say that meat fowls are selling at fabulous prices. It reported that a Spanish war steamer has captured a schooner laden with arms for the insurgents on the south side of the Island. The Gazeta publishes the details of the oganization of rural police, made by the request and at the expense of the planters. The steamer Morro Castle, from New York, arrived this morning, and the steamer Yazoo, from New Orleans, arrived yesterday. It has rained here all the day.

New York, April 21—Spanish minister some days since promised apology for insults to our flag; yesterday he informed Secretary Fish that he had not yet heard from his government, when the Secretary informed him that war would ensue unless the answer was promptly forthcoming.

New York' April 21—The Herald's London special says it is understood here that the American minister in accordance with instructions from his government to-day made a formal demand on Lord Clarendon, secretary of foreign affairs, asking for an explanation in regard to the case of the American ship Mary Lowell seized by a Spanish war frigate off the Bahama Island while in charge of British revenue officials with the seal of the revenue department attached to her. This fact and the reported increase of the American fleet in the West Indies created much sensation in commercial circle here.

Havana April, 21—Latest news from Trinidad state that the rebels have evacuated that neighborhood. Two thousand Spanish troops have arrived at Nuevepas and will march immediately to attack the rebels in Puerto Principe.

Chicago, April 18—The Tribune's special dispatches say that Reverdy Johnson has asked permission to remain in England until August so as to complete his year of service, but this favor will not be granted him. Motley will go out next month. The probabilities are that we will allow the British Government to make the movement for the settlement of the Alabama claims, thus changing the base of negotiations from London to Washington. The President thus far at extra session has sent in to the Senate about six hundred nominations, about three hundred and seventy five of which have been confirmed; it is believed the Senate will adjourn on Wednesday. Plumb, the new consul general for Cuba, is about to depart, having received instructions to protect carefully the interests of American citizens.

Chicago April, 12—The officers of the U. P. R. R have decided not to have an excursion to the Pacific this summer, owing to not having sufficient rolling stock or eating accommodations for large party.

Corinne, Utah, April 13—Mails from San Francisco are now arriving here in five days via Wells, Fargo & Co's coaches; the track is about five miles west of here to-day

A paper has been recently started in New york called the "*Imperialist*," and devoted to the project of establishing a monarchial form of Goverement in the United States. It announces in its prospectus that it will demand that "on the ruins of this unfortunate Republic shall be reared the form and substantial structure of an Empire."

Among other things the prospectus says;

"The conductors of this journal believe Democracy to be a failure. Though theoretically plausible, in its practical workings it ha been found totally inadequate to the wants of the American people.

"We believe that an Imperial Government in its paternal relations to the people, will care equally for all citizens, and, while guaranteeing security to the right of capital, will jealously protect the interests of the industrial classes.

"We believe that the Republic means lawlessness, corruption, insecurity to person and property, robbery of the public creditors and civil war; that the Empire means law, order, security, public faith and peace."

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joaquin Tapia, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrators of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from the date of this notice to L. B. WOOSTER, at his store in the town of Tubac, in the county of Pima; or to PHILIP DRACHMAN at his store in the town of Tucson, in said county.

Dated at Tucson, A. T., March 22d, 1869.

PHILIP DRACHMAN, L. B. WOOSTER } Administrators.

8w

District Court Notice.

IN the District Court for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona,

Territory of Arizona, vs John B. Allen, Territorial Treasurer for the Territory of Arizona, Coles Bashford, and Charles H. Lord Territorial Auditor.

To Coles Bashford one of the defendents above named:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the District Court, for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint of Granville H Oury, Attorney General for said Territory, in an action for injunction, to enjoin the presentation and payment of certain Territorial Bond and Warrants numbering as follows: Territorial Ronds, No7 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150, and Territorial Warrants numbering 42 51 52 55 105 and 106.

You are hereby required to answer the complaint herein filed within four months from the publication hereof, and to serve a copy thereof upon Granvile H. Oury, at his office in Tucson, in said county and Territory, within the time above specified.

And you are also notified that if you fail to answer the complaint of the plaintiff within the four months aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you by default, and application made to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

L. S. Given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, at Tucson, this 14th day of January, A. D., 1869.

OSCAR BUCKALEW, *Clerk.*

3m4mo.

CASH STORE!

GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry goods, Fancy good, Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hats and Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc., etc. W adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

tf. Jan. 1, 69

SOUTHERN OVERLAND

U. S. MAIL.

And Express Line From Mesilla,

N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Hermosillo and Guaymas, Sonora; making a connected stage line for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and and central Mexico

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians.

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 4 o'clock, p. m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agent, Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA.

42-3t. La Mesilla, N. M

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

NEWSPAPER AND JOB PRINTING

ESABLISHMENT!

TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published in the Territory of Arizona South of the Rio Gila.

Having lately received a

LARGE SUPPLY

of

NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAPMHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND-BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet to merchants in San Francisco Cal., and New York, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson

s in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

It is for the interest of every Business House hat wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise n our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address: "Weekly Arizonan," Tucson, A, T

P. B. TULLY. ESTEVAN OCHOA

TULLY & OCHOA.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS; GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c. and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!

NEW GOODS

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

WE would respectfully announce to the people o Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR. which we offer for sale at the owest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,

East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.

Jan. 1st '69. tf.

NEW GOODS!

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

AT THE

SUTLER STORE,

CAMP BOWIE, (Apache Pass,)

A Good Supply for travelers. tf

ARIZONA OFFICIAL DIECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers.

Governor—Richard C. McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James P. T. Carter " "
Chief Justice—William F. Turner, Prescott,
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" " Harley H. Carter, La Paz.
Marshal—Edward Phelps, Tucson.
Sup't. Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz,
Surveyor General Sherman Day, San Francisco
District Attorney———— Tucson.
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott,
Collector—Levi Bashford, "
Dept. Collector Customs—J. F. Stone, Tucson

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H Lord, Tucson,
Treasurer—John B Allen "
Attorney General—James E McCaffrey "
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford "

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—John S Thayer
Sheriff—Peter R Brady
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury
Treasurer—Sidney R DeLong
Recorder—Oscar Buckalew
Supervisors—John W Sweeney, E. N. Fish John G. Capron
Public Administrator,—Chas. H Meyers
county seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks.
Sheriff—A John Moore
District Attorney—John M Rountree.
Treasurer—William Cory
Recorder—John H Behan
Supervisors—John G Campbell, ————
county Seat—Prescott.

YUMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Joseph B. Tuttle.
Sheriff—David King.
District Attorney—Marcus D. Dobbins.
Treasurer—Robert Coles
Recorder.—Peter Doll.
Supervisors—W. Ravena, C. Gross, M. Castinado
Public Administrator—John Duff.
county seat—La Paz

MOHAVE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Wm. L Haskell
Sheriff—Eli Smith
Treasurer—E M McCarty
Recorder—James P Bull
Supervisors—John Pearson, William Forrest Chas Atchisson.
Dis't. Att'y.—A E Davis.
county Seat—Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Daniel M Thomas.
Sheriff————
Treasurer ————
Recorder————
Supervisors————
county seat—St. Thomas.

Notaries Public.

PIMA Co.—William S Baxter Maricopa Wells Mortimer R. Platt, Tucson; John M. Cass, pache Puss; J. B. McKinnie, Florence;

YAVAPAI Co.—Henry W Fleury, Prescott; W. R Ferris, Wickenburg; Thos J L Hague Peonia, J M Lenzarder, Camp McDowell.

YUMA Co.—Charles H. Brinley, Arizona City, M. D. Dobbs, La Paz.

Assistant Assessors

PIMA Co.—Mark Aldrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co—Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co—George Lount, Prescott; W. R. Ferris, Wickenburg

Deputy Collectors.

PIMA Co.—P R Brady Tucson.
Yuma Co—Robt. Coles, La Paz.
Mohave Co—Jas P. Bull, Mohave City.

Places and Times of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Judge Backus—Oscar Buckalew, Clerk
In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Judge Carter———— Clerk.
In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the firs Monday in March and first Monday in September
In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing on the 3d Monday in June.
In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing o first Monday in January and first Monday in June

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Turner—Edward W Wells, Clerk.
In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing on the first Monday in April and first Monday in October.

SUPREME COURT.

One term in each year at the Capital, commencing in the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Buckalow, Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINES. Work will be resumed on an extensive scale assoon as proper arrangements can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of General Grant, U. S, A. Commander-in-chief, at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claims against the Company will be settled upon resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY.
President
Mowry Silver Mining Co.

New York, Otot4, '67.

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON.

Office Richardson's Hotel.

TUCSON, A. T.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN.

Vol. 2. Tucson, A. T., Saturday, May 15, 1869. No. 20

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

A Weekly Journal, devoted to the interests of Arizona Territory.

Published every Saturday at Tucson, A. T.

P. W. DOONER.....Editor.

Terms of Subscription,

One Copy, one year.....$7,00
One copy, six months.....$4,00
One copy for three months.....2,00
Single numbers, each.....25
Subscriptions must be paid invariably in advance.

Advertising Rates.

Two dollars per square for the first insertion and one dollar for each subsequent insertion

M. R. PLATT. J. McCAFFREY.

PLATT & McCAFFREY.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
TUCSON, A. T.
January 2d 1869-tf

CHAS. S. LORD W. W. WILLIAMS

LORD & WILLIAMS.

HAVING just brought on from New York fresh and
CHOICE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,
are offering the same very cheap for cash.
Look at our goods and prices
tf Jan. 1, '69.

G. H. OURY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Office in Court-house Building
TUCSON, A

aug1;67

WHEAT'S SALOON.

The undersigned having leased the above Saloon, is prepared to furnish his friends and the public with a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

AUGUSTUS BRICHTA.

Jan 30, 1869.

PIONEER BUTCHER SHOP.

GEORGE F. FOSTER.
at the OLD STAND on Main Street,
TUCSON, A. T.

IS ready to supply all customers in his line with as good beef and at as low rates as can be done elsewhere town.

Jan. 1st 1869.

PIONEER BREWERY,

TUCSON, A. T.
LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER
Constantly on hand.
A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.

March 14, 1869—11-tf.

CAMP GRANT STORE!

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that they have just opened a new stock of goods consisting of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.
and are prepared to sell on the "live and let live" principle.

Would also announce to those persons desiring to settle upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are proprietors of a large Asequie and will allow water free of charge.

ISRAEL & COX.

Camp Grant, A. T., Oct 2d 1868. tf

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP,

PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.

Wagons are made and repaired at this establishment and everything in the Blacksmith line done with promptness and dispatch.

SWEENY & ETCHEL, Proprietors.

Jan. 1st, '69

F. M. HODGES,
MAIN STREET
TUCSON, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply of the best brand of Liquors and Cigars.

Jan. 1st. '69] tf

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joaquin Tapia, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrators of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from the date of this notice to L. B. WOOSTER, at his store in the town of Tubac, in the county of Pima, or to PHILIP DRACHMAN, at his store in the town of Tucson, in said county.

Dated at Tucson, A. T., March 22d, 1869.

PHILIP DRACHMAN, } Administrators.
L. B. WOOSTER, }

District Court Notice.

IN the District Court for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona.

Territory of Arizona, } ss.
John B. Allen, Territorial Treasurer for the Territory of Arizona; Coles Bashford, and Charles H. Lord Territorial Auditor.

To Coles Bashford, one of the defendents above named:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the District Court, for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint of Granville H. Oury, Attorney General for said Territory, in an action for injunction, to enjoin the presentation and payment of certain Territorial Bond and Warrants numbering as follows: Territorial Bonds, No 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 8 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 107 108 10 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150, and Territorial Warrants numbering 42 51 52 55 105 and 106.

You are hereby required to answer the complaint herein filed within four months from the publication hereof, and to serve a copy thereof upon Granville H. Oury, at his office in Tucson, in said county and Territory, within the time above specified.

And you are also notified that if you fail to answer the complaint of the plaintiff within the four months aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you by default, and application made to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

L. S. Given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, at Tucson, this 14th day of January, A. D., 1869.

OSCAR BUCKALEW, *Clerk.*

3-4mo.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS

OF THE

UNITED STATES

PASSED AT THE

FIRST SESSION OF THE FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

AN ACT to strengthen the public credit.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to remove any doubt as to the purpose of the government to discharge all just obligations to the public creditors, and to settle conflicting questions and interpretations of the laws by virtue of which such obligations have been contracted, it is hereby provided and declared that the faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to the payment in coin or its equivalent of all the obligations of the United States not bearing interest, known as United States notes, and of all the interest-bearing obligations of the United States, except in cases where the law authorizing the issue of any such obligation has expressly provided that the same may be paid in lawful money or other currency than gold and silver. But none of said interest-bearing obligations not already due shall be redeemed or paid before maturity unless at such time United States notes shall be convertible into coin at the option of the holder, or unless at such time bonds of the United States bearing a lower rate of interest than the bonds to be redeemed can be sold at par in coin. And the United States also solemnly pledges its faith to make provision at the earliest practicable period for the redemption of the United States notes in coin.

J. G. BLAINE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

Approved, March 18, 1869.
U. S. GRANT.

AN ACT supplementary to an act entitled "An act to authorize the extension, construction and use of a lateral branch of the Baltimore and Potomac railroad into and within the District of Columbia," approved February 9 1867.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company, which, by the act of Congress entitled "An act to authorize the extension, construction, and use of a lateral branch of the Baltimore and Potomac railroad into and within the District of Columbia," was authorized to extend into and construct within the District of Columbia the lateral branch of its road in said act of Congress mentioned, may enter the city of Washington with their said railroad and construct the same within the limits of said city on and by whichever one of the two routes herein designated the said company may elect and determine upon, that is to say

First. Beginning at the intersection of Boundary street and North Carolina avenue; thence southwestwardly along said North Carolina avenue to South D street; thence along South D street westwardly to Virginia avenue; thence along Virginia avenue northwestwardly to the intersection of South C Street and West Ninth street; or,

Second. Beginning at some point on the northern shore of the eastern branch of the Potomac river between South L and South M streets; thence westwardly between said streets to the intersection of Virginia avenue with South L and East Twelfth streets; thence along said Virginia avenue northwestwardly to South K Street; thence along said South K street westwardly to South Fourth street; thence by a line curving to the right, to the north bank of the canal; and thence along the said bank of the canal northwestwardly to Virginia avenue; thence along Virginia avenue northwestwardly to the intersection of South C and West Ninth Streets.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases where the parties owning land or other property required by the said Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company cannot agree with said company on the amount of damage claimed, either for said land or materials in the construction of its aforesaid road, and a condemnation and valuation shall have been made as provided in the act approved February five, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, and to which this act is amendatory, either party may appeal to the supreme court of the District of Columbia within thirty days from the rendition of the verdict of the jury and in all cases where the said company shall take an appeal they shall give bond to the party or parties claiming and entitled to damages in a penalty at least double the sum found by the jury, with a condition that the said company shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages and costs as the party may be entitled to receive on the [illegible] of the said supreme court, without delay, and on which bond ample and sufficient sureties shall be given, to be approved by the supreme court; and in all cases where the party or parties claimant shall appeal, the said company, if it shall require the immediate use of the property condemned and valued as aforesaid, before an appeal can be heard and decided, it shall be lawful for the said company to execute and tender a bond to the party aforesaid in at least double the sum found by the jury, with sureties to be approved by the supreme court, and with a condition to pay without delay such sum and costs as may be awarded by the said court without further delay; and upon the delivery or tender of such bond the said company may proceed to the construction of their said roads as if the parties claimant and the said company had agreed upon the compensation to be paid for the property to be used; and that in all cases where the said company shall appeal and give bond as aforesaid they may have the power to proceed in the construction of the road and appropriation of the property for the uses thereof, as if no appeal had been taken and the parties had agreed upon compensation for the property required; in all cases where the company and parties agree upon the price to be paid for land and materials, the same shall be paid before the property shall be taken and used.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the said Baltimore and Potomac railroad company and any other party or parties interested, and who may consider themselves agrieved by the verdict of the jury, shall have the right to appeal to the supreme court of the District of Columbia, which shall have jurisdiction of all such cases, and shall hear and determine the same, after notice to all parties, without the intervention of a jury, and the judgement of the said court shall be final.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved, March 18, 1869.

A RESOLUTION authorizing the removal of the public stables, steam saw-mill, and other building from the Capitol grounds.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the officer in charge of the Capitol extension be, and he is hereby, authorized to clear from the Capitol grounds the public stables, steam saw-mill, and such other buildings as are of no further use to the work on the Capitol extension.

Approved, March 23, 1869.

JOINT RESOLUTION to supply an omission in the enrolment of the "act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United State of America in Congress assembled, That the following item, omitted in the enrolment of the act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, be, and the same is hereby, made to all intents and purposes a part of said act, viz:

"For this amount to pay B. A. Shepherd the sum due him on a lost check drawn by Robert S. Neighbours, United States special Indian agent, on the second of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, on the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York city, for supplies furnished the Indian department, twelve hundred dollars."

Approved, March 24, 1869.

A RESOLUTION relative to consular fees.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section three of chapter two hundred and thirty-three of the public acts of the thirty-ninth Congress, approved July twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, be, and is hereby, declared to take effect from and after January first, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven. And all fees which have been paid into the treasury in obedience to the provision of said section, and which accrued prior to said first day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall be refunded out of consular receipts.

Approved, March 26, 1869.

A RESOLUTION in relation to a light-house on the coast of Oregon.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the erection of the light-house at Aquinna bay, and of other light-houses on the coast of Oregon, for which appropriations have been or may be made, shall not be delayed for want of the consent of the Legislature of the State to the purchase of the site or sites for such light-houses.

Approved, March 26, 1869.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 15.....1869.

ABRAHAM LYON, of Arizona City, is our only authorized Agent in Arizona.

OF THE APACHE.

The Indian troubles in Arizona are of late assuming an aspect very different from that presented during the years 1866 and 1867. In 1866 Indian raids were few but generally successful, while raids upon the Indian had hardly yet begun. In those days the "noble red" doubtless looked upon us as a people striding to extermination, and quite satisfied with appropriating whatever property we possessed, did not consider it sound policy to destroy a people who so largely ministered to his support. This must indeed have been, in substance, the opinion formed of us, as instances are known where the Apache, after having captured teams, "had yet the power but not the will to hurt," and permitted those of the party who survived the combat just decided in his favor, to depart unmolested; an instance of this kind occurred at the time of the Maj. Miller massacre in the spring of 1866: the Indians, in this instance, once in possession of the wagon, seemed as though they wished for nothing more, and permitted the survivors to escape. One of the party stated afterwards, that three Indians, in succession, and within a distance from him of less than ten feet, aimed each an arrow at his breast, and springing the bow with his right hand caught the escaping arrow in his left.

In 1868 the apache seems to have learned beyond a doubt that his theory of extermination was at fault. He saw his camping ground of the previous year wrested from him and either under cultivation or otherwise so altered in appearance as to convey to his misty intellect the startling fact that he was no longer "monarch of all he surveyed. Hence in savage hate commenced he his career of murder, and in return, raids upon the Indian now fairly commenced, for up to 1868 but little had been done toward chastising him; and even up to the latter part of '68 his shrewd, duplicate schemes blinded the eyes of many who believed that it required something keener than savage intellect to practise duplicity to perfection. However, 1869 has brought with it a mutual understanding: the Indian is now satisfied that we are not a mere few who are destined eventually to perish at his hands, and we are satisfied that the Apache is guided by reason which, however crude, is yet reason as distinguished from instinct; that he possesses many of the mental rascalities cultivated by caucasians without possessing a single virtue which caucasians cultivate, and that war and only energetic war can lead to permanent peace. The results which have arison from this understanding are now evident to all. A deadly hostility without disguise or restraint is being carried on and is as well understood to be such as if formally declared. This, however unpleasant, must continue for a little time; it is a necessary evil, an evil which is being sent before to open the pathway through which must pass the whole future prosperity of our people and progress of our Territory.

The period of time which must yet elapse before the subjugation of the Indian is brought about must necessarily leave records of many other scenes similar to those which mark the victories achieved by troops under Cols. Green and Barnard within the past few months. nothing short of such wholesale slaughter can ever bring to terms this worst of all Indian tribes. Nor can we determine with any degree of accuracy the length of time which may be required to produce this result as the real strength of this tribe is to us as great a mystery as the amount of treasure yet undiscovered in the country over which it roams.

INCREASED SPEED.—Our Eastern exchanges, which until recently reached us when two and three months old, now come to hand when not yet a month old. On the 10th inst were received, via San Francisco, copies of the N. Y. *Herald* of the 12th 13th and 14th ult. The snows of the Rocky mountains have doubtless yielded to the breath of Spring, leaving the iron horse to glide over an unobstructed path.

Gov McCormick resigned, February 27th, and received a letter from Mr Seward acknowledging the acceptance of his resignation; but President Johnson made no appointment. The action of the governor was such as to have given the President a chance to promote Col. Carter if he desired to.

We hear that the new Postmaster General, possessed of the retrenchment mania, will probably reduce the mail service here. We hope not.

Correspondence.

MARICOPA WELLS, A. T. May 11th 1869.

MR. EDITOR. The scout mentioned in my last, as having left Camp McDowell, returned without accomplishing the desired object, of punishing the Apaches. These scouts however are never entirely fruitless, for besides demonstrating the fact that the troops are acting on the offensive, they become accustomed to the rough trails, obtain a better knowledge of the country; and direct the attention of the redskins from other points, entirely defenseless.

The Maricopa and Pima Indians, who accompanied the troops were inclined to make us beleive, that the soldiers by lighting large fires at night, gave the Apaches warning of their whereabouts, but from better sources we learn that they (the Indians) were guilty of the act, notwithstanding strict orders had been issued in regard to building fires for cooking.

Sooner or later the military authorities will discover, that it is poor policy to have these Indians with them while hunting Apaches.

Our citizens generally, will learn with great satisfaction, that the advance of the troops ordered to our Territory has arrived. Captain Kelly and Lieutenant McClave with seventy six men, well mounted, besides fifty eight extra horses, the finest I believe that have ever entered the Territory, left for Camp McDowell this morning. From Lt. McClave I learn that considerable apprehension is felt by the Station Keepers along the Gila, on account of the presence of the Apaches, who within the past week have run off all the stock from Burke's Station, this being the second haul they have made recently from the same place.

Captain Vanderslice and Lt. Hasson, with about forty men of the 14th U. S. I. have arrived from Camp McDowell enroute to the east, in accordance with the order transferring the troops from this coast.

Mr. Francis Hinton, the well known member of the firm of Hinton Hooper & Co. has returned, and proposes to make his home in San Diego county, where he has a fine ranch.

Mr. Barney the popular member of the same firm has returned after a four months absence in San Francisco; looking fresh and vigorous, from the respite obtained.

It is reported, that a soldier at Camp McDowell has commenced siut against Jno. G. Capron for damages which his wife sustained while travelling on the buck board. The defendant would seem to have the best of the situation, as it is said, they can prove, that the woman was cautioned regarding the danger, but still persisted in taking passage.

CRICKET.

Correspondence.

"24 HOURS IN CAMP."

CAMP GRANT, A. T., May 13th, 1869.

"Twelve o'clock and all is well!" But it isn't! Let us see for a moment! Though the writer of this possesses no access to the records, yet he can with some accuracy state how things stand. There are three companies here: one of cavalry numbering about 30 men and two of infantry, amounting in the aggregate to 140 men. From these, fifty must be deducted for the sick, the necessary guard and "extra and daily duty men." Twenty more will be accounted for as safeguards to the different ranches Thus we have 100 men fit for duty against the common enemy What are *they* doing? Where are they?

Twelve cavalry men have gone with the Inspector General as escort to Fort McDowell, 15 cavalry men have gone with Lieut. S. to find water near the Picacho for the purpose of establishing a picket post there; six more men have gone on the road to Tucson to bring in Ochoa's train which is reportrd at Cañon de Oro in fear of Apaches. Col I., with 18 men, is lying in ambush to surprise some of the hungry redskins in search of Venable's mules. Daylight breaks; the six men return from the Cañon de Oro and report Ochoa's train burning. Lieut. C., with 16 men, starts immediately for the scene of the disaster. Several Indians make their appearance within 600 yards of the post, on a high hill; Lieut. J., with 26 men starts after them in the most approved style of Upton's skirmish exercises. The day passes on—fresh reports of newly discovered tracks around the post are constantly brought in; they (the Apaches) have been at the storehoure, they have been on the river, on the hills, in rear, in front, on both flanks and last, but not least close up to V's mules.

"Twelve o'clock and all is well." Lieut C returns with his command and brings the sad tale of three dead Mexicans and great disaster in private property. Some 25 miles to the S. E. the Indian fires are seen, lighting the path of "Lo," who is taking his captors to his mountain homes.

Have we been idle? Are we idle? Look at the above figures and then pass your judgement! Oh, for 2 full cavalry companies! Oh only for 1 full cavalry company!

ONE ON GARD!

Gov. McCormick was heartily received by the Washington as well as by the New York Press. The *Star* spoke in this wise:

"A morning contemporary, in its list of the Forty-first Congress, sets down John N. Goodwin as Delegate from Arizona. This is an error, as that Territory will be represented in the next Congress by Hon. Richard C. McCormick, the late Governor. Mr. McCormick, a young man of fine abilities, was appointed Secretary of the Territory of Arizona by President Lincoln, Hon. N. Goodwin being Governor. Subsequently, Governor Goodwin was elected Delegate to Congress, and Mr. McCormick became Governor. From then until now he has discharged the duties of his office with great acceptance to the people, having been repeatedly honored with votes of confidence and esteem by the Territorial Legislatures, and he has now been chosen to represent that Territory in Congress. Knowing something of his capacity and energy, and the wide influence he already wields, we we shall be greatly surprised if he does not fill a large sphere of usefulness in the future."

The *Republican*, had the following:

"The Hon. Richard C. McCormick, delegate elect from Arizona Territory, to-day resigned its Governorship, which he has held for the past three years. For the previous three years, he was Territorial Secretary of Arizona in which position he so discharged his duties as fairly to earn the promotion bestowed upon him. He was appointed Territorial Secretary of Arizona by President Lincoln from "newspaper row," in this city of which he had been, for some years, "one of the boys"—a noble young fellow, chock full of talent, judgement, energy and personal character. His career as a public man justifies the respect and regard in which he was long held by his fellow-members of the press-gang in Washington."

THERE were twenty candidates for Governor of Arizona.

COL. STONE was at last accounts in Washington. Judge Turner ditto.

The long and provoking delays upon the Northern Pacific R. R. have been much commented upon by eastern journals and have caused a reaction in favor of a Southern road. We may hope that Congress will aid such a road at an early day. The people will demand it.

From a New York dispatch under date of May 1st, we learn that, dispatches from Mexico contain proposals to cede to the United States, the state of Sonora and Lower California, for a certain sum of money not known outside of Official circles, but believed to exceed three millions of dollars.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that from and after the FIRST DAY of MAY, 1869, I have ceased to be a member of the Firm of HINTON HOOPER & Co.

F. HINTON.

Arizona City, A. T., May 1, 1869. 3m;fm15

NOTICE!

Mr. FRANCIS HINTON having retired from the Firm of HINTON, HOOPER & Co., the business will be continued by the undersigned under the firm name of HOOPER WHITING & Co. All outstanding accounts and all claims against the old firm will be settled by the undersigned.

WM. B. HOOPER
A. H. WHITING
JAS. M. BARNEY
JNO. S. CARR

Arizona City A. T., May 1, 1869.

3m;fm15

BRICK AND LIME!

The undersigned offer for sale at the Corrall formerly occupied by "Brigham" any quantity of Brick & Lime. We have now on hand about 50,000 bricks which we offer at $15 per thousand and lime may be purchased from us at $1 per bushel.

FREDERICK MARSH & Co.

tf

SEALED PROPOSALS

in Quadruplicates will be received at the office of the undersigned until 12 m. on the fifteenth 5) of June, 1869, for the delivery at Tucson, A. T., of ninety-four (94) pack mules.

The mules to be Mexican mules, good sized, strong bodied, short coupled, short legged, and well broken to the pack, and in good, sound condition.

No sore backed animals will be received, and each will be subject to inspection by the Government Inspector to be appointed by the Commanding Officer of the District of Arizona.

Bidders will state their price per head in Gold Coin, and payment will be made with such funds as the Depot Quartermaster at Tucson may have on hand at the time of delivery.

sponsible persons, who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

Bidders will state their places of residence and each bidder will file a duly executed Bond with their proposals, in the sum of Fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars, as a guarantee that in case the contract is awarded to the party or parties proposing, such contract will be accepted and entered into.

The mules will be delivered as soon as practicable after the contractor is notified by the undersigned.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids should he deem such action necessary.

Further instructions will be given at the office of the undersigned.

GILBERT C. SMITH.

Capt. and Ass. Q. M., U. S. A.

HOOPER, WHITING, & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California
Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton,
Sweet Water and Camp McDowell,
Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at

ARIZONA CITY

The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Francisco.

COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.

All our goods are either imported directly of bought of direct importers. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is

ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.

"Live and Let Live,"

is our motto. Our terms are

CASH, EXCLUSIVELY, and for cash, we are always in readiness to supply dealers, rancheros, & others, with goods, in jobbing lots

Unprecedentedly Low for cash

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City May 1, 1869. tf.

NOTICE.

I have appointed H. OTT to act as deputy Treasurer of Pima County during my absence.

SIDNEY R. DeLONG.

3t County Treasurer.

B. F. ROUNTREE,

Forwarding and Commission merchant

GUAYMAS,
SONORA,
MEXICO.

Particular attention paid to receiving and forwarding goods with quick dispatch. Respectfully refers to

COL. J. P. T CARTER, E. N. FISH & Co.
GOODWIN & SANDERS, HON. J. B. ALLEN
CHAS. T. HAYDEN. TULLY & OCHOA.
LORD & WILLIAMS

of Tucson, A. T.

THOMAS M. YERKES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT
Tucson, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonable, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.

Jan 1st 1868. tf.

JOHN T. HAVILAND, formerly of Haynes & Lawton.

JOS. KENT HOOPER, formerly of Geo. F. Hooper & Co.

The above beg to inform their friends and the public that they have established a

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

BUSINESS

—under the style of—

HAVILAND HOOPER & Co.

—AT—

No 335 PINE ST. (just below Montgomery)

San Francisco.

WE WILL at all times keep a full and complete stock, and sell at the **lowest rates.** Every effort will be made to give satisfaction, in all respects, to those who may be pleased to favor us with their patronage. Buyers from the country will do well to give us a call and examine our stock.

HAVILAND HOOPER & Co.

ma8

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

AT FORT BAYARD, NEW MEXICO.

Having brought from the States last FALL, and put up, three miles South of this Post, a NEW AND LARGE STEAM SAW-MILL, capable of turning out 15,000 feet of Lumber per Day, we are prepared to furnish the Citizens of Arizona with any amount of a superior quality of PINE LUMBER, and at Greatly Reduced Prices—Orders filled on short notice—We have now on hand THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND feet of well seasoned lumber of all dimensions. Having attached a new SHINGLE MACHINE to our Mill we are enabled to furnish Shingles at $8.00 per thousand.

MINICK & BREMEN

ma8:3t

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 15.....1869.

LOCAL MATTERS.

"A FELLOW-FEELING MAKES US WONDROUS KIND:"—Mr Page, well knowing that even a trifling acknowledgement may cheer a bachelor life placed in our sanctum a few excellent turnips.

THE Papago celebration on Monday last was a display of some fifty naked savages daubed with paint, and howling like demons while they danced around an Apache scalp suspended from a staff.

ON THURSDAY last a party of Indians numbering about 150 made a descent upon a herd of 200 cattle belonging to A. Lazard (better known as "Frenchy") drove off the herders and captured the entire herd. Unfortunately there remained at Camp Lowell only sufficient troops to garrison the Post so that immediate pursuit could not be made. But little hope is entertained of recovering any of the stock.

THE Richardson Hotel will be reopened, Monday the 17th inst., in the house of W. S. Oury. The table will be supplied with the best in the market; Lodgers will find comfortable rooms and no pains will be spared to make this house merit a share of public favor.

GENERAL DEVIN.—It has not occurred since our engagement in conducting a public journal in this city that we have been called upon to notice the departure of any gentleman whose withdrawal from our midst has caused such an universal expression of regret in our community as the departure of the subject of this notice, who left for Camp McDowell on the 10th inst. It is now about nine months since General Devin arrived here from Prescott and relieved General Crittenden in the command of this sub-District; during that time all of that undaunted energy and skill for which he became so noted during the rebellion has been exercised to its utmost to put down our terrible enemy 'the Apaches." Notwithstanding the number of men furnished him has been so very limited success has attended many of his efforts. Strange as it may sound abroad, about the only successful demonstrations made against the Apaches in southern Arizona since the advent of the California Volunteers, has been attained under the management of General Devin during his command of this sub-District.

As a Gentleman and soldier we have not met the superior of General Devin in all our experience in and out of the army. With his characteristic unpretending way of governing all his movements; he left us without any display, and so quetly that but very few of our citizens knew anything about it, otherwise he would have received that parting compliment he is so justly entitled to. We hear the expressions of regret universal in consequence of his being called from us to another field of labor. We trust that every success will attend him wherever he may go.

INDIAN OUTRAGE.—The most daring as well as disasterous in result, among the many raids made by Indians in this section of Arizona, was that enacted on Tuesday last: The train of Messrs Tully & Ochoa, consisting of nine wagons and some eighty mules, left here on Monday last laden with government freight for Camp Grant. On Tuesday morning they discovered a large party of Indians at a short distance, and evidently preparing to make an attack. The wagon master, who bears a very high reputation as a skilful Indian-fighter, immediately ordered his wagons hauled around so as to form a circle and then turning the mules within this inclosure, entered with the entire party, some fourteen men, and awaited the approach of the Indians. These cunning individuals well aware that they could obtain their prey only after an obstinate resistance which must be fatal to many of them, sent forward one of their party who, addressing the wagon master by name, (Santa Cruz) told him in Spanish that the Indians did not wish to injure him or his party; that they were strong enough to take the train by force, and advised him to leave everything and they would permit the whole party to go unharmed. The wagon master briefly responded, that they could have the train when he could no longer hold it. No sooner had the Indian translated to his fellow-warriors the wagon master's reply than the fight commenced. The little party was surrounded by about 200 Indians who kept pouring in volleies of arrows and bullets besids making desparate charges at intervals, until late in the afternoon, but were met at each charge by well directed bullets from within. After having maintained the struggle for about ten hours, the wagon master discovered that his stock of ammunition was about exhausted and three of his men lay dead; he was therefore undecided what course to pursue when an unexpected arrival accomplished his rescue—seven cavalry men, coming from Camp Grant to Tucson, arrived upon the scene—they charged a body of Indians who were yelling like demons at a short distance, but were driven back with two of their number wounded. The sergeant in charge seeing that it would be utter madness to contend further against a party of Indians whose number had now increased to over three hundred, and that his stock of ammunition must soon run short, as it required a constant fire to keep the Indians at bay, now agreed with the wagon master to leave everything and save their lives. The whole party accordingly issued forth in a body, while the Apaches who had lost several of their braves did not deem it prudent to attempt to make them prisoners, but after dispatching a cloud of arrows after them from behind every thicket, then took possession. Ere the escaping party lost sight of the Indians in the distance, they discovered the flames and smoke arising from the burning wagons and freight.

Upon the arrival of this news in Tucson, Col. Barnard started for the scene of the disaster, and returned on Friday evening after a fruitless pursuit of two days and nights.

Messrs Tully & Ochoa have lost in this raid property to the amount of about $12,000, and the loss to the government and to parties at Camp Grant, when added, will make a total loss of hardly less than $20,000.

Yet all this is nothing more than might have been foreseen—and who is blamable? Certainly some one is—not Messrs. Tully & Ochoa, for all who live under a government and pay taxes are entitled to protection of person and property; for this are taxes paid—nor can we attach blame to the military *in Arizona* they dare not furnish escorts; they are circumscribed by orders to the contrary. We confidently hope that this occurrence, with the weight of various other incidents of a similar nature thrown in, may suffice to open the eyes of the higher military authorities to the fact that troops may be as judiciously employed in the immediate protection of property as in the pursuit of its destroyer.

GAIGE, the Photographer, wil leave Tucson for the summer. Persons wishing pictures will call within three weeks. 2w

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NOTICE!

I Have this day appointed E. D. TUTTLE, Agent for GEORGE A. JOHNSON & Co., at FORT YUMA.

ISAAC POLHAMUS, Jr.
General Superintendent.

FORT YUMA, Cal., April 23d, 1869. 4t

A Good Book for Agents

RESOURCES
OF THE
PACIFIC SLOPE!

A Statistical and Descriptive Summary of the Mines and Minerals, Climate, Topography, Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce of the Pacific States and Territories; including LOWER CALIFORNIA, MEXICO, BRITISH COLUMBIA and ALASKA,

By HON. J. ROSS BROWNE,

Complete in One Large

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This is the Cheapest Work ever offered in this market to Subscription Agents, and it is compact with useful information, invaluable to MERCHANTS, FARMERS, MECHANICS, Etc., and s of deep interest to ALL CLASSES!

Published by
H. H. BANCROFT & Co.
San Francisco, Cal.

Collector's Office,

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,

DISTRICT OF ARIZONA.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with provisions of Excise Law, that the Annual Internal Revenue Taxes have become due and payable, and that PETER R. BRADY Esq., Deputy Collector, will be in attendance to receive the same on the First day of June next, at his office in Tucson, for the County of Pima.

If any person shall neglect to pay for more than TEN DAYS from said date, the fees prescribed by law will be added.

LEVI BASHFORD,
Collector.

PRESCOTT, May 1st 1869. 3t

M. I. JACOBS, 221 Sansome St., San Francisco. L. M. JACOBS Tucson, A. T

M. I. JACOBS & CO.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDIZE

Main Street, Tucson, A. T

OFFER for sale at a great reduction from ruling prices, an extensive variety of goods, specially selected for, and adapted to this market.

January 2d 1869-tf.

HIRAM S. STEVENS

Camp Crittenden, A. T.

WOULD respectfully give notice to the trading public in and around Camp Crittenden, that I have just received a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES

nd all kinds of necessary articles, for

OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and CITIZENS

Direct from San Francisco.

which I propose to sell to all at the very

LOWEST PRICES

at my store, at Camp Crittenden, Arizona.

Jan1, 1869.

E. N. FISH, Tucson, S. SILVERBERG San Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.,

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls. and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c., &c., which weare offering at exceedingly low prices.

Jan. 1, '69. 32:tf

CASH STORE!
GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry goods, Fancy good, Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hats and Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc., etc. W adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

tf. Jan. 1, 69

CONTINENTAL BILLIARD SALOON.

BY TODD & DURFEE.

The Best South of San Francisco.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

THE best of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS Imported direct for this House—kept constantly on hand, for sale

Wholesale and Retail.

The BILLIARD TABLES are new and of the latest style

The proprietors will take special care to have everything of the best, and insures prompt attention to their customers.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Jan. 24, '69, 24-3m.

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona, }
County of Pima. }

To the unknown heirs of Thomas F. McLean deceased, their guardians, agents, &c,, and all other persons interested:

You are hereby notified that upon a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, had in the Probate Court of said County and Territory, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1869, a balance of nine hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-eight cents, was found due said estate, and remaining in the hands of Soloman Warner, the administrator thereof.

The undersigned having been appointed by said Probate Court, as an agent to take possession and charge of said moneys—and having given bond as required by law, will hold the same for the term of one year subject to the iclaimand demand of the lawful heirs of said deceased.

At the expiration of one year, said moneys, if uncalled for, will be paid into the Territoria Treasury of said Territory in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Tucson, March 19th 1869.

JOHN B. ALLEN,
Agent and
12-tf Territorial Treasurer.

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF, Tucson, A. T.
AARON ZECKENDORF Albuquerque N. M. LOUIS ZECKENDORF No. 19 Day St., N. Y

A. & L. ZECKENDORF

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS
CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS & CAPS
CARPETS,
MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &c,

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of Every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those Who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and at the lowest prices. We would call the attention of merchants from this Territory as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

HIGHEST

MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE.

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage or those who favor us with their confidence.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF.

TUCSON, A. T. April 11 1869 tf.

Late Eastern News.

New York, April 22—The Herald's London special says that London papers comment very freely on the present state of affairs in Cuba.

The London Owl thinks England and France would declare war if the United States should attempt to wrest the island from Spain.

The Tribune special from Montreal says that the order for the withdrawal of british troops from Canada in May is said by well informed persons to be kept in suspension for a while. Considerable excitement prevails in consequence of a dispatch form London that the United States has demanded an explanation of the Mary Lowell affair; this is looked upon as another streak of war. The french Canadians continue to leave for the United States.

San Francisco, April 22—The new board of commissioners appointed to examine the Central Pacific R. R. returned a report that the road is finished to monument station, leaving a gap of only 65 miles between the ends of the two raods, eight hours staging. It is expected the last rail will be laid this week and the entire road opened to general business on the 10th of May. The company intend to lay ten miles of track to-day; this will be surpassing any previous day's work of track laying.

Helena, Montana, April 28—The most destructive fire that ever visited this Territory occurred in this city this morning. Ninety eight business houses and about forty private dwellings were destroyed. Total lose estimated at not less than $500,000.

New York, April 28—Herald says it is understood in Washington that General Lee has been invited to call upon President Grant at the White House in order to confer in reference to reconstruction in Virginia. General Lee is now in Baltimore with a delegation of Virginians interested in the Valley road, but intends visiting Washington on his return, and will be a guest of Montgomery Blair.

It has now come to light that Secretary Seward, while the government was in a posture of strong opposition to French intervention in Mexico, had authorized General Butler to furnish their army with all the mules they needed.

New York, April 29—The Tribune's Montreal special says: The desire of the people of the New Dominion to cut loose from their dependence upon the mother country, has received a powerful impetus from one or two great events, and whatever course may finally be adopted, there can be little doubt that a great political change of some sort is not far distant. Several private meetings of influential persons have recently been held here for the purpose of considering the great question of a change in the form of government, and the general dissatisfaction with the present state of things is more and more openly expressed.

New York, April 26—A private letter from the Antillas says that on the first of April a Spanish war vessel fired upon the American brig Ella Pennell near the Bahama Islands and in English waters. The Spanish officers went aboard, registered the cargo and then permitted the brig to depart.

St Louis, April 27—The earnings of the Kansas Pacific R. R. for the first half of the month of April were $102,000, exclusive of contractors' freight. The business of the road is growing rapidly; settlers are coming in large numbers; some counties along the line of railroad have doubled their population within a year.

San Francisco, April 25—Visitors have commenced to congregate in the vicinity of the end of the Central Pacific road; it is expected that the laying of the last rail and the driving of the last spike will take place next Friday or Saturday.

The Denver and Santa Fe stage line is again in operation to Trinidad and will shortly be extended to Elizabethtown, via Maxwell's, running first class four horse coaches.

Mobile, April 26—The steamer St. Elmo belonging to the Mobile and Montgomery railroad exploded her boiler this morning; the stewardess was blown over board and drowned; six officers of the boat were severely burned, but no passengers hurt.

Washington, April 27—It is ascertained from an authentic source that only six vessels have been employed in the public service in Cuban waters, the number being necessarily limited by the fact that Congress made a great reduction in the navy; but this number is considered sufficient for all necessary purposes, no trouble with the Spanish authorities being anticipated.

Earthquake shocks are begining to be manifested again in different parts of the world. They pay flying and erratic visits. One day we hear they are in India, the next in Wales, the next dancing along the the Pacific coast. Now, we are told, they are commencing to stir up the Canadians, who can enjoy the consequent excitement with more zest than they can the excitements dependent upon open displays of Fenianism.

In Chicago, Mrs. Brigham Young and party received invitations to the various places of amusement, and accepted several. Mrs young is about twenty-five, accomplished and of pleasant manners. Miss Nettie Young, daughter of Brigham, is a young lady of about seventeen.

F H Goodwin Adam Sander

GOODWIN & SANDERS,

Dealers in General Merchandise

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVE this day on hand and are constantly receiving a large stock of goods selected EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET,

consisting in part of

Dry Goods and Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Military Furnishing goods of all descriptions, Staple and Fancy Goods, Belts, Pistols, Powder, Percussion caps, &c., &c., which they will sell cheap for cash.

Thankful for past favors they respectfully solicit continuance of public patronage.

Jan. 1, 1869-tf.

SOUTHERN OVERLAND

U. S. MAIL.

And Express Line From Mesilla

N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Hermosillo and Guaymas, Sonora; making a connected stage line for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and and central Mexico.

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians.

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 6 o'clock, p m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agent Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA.

42-3t. La Mesilla, N. M

ARMY SUPPLIES

BEEF AND MUTTON

On Hoof or Block

ARIZONA

1870.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF

COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA

San Francisco, Cal., March 25th, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate, will be received at the office, No. 204 Sutter Street San Francisco, Cal., by the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, M., on THURSDAY, July 1st, 1869 (when they will be opened) for the supply and delivery at the military posts in Arizona Territory, of all the BEEF and MUTTON, live or slaughtered, that may be required for the troops stationed thereat during the year 1870.

The supply will amount to about 3,000 Beeves and 1,000 Wethers.

Copy of the present contract and detailed instructions to bidders can be obtained at said office, at the office of the Acting Commissary of Subsistence at Wilmington, Cal., and at the office of the A. C. S. at any of the Military posts in Arizona Territory.

Proposals will be received for any part of the supply.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

The right is reserved of rejecting any or all bids.

Advertising expenses ($362) will be borne by the successful bidders, pro rata

J. McL TAYLOR,

ap18:8w Bvt. Col., C. S.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

NEWSPAPER AND JOB PRINTING

ESABLISHMENT!

TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published

in the Territory of Arizona

South of the Rio Gila.

Having lately received a

LARGE SUPPLY

of

NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAPMHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND-BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet to merchants in San Francisco Cal., and New York, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson is in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

It is for the interest of every Business House that wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise in our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address: "Weekly Arizonan," Tucson, A. T

P. E. TULLY. ESTEVAN OCHOA.

TULLY & OCHOA.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c. and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!

NEW GOODS

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

WE would respectfully announce to Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and WINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,

East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.

Jan. 1st '69. tf.

NEW GOODS!

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

AT THE

SUTLER STORE

CAMP BOWIE, (Apache Pass.)

A Good Supply for travelers. tf.

ARIZONA OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers.

Governor—Richard C. McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James T. T. Carter,
Chief Justice—William F. Turner, Prescott,
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" Harley H. Carter, La Paz
Marshal—Edward Phelps, Tucson.
Sup't. Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz,
Surveyor General Sherman Day, San Francisco
District Attorney Tucson.
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott,
Collector—Isaac Bushford,
Dept. Collector Customs—J. F. Stone, Tucson

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H. Lord, Tucson,
Treasurer—John B Allen
Attorney General—James E. McCafrey
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—John S. Thayer
Sheriff—Peter R. Brady
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury
Treasurer—Sidney R. DeLong
Recorder—Oscar Bucklew
Supervisors—John W Sweeney, E. N. Fish John G. Capron
Public Administrator—Chas. H Meyers
county seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks
Sheriff—A John Moore
District Attorney—John M Rountree.
Treasurer—William Cory
Recorder—John H Behan
Supervisors—John G. Campbell, ———
County Seat—Prescott.

YUMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Joseph R. Tuttle.
Sheriff—David King.
District Attorney—Marcus D Dobbins.
Treasurer—Robert Coles
Recorder—Peter Doll,
Supervisors—W Ravens, C. Gross, M. Castinado
Public Administrator—John Duff
county seat—La Paz.

MOHAVE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Wm. L Haskell
Sheriff—E H Smith
Treasurer—E M McCarty
Recorder—James P Bull
Supervisors—John Pearson, William Forrest Chas Atchisson
Dist. Atty.—A E Davis.
county Seat—Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Daniel M Thomas.
Sheriff———
Treasurer———
Recorder———
Supervisors———
county Seat—St. Thomas.

Notaries Public.

PIMA Co.—William S Beater Maricopa Wells Mortimer R. Platt, Tucson; John M. Case, Apache Pass; J. B. McKinnie, Florence;

YAVAPAI Co.—Henry W Fleury, Prescott; W. R Ferris, Wickenburg; Thos J L Hague Pomia, J M Lenzarder, Camp McDowell.

YUMA Co.—Charles H. Brinley, Arizona City, M. D. Dobbs, La Paz.

Assistant Assessors

PIMA Co.—Mark Aldrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co.—Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co.—George Lount, Prescott; W. R. Ferris, Wickenburg

Deputy Collectors.

PIMA Co.—P. R Brady Tucson.
Yuma Co—Robt. Coles, La Paz.
Mohave Co—Jas P. Bull, Mohave City.

Places and Times of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Judge Backus—Oscar Bucklow, Clerk
In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Judge Carter—————— Clerk.
In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the firs Monday in March and first Monday in September
In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing on the 3d Monday in June.
In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing o first Monday in January and first Monday in June

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Turner—Edward W Wells, Clerk.
In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SUPREME COURT.

One term in each year at the Capital, commencing in the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Bucklow, Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINES. Work will be prosecuted on an extensive scale as soon as proper arrangements can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of General Grant, U. S. A. Commander-in-chief, at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claims against the Company will be settled upon resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY.
President
Mowry Silver Mining Co.
New York, Oct4, '67.

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON.
Office Richardson's Hotel
TUCSON, A. T.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN.

Tucson, A. T., Saturday, May 22, 1869. No. 21.

EKLY ARIZONAN
urnal, devoted to the f Arizona Territory.

y Saturday at Tucson, A. T.

OONER.....EDITOR.

s of Subscription,

e year $7,00
months..... $4,00
hree months,..... 2,00
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per square for the first insertion
for each subsequent insertion

J. EMcCAFFREY

TT & McCAFFREY.

S AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
TUCSON, A. T.
1869-tf

W. W. WILLIAMS

RD & WILLIAMS.

just brought on from New York
STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,
he same very cheap for cash.
our goods and prices.
Jan. 1, '69.

G. H. OURY,

ey and Counselor at Law
ce in Court-house Building
TUCSON, A. T.
1867 tf

EAT'S SALOON.

signed having leased the above Sa- prepared to furnish his friends and with a general assortment of Wines, d Cigars.
AUGUSTUS BRICHTA.
1869.

EER BUTCHER SHOP.
FORGE F. FOSTER.
OLD STAND on Main Street,
TUCSON, A. T.
S ready to supply all customers in his line with as good beef and at as low rates as can be done elsewhere
Jan. 1st 1869.

NEER BREWERY,

TUCSON, A. T.
RBEER, ALE and PORTER
Constantly on hand.
A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.
14, 1869—11-tf.

AMP GRANT STORE!

—o—

ersigned would respectfully announce they have just opened a new stock of goods of
ODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.
pared to sell on the "live and let live"

also announce to those persons desiring upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are of a large Association tract, which will from it by actual settlers free of charge
ISRAEL & COX.
Grant, A. T., Oct. 2d 1868. tf

BLACKSMITH
AND
AGON SHOP,

PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.
ons are made and repaired at this establish and everything in the Blacksmith line done promptness and dispatch.
SWEENY & EICHEL, Proprietors.
Jan. 1st, '69.

F. M. HODGES,
MAIN STREET
TUCSON. A. T.
PS constantly on hand a large supply o brand of Liquors and Cigars.
st. '69] tf

District Court Notice.

IN the District Court for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona,

Territory of Arizona,
vs
John B. Allen, Territorial Treasurer for the Territory of Arizona, Coles Bashford, and Charles H. Lord Territorial Auditor.

To Coles Bashford one of the defendents above named:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the District Court, for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint of Granville H Oury, Attorney General for said Territory, in an action for injunction, to enjoin the presentation and payment of certain Territorial Bond and Warrants numbering as follows: Territorial Bonds, No7 74, 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 8 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 107 108 10 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150, and Territorial Warrants numbering 42 51 52 55 105 and 106.

You are hereby required to answer the complain herein filed within four months from the publication hereof, and to serve a copy thereof upon Granvile H. Oury at his office in Tucson, iin said county and Territory, within the time above specified.

And you are also notified that if you fail to answer the complaint of the plaintiff within the four months aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you by default, and application made to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

L. S. Given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, at Tucson, this 14th day of January, A. D., 1869.

OSCAR BUCKALEW,
Clerk

3-4mo.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS
OF THE
UNITED STATES
PASSED AT THE
FIRST SESSION OF THE FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

AN ACT to incorporate the National Junction Railway Company.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That James A. Magruder, John L. Kidwell, C. H. Cragin, John W Thompson, Hallet Kilbourn, Alexander R. Shepard and William H. Tenny, of the District of Columbia, together with such other persons as may become associated with them for that purpose, together with their successors, are hereby created and erected into a body incorporate and politic, in deed and in law, by the name and title of the National Junction Railway Company, and by that name have perpetual succession, and shall be able to sue and to be sued, to plead and to be impleaded, to defend and be defended, in the courts of law and equity within the District of Columbia, and may use a common seal, and may adopt by-laws for the regulation of its government.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the said corporation is hereby fully authorized and empowered to survey locate, lay out, construct, collect tolls upon, maintain and enjoy a railway line, with appurtenances and machinery necessary for one or more tracks, within the District of Columbia, commencing at the northern terminus of the aqueduct bridge, in the city of Georgetown, or at some eligible point on the south shore of the Potomac river above and near said bridge; thence in a north easterly direction by the most feasible route crossing Rock creek, entering the city of Washington, and passing through either S, T, or U street *west*, [north,] around the city of Washington, crossing the branches of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad upon the legally established grades of the city, in such a manner as not to be dangerous to passengers and trains on either road; thence to a point most feasible on the Potomac river, or Eastern branch of the same, at or near the navy yard, at a point to be indicated by the Secretary of the Navy, with the rights powers and privileges to construct the said road, the grades of the road to be approved by the authorities of the cities of Washington and Georgetown; also the privileges of locating and constructing a grand Union depot on the line of said road, at some point between Third street west and Fourteenth street west, in Washington city; also a similar depot at some convenient point in Georgetown, near the said aqueduct.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the capital stock of said National Junction railway shall consist of five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each, which shall in all respects be deemed personal property, and shall be transferable in such manner as the by-laws of said company shall provide.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be lawful for the said National Junction Railway Company, if deemed necessary, to borrow from time to time sums of money not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars, and to issue bonds therefor, bearing interest not exceeding seven per centum, payable semi-annually, and to mortgage as security therefor all the corporate rights, franchises, property, real and personal, of whatever kind soever, belonging to said company.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the persons herein named as corporators, or a majority of them, shall, within ninety days after the passage and approval of this act, meet in the city of Washington for the purpose of prescribing regulations for opening books of subscription to said capital stock, at such times and place as they may designate, by public notice of at least ten days in two daily papers in the city of Washington; and said books shall be kept open until two hundred thousand dollars of said stock shall be subscribed, and twenty per centum on all subscriptions shall be paid in lawful money at the time of subscribing, to the person or persons authorized by the corporators to receive the same; and whenever that amount shall have been subscribed, and twenty per centum of the same paid in as above described, it shall be the duty of the above-named corporators (a majority of them shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business) to call a meeting of the stockholders at the city of Washington, for the purpose of electing directors of the said corporations, and each share of said stock on which the said twenty per centum has been paid as hereinbefore provided shall entitle the owner to one vote. The corporators herein named shall designate a majority of their number to act as inspectors of elections; which majority of inspectors so designated shall certify, under their names, the directors thus duly elected, and shall notify them of their election and the time and place of the first meeting of the said board of directors. At such meeting the above corporators shall deliver to the said directors the books of subscription to the stock of said National Junction Railway Company, together with the amount paid thereon, with a full report of their proceedings under this act, and thereupon the duties of the corporators hereinbefore named shall cease and determine forever; and thereafter the said directors, with their successors or assigns, shall constitute the said body politic and corporate. The directors thus chosen shall hold office for one year and until others are elected and qualified to fill their places. A majority of said directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the said directors shall, at their first meeting, elect from their own number a president and vice-president. They may also, from time to time, elect a treasurer, a secretary, chief engineer, and a general superintendent, together with such other officers, agents and employees as they may deem necessary, each of whom shall hold office or position during the pleasure of said board of directors. The directors shall have power to fill all vacancies in the board which may be caused by death or resignation, except as hereinbefore provided for. The treasurer and secretary shall give bonds with security, as the board shall from time to time require. Meeting of the stockholders of said corporation for the election of directors and for the transaction of business, shall be holden annually, and at such other times and upon such notice as may be prescribed by the by-laws. The directors of the said corporation may require the subscribers to the capital stock to pay the amount by them subscribed, respectively, at such times and in such manner, and in such instalments as they may deem proper; and if any stockholder shall refuse or neglect to pay any instalment, as required by a resolution of the board of directors, the said board may forfeit said stock for non-payment, and all previous payments shall revert in law and in equity to the said corporation under such regulations, or may sue for and collect the unpaid instalments in any court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the said corporation is hereby empowered to purchase, lease, receive, and hold such real estate or other property as may be necessary for accomplishing the objects of this act, and may by their agents, engineers, contractors, or workmen immediately enter upon, take possession of, and use all such real estate and property as may be necessary for the construction, maintainance, and operation of said railroad and the accommodations appertaining thereto. But all real estate or property thus entered upon and appropriated by said railroad, and the accommodations appertaining thereto, which are not donations, shall be purchased by said corporation of the owner or owners of the same at a price to be mutually agreed upon between them; and in case of a disagreement as to price, the said corporation, or the owner or owners of such real estate or property, shall apply by petition to a justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, particularly describing the property; and the said justice, upon receiving such application, shall cause such notice to be given to the other party as he shall deem proper and sufficient, appointing therein a time and place for hearing the parties; at which time and place, upon proof that the notice directed has been given, the said justice shall direct the manner of ascertaining the true value of said real estate or other property, together with the damages which the owner or owners thereof have sustained, or may sustain by reason of the appropriation, occupation, and use thereof by the said corporation; and the said justice shall appoint not less than three nor more than seven competent and disinterested commissioners, who shall be freeholders in the District of Columbia, and at least one of them shall be a resident of the municipal corporation in which said real estate or other property, may be situated, and who shall, under the direction of said justice, view said premises or property, take such testimony as they may deem proper, make appraisement, and determine, said damages, and report the same under oath and in writing to said justice. The report shall contain a minute and accurate description of the real estate and other property appraised, together with all the evidence taken by the commissioners in the case. It shall be the duty of said justice to examine the report of said commissioners, and upon application of either party he shall give the parties a hearing in relation thereto; and he shall have power to increase or diminish said appraisal or damages if he shall become satisfied upon such hearing that injustice has been done. Upon proof to the said justice, to be made within sixty days after his determination of payment to the owner or owners, or depositing to the credit of the owner or owners, or their legal representatives, in such banking institution as said justice shall direct, the amount of said award, and the payment of of all expenses attending the same including an allowance of three dollars per diem to each of the aforesaid commissioners, the said justice shall order or decree, particularly describing said real estate or other property, and reciting the appraisement of damages and the mode of making it, together with such facts as he may deem pertinent; and when the said order or decree shall be recorded in the recorder's office of the county or city in which such real estate or other property is situated, the said corporation, or its successors or assigns, shall [illegible] legally or equitably seized and possessed [illegible] real estate or other property for the purpose hereinbefore described of such any married woman, infant, idiot, [illegible] son, or non-resident of the [illegible] said real estate or other property may be situated, shall be interested [illegible] other property, the [illegible] some competent district [illegible] before said commissioner [illegible] behalf of such [illegible] insane person [illegible] married woman, infant, idiot, person, or non-resident.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person shall willfully do or cause to be done any act or acts whatever, whereby any building, structure, or other work or any engine, car or machine or other property appertaining to said railroad shall be injured, impaired, or destroyed, or stopped, person or persons so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof by and court of competent jurisdiction shall be punished by a fine, at the discretion of the court, of not more than five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment of not more than two years, or both, at the discretion of the court, and also forfeit and pay to the said company, its successors and assigns, the amount of damages sustained by means of such offences, to be recovered by said company with costs of suit by any action of debt or case.

SEC. 9 *And be it further enacted*, That said company shall not grant to any railroad or other corporation the exclusive right to transfer passengers or freight over said railroad; but any privilege granted to one corporation shall be extended to all who may make application for such privilege on the same terms, conditions, and rates, and shall not sell, transfer, or lease their corporte rights to any company that will not check baggage or commute fares with all connecting railroads upon the terms specified in this section.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That the said corporation shall, as soon as practicable after the election of directors, as hereinbefore provided, so commence and prosecute the work of constructing and equipping said railroad, that it shall be fully completed and equipped in three years from and after the first board of directors have been elected.

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That Congress shall have the right to regulate the rate of fares collected by said company from passengers and the rate of charges for transporting freight; and all property owned by said company shall be subject to taxation by the proper municipal authority.

SEC. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That this act may be at any time amended or repealed.

Approved, March 2, 1869.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 22.....1869.

ABRAHAM LYON, of Arizona City, our only authorized Agent in Arizona.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

We have before referred to the project of the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific R. R. company for a railroad across Arizona by the 32d parallel. This company was organized before the war and received from the State of Texas a land grant of eight millions of acres of land, much of which, we learn, is the best in the State. While other companies are asking from Congress land grants and subsidies it simply requests a "right of way" expecting to raise sufficient funds off its Texas lands to well advance its road. This right of way was granted at the conclusion of the Fortieth or last Congress, but not acted upon by the Senate; It has also, by more than a two-third vote, been given by the House of the present or Forty-first Congress, this body believing it to be simply justice that an enterprising company should have a fair chance to try what it can do. The success of this company in obtaining aid, or the progress of its road, cannot possibly interfere with the 35th parallel road, although it is by some considered that the success of either road will involve the detriment of the other. Our delegate to Congress, R. C. McCormick, has, we are pleased to learn, been using his influence for this 32d parallel road—we are indebted to him for the annexed copy of the Joint Resolution giving the right of way as it passed the House and went to the Senate:

"Joint Resolution granting the right of way to the Memphis, El Paso, and Pacific Railroad Company from El Paso to the Pacific ocean."

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the Memphis, El paso, and Pacific Railroad Company, incorporated and subsisting under the laws of Texas prior to the year eighteen hundred and sixty-one for the purpose of constructing and operating a railroad from Jefferson, Texas to Moore's Landing on the Sulphur fork of Red river; thence through or near Claksville, Paris, and Phantom Hills, to the Rio Grande river, opposite or near the town of El Paso, in the republic of Mexico, be, and the same is hereby authorized to extend and operate its line of railroad westwardly from the east bank of the Rio Grande river through the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona to or near Fort Yuma; and thence through the public lands, in the State of California to or near San Diego harbor Said Company in locating its road shall go by such direct route as in the opinion of such Company shall be the most practicable; and such company in constructing its road over the public land as well as private lands, and in building its bridges over rivers and water-courses, from the east bank of the Rio Grande river, shall, in all respects, be controlled and governed by section two of an act of Congress approved July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, for the aiding in the construction of a railroad from the Missouri river to the Pacific ocean, and by section three and nine (3 and 9) of an act amendatory to said act, approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-four, except that as to private property in the State of California it shall be governed by the laws of such State: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to grant to said company any subsidy or lands other than the right of way above provided for: And provided further, that the said company shall complete the construction of at least fifty miles of their road from Jefferson, Texas, within one year, and shall grade at least fifty miles of road-bed between El Paso and San Diego within two years, and shall fully complete and equip their whole line of road within ten years from the approval of this act; and Congress may at any time, having due regard for the rights of said company, add to, alter, or amend this act And be it further resolved, That said road is hereby declared to be a military and post road.

Passed the House of representatives March 22, 1869.

OUR MINING INTERESTS.

It occurs to us that in times like these, when business is stagnate it would be wise policy for those interested in the permanent prosperity of Tucson to come forward, and by the very trifling aid required, revive the work upon the mines in this county, known to be rich. That there are two veins in Apache Pass district which are enormously rich there can be no longer a question; and they are now lying idle from want of a very limited amount of money. If the rock pays no more than 15 per cent of what it prospects from the surface to the depth of fifty feet, it will then be a much better paying investment than the best contract awarded by the government this season; and if one-third part of the energy exhibited by our business men in trying to get *cheap* contracts from the government, were directed to the development of our mines, that alone would guarantee their success and give everything a permanency that would insure us against the periodical hard times between pay-days. People would not then be obliged to look forward with so much anxiety to the day "when the paymaster will arrive," or the "quartermaster gets money," to collect outstanding accounts or convert into greenbacks their various classes of merchandise. But some argue that "mining is an uncertain thing" while it appears to us that if mining be conducted with the same economy and proper management observed in other branches of business, it will be attended with fewer failures in proprtion. It must now be evident to all, that business is liable to come to a "stand still" at an early day if some interest be not taken to open up our mines. Compare, for instance, the action taken by our monied men, with regard to mines, with that taken by the wealthy men of Colorado; and yet there has not been an experienced miner from that Territory who, after having examined the mine at Apache Pass, did not pronounce it infinitely richer than anything ever discovered in Colorado; still the Coloradoans make their mines pay largely as is evinced by the immense amount of gold and silver that they export every month. If our community were not so utterly deaf (beyond recovery we fear) to all appeals on behalf of our mining interests, we would be likely to refer to this matter more frequently, as we believe that out future prosperity, in a great measure, depends upon the development of our mines. It is true a railroad would help us much, but the successful working of our immensely rich mines would give us much more local wealth and permanence, and be by far the speediest way of putting down the Indian. All past experience goes to show that the Indian cannot battle successfully against a large mining population, and such a population our Territory would soon obtain if the least effort were made to develop it for mining purposes.

The New York *Herald* thinks should the United States seek to redress by force of arms the insults offered our flag, by the spaniards, in the West Indies, that England will be likely to embroil her self in the quarrel by espousing the cause of Spain. It says:

"A London evening journal of considerable influence asserts that General Grant has "run mad" on the Cuban question, and expresses the opinoin that England and France will unite in a declaration of war against us if 'America should attempt to wrest Cuba from Spain,' adding that President Grant 'longs' for foreign war, and knows that the feeling pervading the minds of the Union officials is one of hatred to England, and also towards France, but existing in a less degree in her case.

The same journal states that within a few days an English yacht would sail for Cuba and land the members of a commission charged to ascertain the exact position of affairs Our correspondent states there is a 'heavy storm brewing' on the subject—an opinion in which we entirely coincide, more particularly should an allied Anglo-French squadron appear off the Morro Castle."

We copy from the New Mexican of May 11th the following letter dated Pinos Altes, May 2d:

"On the 29th ult. Indians killed a Mexican teamster at Santa Rita copper mines and the same day stole nineteen head of workoxen from the vicinity of Mr. Bremen's saw-mill, near Fort Bayard; they also took thirteen head of beef cattle from the beef contractor at Fort Bayard. The thieving and murdering Indians were not pursued. They camped a few hundred yards from the house of Judge Houston, on the night they took the cattle, butchered some of the stock and resumed their journey with the remainder. Yesterday the Indians killed a couple of Mexicans within a mile of town, Filipe Garcia and other, name not known; their bodies were brought into town and buried to-day. We hear that Indians are endeavoring to make peace at Fort Craig. A few days ago they surrounded a man named Johnson not far from Fort Bayard and endeavored to make peace with him; Johnson escaped though, by giving plenty of leg bail and dodging two or three bullets sent after him by the redskins, to show their earnestness to make peace with him. When will the quakers come and "let us have peace?"

From private letters we obtained the following in relation to what has been going on at the capital:

Senator Casserly gave a dinner in Washington, April 11th, at which Gen. Cox, Secretary of Interior, Attorney General Evarts, Senators Thurman, Fowler, Davis, Norton, Judge Field, Ex-Governor McCormick of Arizona, Congressman Axtell, and others were present. It is represented as a nice affair, and the Senator seems to be popular in Washington..

Among the Californians who figured in Washington the past winter, we may name Frank Pixley, Jesse D. Carr, Wm. Carr, Hinchman, Gould, Jack Stratman, Sutro, Major Morris, Harry Norton and Dr. Hoffman. The latter left for New York, Chicago and home, April 12th.

Many members of Congress will visite California this summer, invitations and free railroad tickets having been extended to all. Among the prominent who are coming we hear the names of Generals Logan and Slocum. They will visit San Diego.—*San Diego Union.*

WE have been informed that Hon. J. B. Allen, for some time past in Los Angeles, Cal., is on his way to Tucson and bringing with him Farming implements, improved stock, &c for his ranch at this place

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Latest News.

St. Louis, May 6.—A fight occurred on Monday at Hays City Kansas, betwween a lot of colored soldiers of the 38th infantry and citizens, in which five citizens were wounded. Some 500 shots were said to have been fired.

New York, May 7.—Herald's Washington pecial says dispatch has been received by the British minister from the British consul at Havana, giving account of other Spanish outrages on the high sea. According to this dispatch a Spanish war vessel hailed a British brig at sea and the latter refusing to stop was fired into and sunk. This is the substance of the dispatch sent by Minister Thornton to his government over the cable, as the dispatch was extremely meagre, not stating whether the information respecting the outrage was received originally from the Spanish man of war or from some of the survivors of the brig. Authorities here scarcely know whether to credit it or not.

Washington, May 7.—The navy department has advices from Admiral Hoff, dated Havana, April 26th where he arrived after a short cruise in the gulf of Mexico. He reports political matters in Cuba as exceedingly quiet. An expedition is supposed to have sailed from Yucatan, consisting of a schooner and several large vessels, all employed to land men and arms for the Cubans on the south side of the western department. The Spanish Admiral left Havana in his flagship, accompanied by several other vessels, in search of the party but no news has been received.

A transport with political prisoners which left a month ago, put into Porto Rico for repairs.

The Captain General of that Island determined to send some of the prisoners to the Canary Islands and some to Cadiz. Both the Cubans and Spaniards appear exceedingly quiet.

New York, May 7.—Vessel carrying Cuban expedition is lying in the bay; two tug boats have carried down 225 men, who frankly stated that Cuba was their destination.

Five men have arrived here in irons, charged by the United States Consul at Batavia with the murder of the first and second mates of a whaling bark at sea; they were committed to Ludlow street jail.

Marshal Barlow has been all day endeavoring to learn the facts as to the alleged sailing of the Cuban expedition last night, but could go nothing verifying the report.

Chicago, May 10—Yesterday a notorious house of prostitution on Monroe street, near Wells, took fire and was consumed. The flames spread so rapidly that the inmates, nearly naked, barely escaped with their lives. Girls were severely burned, one of them probably fatally. The same morning, on the same street, a little further down a three story building occupied by Messrs Bent & Goward was completely destroyed by fire—loss forty thousand dollars.

Chicago, May 10—The Tribune's Washington special says Secretary Boutwell don't say what he intends to do with the government bonds he is buying. It is assumed he intends to establish a sinking fund, but he himself says he has not yet determined to do so In selling gold the Secretary will be governed by general principles without regard to market price.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that from and after the FIRST DAY of MAY, 1869, I have ceased to be a member of the Firm of HINTON HOOPER & Co.

F. HINTON.

Arizona City, A. T., May 1, 1869. 3m;fm15

NOTICE!

Mr. FRANCIS HINTON having retired from the Firm of HINTON, HOOPER & Co., the business will be continued by the undersigned under the firm name of HOOPER WHITING & Co. All outstanding accounts and all claims against the old firm will be settled by the undersigned.

WM. B. HOOPER
A. H. WHITING
JAS. M. BARNEY
JNO. S. CARR

Arizona City A. T., May 1, 1869. 3m;fm15

SEALED PROPOSALS

in Quadruplicates will be received at the office of the undersigned until 12 m. on the fifteenth 15) of June, 1869, for the delivery at Tucson, A. T., of ninety-four (94) pack mules.

The mules to be Mexican mules, good sized, strong bodied, short coupled, short legged, and well broken to the pack, and in good, sound condition.

No sore backed animals will be received, and each will be subject to inspection by the Government Inspector to be appointed by the Commanding Officer of the District of Arizona.

Bidders will state their price per head in Gold Coin, and payment will be made with such funds as the Depot Quartermaster at Tucson may have on hand at the time of delivery.

Each proposal must be signed by two responsible persons, who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

Bidders will state their places of residence and each bidder will file a duly executed Bond with their proposals, in the sum of Fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars, as a guarantee that in case the contract is awarded to the party or parties proposing, such contract will be accepted and entered into.

The mules will be delivered as soon as practicable after the contractor is notified by the undersigned.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids should he deem such action necessary.

Further instructions will be given at the office of the undersigned.

GILBERT C. SMITH.
Capt. and Asst. Q. M., U. S. A.

HOOPER, WHITING, & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California
Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton,
Sweet Water and Camp McDowell,
Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at

ARIZONA CITY

The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Francisco.

COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.

All our goods are either imported directly of bought of direct importers, We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is

ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.

"Live and Let Live,"

is our motto. Our terms are

CASH, EXCLUSIVELY, and for cash,

we are always in readiness to supply dealers, rancheros, & others, with goods, in jobbing lots

Unprecedentedly Low for cash

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City May 1, 1869. tf.

B. F. ROUNTREE,

Forwarding and Commission merchant

GUAYMAS, SONORA, MEXICO.

Particular attention paid to receiving and forwarding goods with quick dispatch. Respectfully refers to

COL. J. P. T CARTER, E. N. FISH & Co.
GOODWIN & SANDERS, HON. J. B. ALLEN
CHAS. T. HAYDEN, TULLY & OCHOA.
LORD & WILLIAMS

of Tucson, A. T.

BRICK AND LIME!

The undersigned offer for sale at the Corrall formerly occupied by "Brigham" any quantity of Brick & Lime. We have now on hand about 50,000 bricks which we offer at $15 per thousand and lime may be purchased from us at $1 per bushel.

FREDERICK MARSH & Co.

tf

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 22.....1869.

LOCAL MATTERS.

COL. BARNARD is now commanding officer at Camp Bowie—right in the centre of Apachedom—where his skill and energy in operating against the Apache are so much needed.

MURDERED:—News has been brought to Arizona City that Geo. Bell, a trader among the Cocopa Indians, near the mouth of the Colorado river—reported as missing a few weeks ago—was murdered while travelling to Arizona City.

COL. J. F. STONE, after an absence of several months, returned to Tucson on Wednesday last. During his absence, the Col had quite a tour through the States having accompanied Governor McCormick to Washington where he remained for some time. Col. S. looks as cheerful, as happy and as healthy as his numerous friends can desire.

FROM our correspondent at Arizona City, we learn that our old friend, Col Lewis, with his estimable wife, arrived at that place on Sunday last en route for the East. We sincerely wish our old friend and co-professional a pleasant trip, and a safe return at an early day; Arizona cannot very well afford to part thus, even for a time with one of its most willing and able advocates as well as one of its best citizens.

THE GOVERNOR:—We learn from Col. J. F. Stone, who had the pleasure of becoming acquainted with him, that our new Governor, A. P. K. Safford will soon be among us, as he is expected to leave San Francisco, en route for Tucson, about the 20th. Our citizens will hail him with pleasure. He is represented as a gentleman of high standing, and is said to have wielded a vast amount of influenc in Nevada where, far the past four years, he has been living and holding the position of surveyor general. We understand he is a western man.

THE indefatigable Apache still perseveres in his peculiar class of industry and, it would appear, has become determined that we shall be so accustomed to his raids that we will cease to regard them as aught: on Tuesday a band of some twenty made a descent upon some stock about three miles from town and succeeded in running off fourteen mules before the herders (who had just sat down to a game of cards) had time to interfere.

THE station nine miles from Tucson, on the Sacaton road, known as the "Laguna," is fast springing up and assuming the dimensions of a settlement. There are now about 500 acres of land under cultivation, with a population of some 80 or 90 hardy pioneers. Thus it is: civilization is gradually and irresistibly pushing its way forward, and the progress of each day renders more and more compact and continuous the chain of industry and developement by which the Apache is being circumscribed.

MAIN ST. was rendered quite disorderly on Thursday last by some 80 or 90 urchins endeavoring to ride, each on his turn, a *bronco* ass about the size of a large mastiff. His assship was, however more skilful at tumbing his tormentors in the dust than were they in sticking on his back. None succeeded in sticking to him for more than two minutes at a time notwithstanding toes, fingers and teeth, were employed by the rider in his efforts to maintain his position.

OUR enterprising friend R. M. Crandal bought J. H. Tool's interest in the La Paz silver mine, and declares that neither Apache "nor any other man" shall impede his operations in developing said mine—We believe R. M.; he generally means everything he says. This mine is situated about 12 miles west from Tucson.

A gentleman in San Diego writes to a mutual friend in Tucson, concerning that port, as follows:

"I find that every acre of the land, even to the water's edge is capable of producing vegetables of the finest class. Very extensive calculations are already being made by the pioneer settlers upon the expected railroad and commercial business. There are already seven owns laid out on this bay all within sight of each other. Steamers can now land their freight on either of the two piers which have been erected within the past few months. Every steamer that lands now, brings from thirty to fifty new comers, most of whom are persons of wealth or considerable means, who have come to enjoy life in a better and more delightful climate than that of San Francisco."

From every report it would appear that the port of San Diego is fast growing into importance. The Memphis and El Paso R. R. which is destined to form a continuous line of communcation through the most productive mineral region in the world will render this port one of the great emporiums of the Pacific.

THE Richardson Hotel was reopened on Monday last in the Buckly House. Mr. Collins, the present proprietor keeps his tables supplied with the best quality of everything to be purchased in the market; lodgers will find comfortable rooms, and no pains will be spared to make patrons comfortable—call and see.

2f

NOTICE.

I have appointed H. OTT to act as deputy Treasurer of Pima County during my absence.

SIDNEY R. DELONG,
County Treasurer.

3t

THOMAS M. YERKES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL mERCHANT

Tubac, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonabe, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.

Jan 1st 1868. tf.

JOHN T. HAVILAND, formerly of Haynes & Lawton.

JOS. KENT HOOPER, formerly of Geo. F. Hooper & Co

The above beg to inform their friends and the public that they have established a

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

BUSINESS

—under the style of—

HAVILAND HOOPER & Co

—AT—

No 335 PINE St. (just below Montgomery)

San Francisco.

WE WILL at all times keep a full and complete stock, and sell at the **lowest rates.** Every effort will be made to give satisfaction, in all respects, to those who may be pleased to favor us with their patronage. Buyers from the country will do well to give us a call and examine our stock.

HAVILAND HOOPER & Co.

ma8

NOTICE!

I Have this day appointed E. D. TUTTLE, Agent for GEORGE A. JOHNSON & Co., at FORT YUMA.

ISAAC POLHAMUS, Jr.
General Superintendent.

FORT YUMA, Cal., April 23d, 1869. 4t

A Good Book for Agents

RESOURCES

OF THE

PACIFIC SLOPE!

A Statistical and Descriptive Summary of the Mines and Minerals, Climate, Topography, Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce of the Pacific States and Territories; including LOWER CALIFORNIA, MEXICO, BRITISH COLUMBIA and ALASKA,

By HON. J. ROSS BROWNE,

Complete in One Large

OCTAVO VOLUME

of 874 Pages, Price $4.00.

This is the Cheapest Work ever offered in this market to Subscription Agents, and it is compact with useful information, invaluable to MERCHANTS, FARMERS, MECHANICS, Etc., and so of deep interest to ALL CLASSES!

Published by

H. H. BANCROFT & Co.
San Francisco, Cal.

Collector's Office,

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,

DISTRICT OF ARIZONA.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with provisions of Excise Law, that the Annual Internal Revenue Taxes have become due and payable, and that PETER R. BRADY Esq, Deputy Collector, will be in attendance to receive the same on the First day of June next, at his office in Tucson, for the County of Pima.

If any person shall neglect to pay for more than TEN DAYS from said date, the fees prescribed by law will be added.

LEVI BASHFORD,
Collector.

PRESCOTT, May 1st 1869. 3t

M. I. JACOBS, 221 San some St., San Francisco.

L. M. JACOBS Tucon, A. T

M. I. JACOBS & CO.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDIZE

—o—

Main Street, Tucson, A. T

OFFER for sale at a great reduction from ruling prices, an extensive variety of goods, specially selected for, and adapted to this market.

January 2d 1869-tf.

HIRAM S. STEVENS

Camp Crittenden, A. T.

WOULD respectfully give notice to the trading public in and around Camp Crittenden, that I have just received a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES

nd all kinds of necessary articles, for

OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and CITIZENS

Direct from San Francisco.

which I propose to sell to all at the very

LOWEST PRICES

at my store, at Camp Crittenden, Arizona.

Jan1, 1869.

E. N. FISH, Tucson,

S. SILVERBERG San Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.,

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls. and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c., &c., which weare offering at exceedingly low prices.

Jan, 1, '69. 32tf

CASH STORE!

GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry goods, Fancy good, Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hatsand Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardwareand Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc., etc. W adhereto a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

tf. Jan. 1, 69

CONTINENTAL BILLIARD SALOON.

BY TODD & DURFEE.

The Best South of San Francisco.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

THE best of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS Imported direct for this House—kept constantly on hand, for sale

Wholesale and Retail.

The BILLIARD TABLES are new and of the latest style

The proprietors will take special care to have everything of the best, and insures prompt attention to their customers.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Jan. 24, '69, 24-3m.

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona, }
County of Pima, }

To the unknown heirs of Thomas F. McLean deceased, their guardians, agents, &c,, and all other persons interested:

You are hereby notified that upon a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, had in the Probate Court of said County and Territory, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1869, a balance of nine hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-eight cents, was found due said estate, and remaining in the hands of Soloman Warner, the administrator thereof.

The undersigned having been appointed by said Probate Court, as an agent to take possession and charge of said moneys—and having given bond as required by law, will hold the same for the term of one year subject to the iclaimand demand of the lawful heirs of said dece used.

At the expiration of one year, said moneys if uncalled for, will be paid into the Territorial Treasury of said Territory in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Tucson, March 19th 1869.

JOHN B. ALLEN,
Agent and
Territorial Treasurer.

12-tf

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF, Tucson, A. T.

AARON ZECKENDORF, Albuquerque N. M.

LOUIS ZECKENDORF No 19 Dey St., N. Y

A. & L. ZECKENDORF

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS &CAPS
CARPETS,
MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &c.

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of Every class ofgoods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those Who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and at the lowest prices. We would call the attention of merchants from this Territory as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere,

---

HIGHEST

MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE,

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage of those who favor us with their confidence.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF.

TUCSON, A. T. April 11 1869 tf.

Late Eastern News.

(From files of the daily New Mexican.)

York, May 4—The Herald's Cuba l states that the revolutionists held a ess April 13th at Sherman, over thirty sentatives were present from all parts of sland. Gen. Cespedes presided. Resolu- were adopted which declares the revolu- y party is fighting for independence from and anexation to the United States, ral Quesada was again elected Generalis- Delegates were enthusiastic and sanguine letermined. It is reported that the Spans have captured several members of the re- ionary committee.

Louis, May 3—Francis B. Hoyne and les J. Morrill of Boston, directors of the h Pacific railroad are here accompanied drew Pierce managing director, and will to-morrow for southwest Missouri to in- t thet work already done, and to arrange lacing more of the road under contract and rolling stock for the road is arriving, the work of construction is being rapidly ed forward.

ew York, May 4—The Express says that shal Barlow has received reliable informa- that a steamer left this port last night for a with three hundred men, each provided a rifle and uniform. The vessel also took rge quantity of light clothing and provis to last a month or six weeks.

he Express adds that another expedition is paring to leave. The marshal is investi- ing the matter.

San Francisco, May 4—A railway tie of ished California laurel wood, mounted either end with solid gold spikes, costing hundred dollars, was forwarded to the end the track of the central pacific railroad as last tie and will be laid by Leland Stanford Saturday next thus completing the pacific lroad.

The steamer Japan sailed to-day for Hong ng via Yokahoma with one million three ndred and thirty eight thousand dollars ,338,000) in specie.

Washington, May 5—Dispatches say advices way of Florida give the safe arrival within e patriot lines of the vessel from New york, aded with arms etc. supposed to be grape ot.

Havana, May 5—The Cuban journals con- in usual accounts of insignificant skirmishes.

Memphis, May 3—A serious riot occurred at rownsville, Tennessee, last night, in which one hite man and three negroes were killed, and ne white man named Tom Nugent mortally ounded; several negroes were also wounded. he affair grew from a negro having tried to ill a weite man named Spevan, who approach- the negro in a crowd and asked him about ; another negro in the crowd took it up when he quarrel became general. At 11 o'clock ast night the fight was still going on. Further articulars are anxiously looked for.

London, May 5—In the House of Commons ir Jno. Hay inquired what action government ad taken to secure the brig Mary Lowell aptured by the Spanish.

New York, May 5—It is stated that Motley's written instructions will be prepared at the tate department Although he will have large liscretion in matters which may come before im his instructions relating to the Alabama claims are known to be based on Senator Sumner's speech which seems to have been made over. Motley is directed to be in no hurry but to await a favorable opportunity for opening negotiations on the subject.

The government has given minister Rosecranz's messenger, Dr. Brike no encouragement.

It has been ascertained from authentic sources that the Juarez government does not countenance the proposition relative to the sale of Mexican territory.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joaquin Tapia, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrators of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year, from the date of this notice to L. B. WOOSTER, at his residence in the town of Tubac, in the county of Pima, or to PHILIP DRACHMAN at his office in the town of Tucson, in said county.

Dated at Tucson, A. T.,
March 1, 1869.

PHILIP DRACHMAN
L. B. WOOSTER } Administrators.

F H Goodwin — Adam Sando

GOODWIN & SANDERS,

Dealers in General Merchandise

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVE this day on hand and are constantly receiving, a large stock of goods selected EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET, consisting in part of

Dry Goods and Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Military Furnishing goods of all descriptions, Staple and Fancy Goods, Belts, Pistols, Powder, Percussion caps, &c., &c., which they will sell cheap for cash.

Thankful for past favors they respectfully solicit continuance of public patronage.

Jan. 1, 1869-tf.

SOUTHERN OVERLAND U. S. MAIL.

And Express Line From Mesilla,

N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Hermosillo and Ghaymas, Sonora; making a connected stage line for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and and central Mexico.

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians.

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 4 o'clock, p. m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agen, Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA.
42-3t. La Mesilla, N. M

ARMY SUPPLIES

BEEF AND MUTTON

On Hoof or Block

FOR

ARIZONA

IN

1870.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA

San Francisco, Cal., March 25th, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate, will be received at the office, No. 204 Sutter Street San Francisco, Cal., by the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, M., on THURSDAY, July 1st, 1869 (when they will be opened) for the supply and delivery at the military posts in Arizona Territory, of all the BEEF and MUTTON, live or slaughtered, that may be required for the troops stationed thereat during the year 1870.

The supply will amount to about 3,000 Beeves and 1,000 Wethers.

Copy of the present contract and detailed instructions to bidders can be obtained at said office, at the office of the Actg. Commissary of Subsistence at Wilmington, Cal., and at the office of the A. C. S. at any of the Military posts in Arizona Territory.

Proposals will be received for any part of the supply.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

The right is reserved of rejecting any or all bids.

Advertising expenses ($362) will be borne by the successful bidders, pro rata

J. McL TAYLOR,
ap18.8w Bvt. Col., C. S.

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

AT FORT BAYARD, NEW MEXICO.

Having brought from the States last FALL, and put up, three miles South of this Post, a NEW AND LARGE STEAM SAW-MILL, capable of turning out 15,000 feet of Lumber per Day, we are prepared to furnish the Citizens of Arizona with any amount of a superior quality of PINE LUMBER, and at Greatly Reduced Prices—Orders filled on short notice—We have now on hand THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND feet of well seasoned lumber of all dimensions. Having attached a new SHINGLE MACHINE to our Mill we are enabled to furnish Shingles at $5.00 per thousand.

MINICK & BREMEN
ap18 3t

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

NEWSPAPER AND JOB-PRINTING

ESABLISHMENT!

TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published in the Territory of Arizona South of the Rio Gila.

Having lately received a

LARGE SUPPLY

of

NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAPMHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND-BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet to merchants in San Francisco Cal., and New York, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson is in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

It is for the interest of every Business House that wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise in our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address: "Weekly Arizonan," Tucson, A. T

P. R. TULLY. — ESTEVAN OCHOA

TULLY & OCHOA.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c. and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!

NEW GOODS

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

WE would respectfully announce to the people of Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,
East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.
Jan. 1st '69, tf.

NEW GOODS!

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

AT THE

SUTLER STORE.

CAMP BOWIE, (Apache Pass.)

A Good Supply for travelers. tf

ARIZONA OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers.

Governor—Richard C. McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James P. T. Carter "
Chief Justice—William F. Turner, Prescott,
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" " Harley H. Cartter, La Paz.
Marshal—Edward Phelps, Tucson.
Sup't. Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz,
Surveyor General Sherman Day, San Francisco.
District Attorney———— Tucson.
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott,
Collector—Levi Bashford, "
Dept. Collector Customs—J. F. Stone, Tucson.

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H Lord, Tucson,
Treasurer—John B Allen "
Attorney General—James E McCaffrey "
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford "

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—John S Thayer
Sheriff—Peter R Brady
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury
Treasurer—Sidney R DeLong
Recorder—Oscar Buckalew
Supervisors—John. W Sweeney, E. N. Fish, John G. Capron
Public Administrator,—Chas. H Meyers.
County seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks.
Sheriff—A John Moore
District Attorney—John M Rountree.
Treasurer—William Cory
Recorder—John H Behan
Supervisors—John G Campbell, ————,
County Seat—Prescott.

YUMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Joseph B. Tuttle.
Sheriff—David King.
District Attorney—Marcus D Dobbins.
Treasurer—Robert Coles
Recorder.—Peter Doll.
Supervisors—W Ravena, C. Gross, M, Castinado.
Public Administrator—John Duff.
County seat—La Paz.

MOHAVE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Wm. L Haskell
Sheriff—EH Smith
Treasurer—E M McCarty
Recorder—James P Bull
Supervisors—John Pearson, William Forrest, Chas Atchisson.
Dis't. Att'y.—A E Davis.
County Seat—Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Daniel M Thomas.
Sheriff————
Treasurer ————
Recorder————
Supervisors————
County seat—St. Thomas.

Notaries Public.

PIMA CO.—William S Baxter Maricopa Wells. Mortimer R. Platt, Tucson; John M. Carpenter Pass; J. B. McKinney, Florence:
YAVAPAI CO.—Henry W Fleury, Prescott; W. T. Ferris, Wickenburg; Phin J L Hague Peoria, J M Lenzander, Camp McDowell.
YUMA CO.—Charles R. Brinley, Arizona City, H. D. Dobbs, La Paz.

Assistant Assessors

PIMA CO.—Mark Aldrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co—Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co—George Lount, Prescott; W. R. Ferris, Wickenburg

Deputy Collectors.

PIMA CO.—P R Braly Tucson.
Yuma Co—Robt. Coles, La Paz.
Mohave Co—Jas P. Bull, Mohave City.

Places and Times of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Judge Backenstos—Oscar Buckalew, Clerk
In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Judge Cartter———————Clerk.
In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the first Monday in March and first Monday in September
In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing on the 3d Monday in June.
In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing on first Monday in January and first Monday in June

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Turner—Edward W Wells, Clerk.
In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing on the first Monday in April and first Monday in October.

SUPREME COURT.

One term in each year at the Capital, commencing in the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Buckalew, Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINES. Work will be resumed on an extensive scale as soon as proper arrangements can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of General Grant, U. S. A. Commander-in-Chief, at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claims against the Company will be settled upon resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY.
President
Mowry Silver Mining Co.
New York, Oct4, '67.

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON.
Office Richardson's Hotel.
TUCON, A. T.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN.

Vol. 2. Tucson, A. T., Saturday, May 29, 1869. No. 22

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

A Weekly Journal, devoted to the interests of Arizona Territory.

Published every Saturday at Tucson, A. T.

P. W. HOOPER.....Editor.

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One copy for three months.....2.00
Single numbers, each.....25

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Two dollars per square for the first insertion and one dollar for each subsequent insertion

M. R. PLATT. J. McCAFFRY.

PLATT & McCAFFREY,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW

TUCSON, A. T.

January 2d, 1869-tf

CHAS. H. LORD. WM. WILLIAMS.

LORD & WILLIAMS.

HAVING just brought on from New York fresh and to

CHOICE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,

are offering the same very cheap for cash.

Look at our goods and prices.

Jan. 1, '69-tf

C. H. OURY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Office in Court-house Building

TUCSON, A. T.

ap. 4, 67

WHEAT'S SALOON.

The undersigned having leased the above Saloon, is prepared to furnish his friends and the public with a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

AUGUSTUS BRICHTA.

Jan 30, 1869.

PIONEER BUTCHER SHOP.

GEORGE F. FOSTER,

at the OLD STAND on Main Street,

TUCSON, A. T.

is ready to supply all [illegible] with as good a lot and as low rates as [illegible] elsewhere.

Jan, 1st, 1869.

PIONEER JEWELRY.

TUCSON, A. T.

LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER.

Constantly on hand.

A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.

March 14, 1868—11-tf.

CAMP GRANT STORE.

THE undersigned respectfully announce that they have just opened a new stock of goods consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.

and are prepared to sell on the "live and let live" principle.

Would also announce to those persons desirous to settle upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are proprietors of all the Asoquie and will allow water to be taken from it by actual settlers free of charge

ISRAEL & COX.

Camp Grant, A. T., Oct. 2d 1868. tf

BLACKSMITH

AND

WAGON SHOP,

PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.

Wagons are made and repaired at this establishment and everything in the Blacksmith line done with promptness and dispatch.

SWEENY & ETCHEL, Proprietors.

Jan. 1st, '69

F. M. HODGES,

MAIN STREET

TUCSON, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply of the best brand of Liquors and Cigars.

Jan 1st '69. tf

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that from and after the FIRST DAY of MAY, 1869, I have ceased to be a member of the Firm of HINTON HOOPER & Co.

F. HINTON.

Arizona City, A. T., May 1, 1869. 3m;fm15

NOTICE!

MR. FRANCIS HINTON having retired from the Firm of HINTON, HOOPER & Co., the business will be continued by the undersigned under the firm name of HOOPER WHITING & Co. All outstanding accounts and all claims against the old firm will be settled by the undersigned.

WM. B. HOOPER
A. H. WHITING
JAS. M. BARNEY
JNO. S. CARR

Arizona City A. T. May 1, 1869. 3m;fm15

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES PASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION OF THE FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

AN ACT to amend "An act regulating the tenure of certain civil offices."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first and second sections of an act entitled "An act regulating the tenure of certain civil offices," passed March two, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, be, and the same are hereby, repealed; and in lieu of said repealed sections the following are hereby enacted:

That every person holding any civil office to which he has been or hereafter may be appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall have become duly qualified to act therein, shall be entitled to hold such office during the term for which he shall have been appointed, unless sooner removed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, or by the appointment, with the like advice and consent, of a successor in his place, except as herein otherwise provided.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That during any recess of the Senate the President is hereby empowered, in his discretion, to suspend any civil officer appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, except judges of the United States courts; until the end of the next session of the Senate, and to designate some suitable person, subject to be removed in his discretion by the designation of another, to perform the duties of such suspended officer in the mean time, and such person so designated shall [illegible] and give the bonds required by law to be taken and given by the suspended officer, and shall, during the time he performs his duties, be entitled to the salary and emoluments of such office, no part of which shall belong to the officer suspended; and it shall be the duty of the President within thirty days after the commencement of each session of the Senate, except for any office which in his opinion ought not to be filled, to nominate persons to fill all vacancies in office which existed at the meeting of the Senate, whether temporarily filled or not, and also in the place of all officers suspended, and if the Senate during such session shall refuse to advise and consent to an appointment in the place of any suspended officer, then, and not otherwise, the President shall nominate another person as soon as practicable to said session of the Senate for said office.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That section three of the act to which this is an amendment be amended by inserting after the word "resignation," in line three of said section, the following: "or expiration of term of office."

Approved, April 5, 1869.

AN ACT to establish the office of chief of staff to the General of the Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the office of chief of staff with the rank of brigadier general to the General commanding the army be, and the same is hereby, abolished.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Approved, April 3, 1869.

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "an act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June third, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, by extending certain penalties to accessories.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every person who shall aid or abet any officer or agent of any association in doing any of the acts enumerated in section fifty-five of an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June third, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, with intent to defraud or deceive, shall be liable to the same punishment therein provided for the principals.

Approved, April 6, 1869.

JOINT RESOLUTION to supply omissions in the enrolment of certain appropriation acts approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following items, omitted in the enrolment of appropriation acts approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, be, and the same are hereby, as amended, made valid portions of the acts from which they were omitted, viz:

In the "act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and seventy," after the proviso to the paragraph commencing "For salaries and expenses of collectors, assessors, assistant assessors revenue agents, &c., insert: "*Provided further*, That after the passage of this act the proprietors of all internal revenue bonded warehouses shall reimburse to the United States the expenses and salary of all storekeepers or other officers in charge of such warehouses, and the same shall be paid into the treasury and accounted for like other public moneys."

In the "act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy, and for other purposes," under the heading "Public Building and Grounds," before the item "For pay of lamplighters, gas-fitting," &c., insert "For lighting the Capitol and President's house and public grounds around them and around the executive offices, thirty thousand dollars."

Approved, March 29, 1869.

JOINT RESOLUTION to facilitate the construction of the custom house at Bangor, Maine.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to make a present application of the twenty-five thousand dollars appropriated at the last session of the fortieth Congress for the Bangor custom-house and public buildings, the same to be applied to the use provided in said appropriation, not hereby increasing the said appropriation as heretofore made.

Approved, April 3, 1869.

A RESOLUTION for the relief of settlers upon the absentee Shawnee lands in Kansas.

Whereas a large tract of lands set apart by a treaty with the Shawnee tribe of Indians, dated May tenth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-four, and proclaimed November second, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-four, for the benefit of certain absentees of the said Shawnee tribe, is now, and for many years last has been, occupied by a large number of white settlers and citizens of the State of Kansas, and whereas the beneficial interest of the said absentee Shawnees in said lands was and is absolutely forfeited by reason of their continued absence and non-affiliation with the said Shawnee tribe, and whereas the said lands were ordered to be publicly sold at the United States land office at Topeka, August third, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, by Abraham Lincoln, President, by his proclamation dated March twentieth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and by reason of the absence of large numbers of said settlers from their homes in the federal armies the sale was indefinitely postponed: Therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That each bona fide settler now occupying said lands and having made improvements thereon, or the heirs at law of such, who is a citizen of the United States, or who has declared his intention to become such, shall be entitled to purchase the land so occupied and improved by him, not to exceed one hundred and sixty acres in each case, at the price of two dollars and fifty cents per acre, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior shall prescribe: *Provided, however*, That the proceeds of said sales shall be applied in accordance with the provisions [of the treaty] between the United States and the said Shawnee Indians, proclaimed November second, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-four.

Approved, April 7, 1869.

A RESOLUTION relating to government buildings at Fort Totten, Dakota Territory.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and empowered to direct the necessary buildings at Fort Totten, Dakota Territory, to be constructed of brick, and to accept those at said fort already constructed of brick: *Provided*, That in his judgment buildings of that material will not be more expensive than buildings of wood: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That no appropriation will be necessary therefor.

Approved, April 6, 1869.

A RESOLUTION respecting the pay and allowances of enlisted men of the army.

Resolved by the Senate and House of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the pay and allowance of the enlisted men of the army shall remain as now fixed by law until the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and seventy.

Approved, April 6, 1869.

JOINT RESOLUTION authorizing the building of a railroad bridge over the Ohio river at Paducah, Kentucky.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress be, and the same is hereby, given to the erection of a railroad bridge over the Ohio river from the city of Paducah, Kentucky, to the State of Illinois, by the Paducah and Gulf Railroad Company and such others as may associate with them for that purpose under the laws of the States of Kentucky and Illinois: *Provided*, that said bridge is built with an unbroken or continuous span of not less than four hundred feet in the clear, from pier to pier, over the main channel of the river, and is built in all other respects in accordance with the conditions and limitations of an act entitled "An act to establish certain post roads," approved July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, that said bridge, when completed in the manner specified in this resolution, shall be deemed and taken to be a legal structure, and shall be a post road for the transmission of the mails of the United States; but Congress reserves the right to withdraw the assent hereby given in case the free navigation of said river shall at any time be substantially and materially obstructed by any bridge to be created under the authority of this resolution, or to direct the necessary modifications and alterations of said bridge.

Approved, April 7, 1869.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 29.....1869.

ABRAHAM LYON, of Arizona City, our only authorized Agent in Arizona.

LAND OFFICE.

The appointment of Judge W. J. Berry, of Prescott, to be Registrar of the Land Office in Arizona is an indication that that important office is soon to be established. Surveys have already been completed on the Salt river and others in various parts of the Territory will soon be made, and there is no reason why our settlers should not speedily be entitled to perfect their land and mining titles in accordance with the liberal laws of the United States. Nothing will go further to create confidence and interest in the country. The pioneer likes to know that he is legally and fully in possession of his property and until he is satisfied on this point is never easy or content. Mr. Buckalew was made the Receiver of the Land office some time since, and in view of what he has suffered in the country the appointment was regarded a just one and will not, we presume, be disturbed by the new administration, although the sweep of old officials has thus far been very thorough at the east. Judge Berry as a pioneer in Arizona, a man of more than usual ability and force of character and one familiar with the country and the people, has good qualifications for the office of Registrar and will, we doubt not, take a pride in the prompt performance of all its duties. He will not hold the place simply for the name of it but will be a worker.

OUR DELEGATE.

The Congressional Directory for the 41st. Congress, a pamphlet giving brief sketches of all the members and much additional information of interest relating to Congress, has the annexed sketch of our present Delegate:

Richard C. McCormick, of Tucson, was born in New York city, 1832; received a classical education and entered business in Wall street in that city in 1850; in 1854-'5 travelled extensively in Europe and Asia, spending some time in the camp of the allied armies during the siege of Savastopol, and writing letters which appeared in the "Courier and Enquirer" and other New York journals, and were subsequently issued in book form in New York and London, and passed through many editions; in 1860 published in New York "St. Paul's to St. Sophia; or Sketchings in Europe" 1857 to 1861 a trustee of public shools in New York; 1859-'60 editor of "The Young Men's Magazine," a contributor to various periodicals, and lecturing frequently; 1861 connected with the "Evening Post" at New York, and in same year and 1862 its correspondent and that of the "New York Commercial Advertiser" in Washington and with the army of the Potomac, and present at Bull Run, Williamsburg, and other battles; 1862 chief clerk Department of Agriculture; March, 1863 appointed secretary of Arizona; April, 1866, made governor, and June, 1868, elected delegate to the forty-first Congress, as an independent Union candidate, receiving 1,263 votes, against 644 for Rush, and 186 for Adams.

The Directory of the 40th. Congress gave this sketch of our delegate in that body:

Coles Bashford, of Tucson was born near Cold Springs, Putnam county, New York, January 24, 1816; receive a classical education at the Wesleyan Seminary, now Genesee College, Lima, New York; studied law and was admitted to practice in 1841; was district attorney of Wayne county from 1847 to 1850, when he resigned; removed to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, in 1850, and was a member of the Senate of that State in 1852, 1853, and 1854, resigning in 1855; was governor of Wisconsin from 1855 to 1858; accompanied the Territorial officers to Arizona in 1863; was attorney general of Arizona from 1864 to 1867; was elected a member of the first territorial council of Arizona, and was it presiding officer; and was elected as an independent candidate, a delegate to the fortieth Congress, receiving 1,000 votes, against 518 for Posten and 108 votes for Adams.

JUDGES OF NEW MEXICO:—Our sister Territory has three new judges. They are as follows and are well spoken of:

Joseph G. Palen, Chief Justice; H. S. Johnson and Abraham Bergen, Associate Justices. Johnson is an old friend of the Albuquerque *Review* and we congratulate him on the honor shown him by the President. On the principle that newspaper men are fit for any responsibility we believe he will make a good judge.

ADMONITORY.

From a copy of the Prescott *Miner* we learn that Tucson is a "very sickly place" and that the presiding genius of that trifling sheet, surprised at the number of deaths occurring here, advises that the people of Tucson "should endeavor to find out the cause of these deaths and if possible, take measures to stop the ravages of the disease."

Well knowing the character of the *Miner* we are not surprised to find its columns crowded with misstatements regarding Tucson; but if it wishes to raise objections to Pima county and its inhabitants its own credit should, we think, demand that it do so in a manner which will not so evidently betray its short-sightedness and animosity: the report of the Territorial treasurer published in the ARIZONAN some weeks since shows very plainly that the "miserable people of Pima county" are, of all the inhabitants of Arizona, the least "miserable." Again, we are happy to inform the *Miner* that its solicitude for the people of Tucson, the "very sickly place," need not be entertained longer. We regret that the spirit of the *Miner* should be clouded through the ideal calamities visited upon us, but cannot consider ourselves responsible for the results consequent to terrors pictured by a disordered brain. However, sympathy is sweet: if he to whom it is extended be a sufferer he will appreciate it; and if extended through misconceived opinions it yet indicates good will—but be cautious, dear *Miner* (!) how you extend sympathy, for the people of Tucson despise affectation and pity a natural hypocrite.

That the *Miner* may not be under any mistake regarding our intentions in future we will here state that we do not intend to do it the honor of noticing everything that it may contain regarding us—apropos, school-boy controversy and we have long since 'cut acquaintance.' We would, however, before concluding this article, hint the propriety of that motive which would influence our Prescott contemporary to cleanse its columns from the filth and falsehood of eighteen months and suggest candor and honisty of purpose as the best means of promoting its interests as well as the interests of its supporters.

There, we have given you the foregoing editorial notice this week; if you become docile under the lash we may deign to notice you again sometime, as, being of Arizona, you are entitled to your share of that advocacy we extend to the Territory at large.

Geo. R. Maxwell has been appointed superintendent of Indian affairs for New Mexico, this is not the Maxwell of Maxwell's ranch.

The dispatches this week give information of the completion of the Pacific railroad. Thus, on the iron band from ocean to ocean—uninterrupted by mountain-range or river—the same journey may be accomplished in one week which, only a few years ago was a tedious journey of two and three months. The distant California of five years ago is now, to the inhabitants of the eastern States, comparatively "at hand"—only a thousand miles west of the Rocky Mountains—a journey of only a few days

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It is worthy of notice that in every civilized country the present system of criminal law is acknowledged to be a failure. In France, many of the wisest statesmen are calling for an entire change in the nature of the punishments inflicted. In England, Parliament is now considering how to deal more severely with "the dangerous classes," by subjecting criminals to police restrictions without trial. And in this country, and especially in the large cities, public opinion is becoming every day more ready for extreme measures.

In the U. S. Senate, April 19, Mr Chandler offered the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That in the judgement of the Senate, the solution of all controversies between Great Britain and the United States will be found in the surrender of all the British possessions in North America to the people of the United States, and that the President be and he is hereby requested to open negotiations as soon as practicable for a settlement of all matters in dispute upon that basis."

This was supported by a warlike speech, exceedingly ferocious, but not nearly so powerful as that of Senator Sumner of a few days before and which is generally commended by all parties at the east and will attract attention the world over. Even the New York *Herald* is enthusiastic for Sumner.

Chandler's resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

MISS SAFFORD:—The Cairo (Illinois) evening *Bulletin* of March 27th makes the following complimentary allusion to a sister of Hon. A. P. K. Safford, the new Governor of Arizona:

Miss Mary Safford, of this city, graduated at the New York Medical College for females, on the 23d instant, delivering the valedictory address of the graduating class. In a few months she will leave this country for France, where she will spend a year in the hospitals of Paris. It seems to be the ruling purpose of Miss Safford's life to minister to the sick and afflicted, and that she may do this more efficiently than before we doubt not, is the motive for her present course. Hundreds and thousand of the sick and wounded soldiers of the Mississippi valley, who filled the hospitals at Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, Nashville, Mound City and other points, will recall her kind visits and ministrations; and those who watched her outgoings and incomings knew her, during the first years of the war, to be tireless and unceasing in her works of mercy. In her present designs her countless friends will bid her God-speed.

Latest News.

Havana, May 14—Private letters from rebel sources give accounts of another battle on the third instant near las Animas. The Spaniards numbered 12,000 commanded by General Lisca, while Quesada in person commanded the insurgents. Before fighting began Quesada placed the natives in front protected by intrenchment, with 400 Dominicans and American volunteers in the rear with orders to fire upon them if they ran. Thus situated the Cubans fought desperately; the Spaniards attacked three times with bayonets, and at the third assault the Cubans began to waver, when Quesada ordered the rear guard to the front with fixed bayonets; this pushed the Cubans into front ranks of the enemy and a hand to hand fight ensued, which was a butchery most horrid, and the Spaniards finally retreated but in good order. Their loss was 160 killed and about three hundred wounded; the Cubans lost 200 killed and a proportionate number wounded Quesada burned the town of San Miguel in view of the retreating Spaniards.

The revolutionists have changed their policy in the field, and will make fight instead of retreating to the mountains. At the battle of Alta Gracia which was fought May 1st. the Spanish loss was 190 killed and wounded, and the Cubans lost 200 Spaniards regard the result of these two battles as fatal to the rebellion, while the Cubans are jubilant over the two great successes of the war for independence.

Montreal, May 14—It is reported that the English privy council is considering the advisability of relinquishing all their colonies except India.

New York, May 14.—A steamer laden with arms and munitions, which has been laying in the Sound steamed down the bay to-day. It is rumored it will sail for Cuba on Monday.

New York, May 13.—The Tribune's Atlanta special says a large number of republicans from all parts of the state are now in the city, believing that their lives are sought; among them are many members of the legislature.

A desperate attempt was made near Waynesboro, Burke County, to assassinate Rev. J. S. Pittman, presiding elder of the Methodist church He had preached there and induced a large number of negroes to renounce the Methodist church south and join another church. A gang of Kuxlux planned his death and had picketed the road from his hotel to the depot, but a colored man guided him across the fields and a volunteer guard of colored men accompanied him to the depot. When he arrived there pistols were presented at his head and death seemed certain, but the firm stand taken by the colored people saved his life. The only charge against him was that he is a radical

Club House for women.

The handsome brown stone house No. 49 East Twenty-third-st, two doors from the Academy of Design, has been bought by a wealthy woman as a club-house for her sex.

On the ground floor Miss Susan B. Anthony will instal the Revolution offices. The second floor will be devoted to the reception of guests and to evening parties. On the third story the Sorosis, and Workingmen's Association will each occupy a fine room for their meetings and business, and on the fourth a number of female artists will have a studio.

There will, as yet, be no restaurant attached to the building, but women sleeping there can obtain breakfast either in their bed rooms or in the dining-room. Besides the parlors and basements which cannot be hired, there will be 12 rooms to rent. As the owner desires simply a seven per cent interest, or $3,500 for her outlay the average rent of the rooms will be less than $300 a year. As the societies having rooms will only use them at intervals, they will sub-let them, when not wanted, for the meetings of other societies of females. There is no doubt but the establishment will be a gathering point for numerous assemblages of the kind as the situation is central and the apartments elegant. Its convenience as a sleeping and resting place for women where baths and the use of a library and newspapers can be had, will render it a point of popular resort.—N. Y. *Evening Post.*

HIRAM STEVENS.
SIENEY R. DELONG. SAMUEL HUGHES

HIRAM S. STEVENS & CO.

Camp Crittenden, A. T.

WOULD respectfully give notice to the trading public in and around Camp Crittenden, that we have just received a large and well selected lock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES
and all kinds of necessary articles, for
OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and CITIZENS
Direct from San Francisco.
which we propose to sell to all at the very
LOWEST PRICES
at our new store, at Camp Crittenden, Arizona.
Jan1, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS

in Quadruplicates will be received at the office of the undersigned until 12 m. on the fifteenth 15) of June, 1869, for the delivery at Tucson, A. T., of ninety-four (94) pack mules.

The mules to be Mexican mules, good sized, strong bodied, short coupled, short legged, and well broken to the pack, and in good, sound condition.

No sore backed animals will be received, and each will be subject to inspection by the Government Inspector to be appointed by the Commanding Officer of the District of Arizona.

Bidders will state their price per head in Gold Coin, and payment will be made with such funds as the Depot Quartermaster at Tucson may have on hand at the time of delivery.

Each proposal must be signed by two responsible persons, who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

Bidders will state their places of residence and each bidder will file a duly executed Bond with their proposals, in the sum of Fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars, as a guarantee that in case the contract is awarded to the party or parties proposing, such contract will be accepted and entered into.

The mules will be delivered as soon as practicable after the contractor is notified by the undersigned.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids should he deem such action necessary.

Further instructions will be given at the office of the undersigned.

GILBERT C. SMITH.
Capt. and Ass. Q. M., U. S. A.

HOOPER, WHITING, & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California
Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton,
Sweet Water and Camp McDowell,
Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at
ARIZONA CITY
The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Francisco.
COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.

All our goods are either imported directly or bought of direct importers. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is
ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.
"Live and Let Live,"
is our motto. Our terms are
CASH, EXCLUSIVELY, and for cash,
we are always in readiness to supply dealers, ranchoren, & others, with goods, in jobbing lots
Unprecedentedly Low for cash
HOOPER, WHITING & CO.
Arizona City May 1, 1869. tf.

B. F. ROUNTREE,
Forwarding and Commission merchant
GUAYMAS,
SONORA,
MEXICO.

Particular attention paid to receiving and forwarding goods with quick dispatch. Respectfully refers to

COL. J. P. T CARTER, E. N. FISH & Co.
GOODWIN & SANDERS, HON. J. B. ALLEN
CHAS. T. HAYDEN. TULLY & OCHOA.
LORD & WILLIAMS
of Tucson, A. T.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

MAY 29.....1869.

LOCAL MATTERS.

PROFESSOR LORTO and his pupils will give a series of entertainments in the court-house on Sunday evening.

FROM our correspondent at Fort Yuma we learn that a company of cavalry left that place on Monday last for Camp Goodwin.

JUDGE ISHAM REAVIS the new judge in place of Judge Carter of the Paz District was confirmed by the Senate, April 20th. We learn that he is from Nebraska and is said to be a young man of fine attainments.

THE order for the removal of the officers and a portion of the enlisted men of each company of the 14th infantry from Arizona, has considerably weakened the military force in the Territory.

SETTLED DOWN:— Mr. M. Goldbaum, one of the early pioneers of Arizona, after encountering most of the varied fortunes of frontiersmen for the past ten years, has come to Tucson to make his home. He carries on the butchering business and keeps a thriving meat-market on Main street.

HORSE-RACE:—A very exciting horse-race took place on Friday evening. The horses, numbering five, were not the most spirited nor was it necessary that they should be, as each rider might be said to represent some six bottles of *-*bueno* ale, Mr. Z—— (outside of some six bottles) put his competitors to shame.

FIREWORKS: On Wednesday night our citizens with one accord seemed to fancy that a little novelty was necessary to disturb the sameness of business life and accordingly kept Main street in a perpetual blaze from sky rockets, fire crackers, etc., for upward of two hours.

SIDNEY R. DEJONG, formerly editor of the ARIZONAN, has engaged in business at Camp Crittenden and there taken up his residence. Our friend Sidney has accumulated considerable money in Arizona and with his characteristic foresight is now investing it freely in this southern portion of the Territory—well knowing that ere 1875 shall have dawned, the same property which may now be purchased for $500 will be good value for $5,000.

HOW TO STUDY:—Buy first a box of Goldburg's best cigars; buy next an arm chair; (n this second purchase be very cautious that you do not swindle yourself by selecting an article, as we did, which will crumble beneath a weight of less than 130lbs, avoirdupois) throw yourself back in the latter then take a cigar from your box and puff away. Now if any one is sceptical regarding this recommendation he has only to try and satisfy himself.

PROF. R. W. RAYMOND, successor to J. Ross Browne as United States mining commissioner, frequently refers to our new Governor, Hon. A. P. K. Safford, and acknowledges indebtedness to him for aid in making up his reports concerning Nevada. Gov. Safford is not only a practical miner of much experience but one of the best authorities on the Pacific coast in mining matters. He is also entirely familiar with surveying and all the questions pertaining to land titles. These qualifications will particularly fit him for usefulness and popularity in Arizona.

A THIEF BROUGHT TO GRIEF:—A Mexican named Soto went to the store of E. N. Fish & Co,, on Wednesday evening, and after examining several articles and objecting to the rates concluded to refrain from purchasing. He had, however, an object in view, and after a little time stole quietly to the counter upon which was piled various classes of goods, selected one piece and started for the street. After travelling a distance of three blocks he was overhauled when, being relieved of his plunder, he received a few tokens of negative good-will which will doubtless teach him to exercise a little more caution when next he steals.

WE are sorry to record the departure from Arizona, of Col. Guido Ilges, who on on thursday last left for the Eastern States. The Colonel came to Arizona in 1866, and had command of Camp Grant until February 1867 when he was transfered to the command of Camp McDowell; here he remained until June of the same year when he returned and again assumed command of Camp Grant where he has since remained A thorough gentleman; of irreproachable character; of high and noble ambition, the Colonel bears with him the good wishes of all and will not soon be forgotten the many friends he made while in Arizona.

MURDER:—A most brutal murder was perpetrated here on Sunday last. The victim was a Mexican named Gravel Yregolla; the author of the foul deed is supposed to be one Valdanegro; particulars as nearly as we can ascertain are as follows: It appears that Yregolla had at one time been in the habit of visiting the house of Valdanegro whose wife he (Yregolla) at length induced to leave her home and husband and go with himself. The abandoned husband, we are informed, tried every effort in his power to induce his wife to return to him or to again obtain possession of her without exposure, but all in vain; He therefore became desperate and set forth armed with a club, in search of the seducer of his wife and destroyer of his happiness and finding him alone beat out his brains. The murdered man was not discovered until some time after the occurrence. No clue as to the hiding place of the murderer has as yet been discovered. But little sympathy is felt for the deceased.

THE Commanding officer at Camp Grant, it would apper, has become determined to follow up the chastisements so recently inflicted upon the Indians, by active measures,—measures which will certainly be followed by satisfactory results. Since the Massacre recorded a few weeks since scarcely a breathing time has been allowed the Apaches from the presence of scouting parties from Camp Grant among them. Again, we hear Colonel Green, the commanding officer, has dispatched Col. Dunkleberger and Lt. Calhoun with as many men (cavalry and Infantry) as can be spared from the post, with 16 days rations and orders to pursue the Indians, and when rations begin to run short to draw a fresh supply at the nearest military post and start forth again. Camp Grant has "taken the lead" and seems determined to keep it.

CELEBRATION:—The festival of *Corpus-Christi* was celebrated by the Mexican portion of the inhabitants of Tucson, on Thursday, with all the pomp and solemnity which characterize religious celebrations among the spaniards and their descendants. Some of the principal streets were studded on either side with green boughs gathered the previout night. Arches and shades constructed of gauze and decorated with flowers etc., were erected at various points on the streets and plazas. The procession numbering more than a thousand—men, women and children—march d through the various ornamented streets while appropriate music by the "band," in front, lent additional solemnity to the occasion. At 10 o'clock the procession reached the church which was duly ornamented for the occasion; here the celebration ended, after some further ceremonies.

M. I. JACOBS, 221 San some St., San Francisco. — L. M. JACOBS Tucon, A. T

M. I. JACOBS & CO.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDIZE

—o—

Main Street, Tucson, A. T

OFFER for sale at a great reduction from ruling prices, an extensive variety of goods, specially selected for, and adapted to this market.

January 2d 1869-tf.

E. N. FISH, Tucson, — S. SILVERBERG San Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.,

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls. and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c., &c., which weare offering at exceedingly low prices.

Jan, 1, '69. 32tf

THOMAS M. YERKES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT

Tubac, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonabe, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.

Jan 1st 1868. tf.

BARNUM'S RESTAURANT.

Having purchased an interest in this establishment I inthnd to satisfy those who will favor me with their patronage by furnishing for their use the best of everything to be obtained in the market. The services of a good cook have been procured, and I will venture to assert that the culinary department will be conducted upon a principle hitherto unsurpassed in Tucson.

m29:3t HENRY HOWARD.

CASH STORE!

GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry goods, Fancy good, Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hats and Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc., etc. W adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

tf. Jan. 1, 69

JOHN T. HAVILAND formerly of Haynes & Lawton. — JOS. KENT HOOPER formerly of Geo. F. Hooper & Co

The above beg to inform their friends and the public that they have established a

CROCKERY AND GLASSWA E

BUSINESS

——under the style of——

HAVILAND HOOPER & Co

——AT——

No 335 PINE St. (just below Montgomery

San Francisco.

WE WILL at all times keep a full and complete stock, and sell at the **lowest rates** Every effort will be made to give satisfaction, in all respects, to those who may be pleased to favor us with their patronage. Buyers from the country will do well to give us a call and examine our stock.

HAVILAND HOOPER & Co.

ma8

A Good Book for Agents

RESOURCES

OF THE

PACIFIC SLOPE!

A Statistical and Descriptive Summary of the Mines and Minerals, Climate, Topography, Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce of the Pacific States and Territories; including LOWER CALIFORNIA, MEXICO, BRITISH COLUMBIA and ALASKA,

By HON. J. ROSS BROWNE,

Complete in One Large

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This is the Cheapest Work ever offered in this market to Subscription Agents, and it is compact with useful information, invaluable to MERCHANTS, FARMERS, MECHANICS, Etc., and so of deep interest to ALL CLASSES!

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H. H. BANCROFT & Co.

San Francisco, Cal.

CONTINENTAL BILLIARD SALOON.

BY TODD & DURFEE.

The Best South of San Francisco.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

THE best of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS Imported direct for this House—kept constantly on hand, for sale

Wholesale and Retail.

The BILLIARD TABLES are new and of the latest style

The proprietors will take special care to have everything of the best, and insures prompt attention to their customers.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Jan. 24, '69. 24-3m.

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona, County of Pima. }

To the unknown heirs of Thomas F. McLean deceased, their guardians, agents, &c,, and all other persons interested:

You are hereby notified that upon a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, had in the Probate Court of said County and Territory, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1869, a balance of nine hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-eight cents, was found due said estate, and remaining in the hands of Soloman Warner, the administrator thereof.

The undersigned having been appointed by said Probate Court, as an agent to take possession and charge of said moneys—and having given bond as required by law, will hold the same for the term of one year subject to the iclaimand demand of the lawful heirs of said deceased.

At the expiration of one year, said moneys if uncalled for, will be paid into the Territoria Treasury of said Territory in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Tucson, March 19th 1869.

JOHN B. ALLEN, Agent and Territorial Treasurer.

12-tf

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF, Tucson, A. T. — LOUIS ZECKENDORF, No 19 Dey-St., N. Y.

AARON ZECKENDORF, Albuquerque N. M.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS & CAPS
CARPETS,
MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &c,

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of Every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those Who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and at the lowest prices. We would call the attention of merchants from this Territory as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

HIGHEST

MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE.

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage for those who favor us with their confidence.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF.

Tucson, A. T. April 11 1869 tf.

Late Eastern News.

(From files of the daily New Mexican.)

Chicago, May 10.—Secretary Boutwell is having a full inventory made of everything connected with the printing bureau. Plates etc., not needed, costing near half a million dollars, will be destroyed.

The Times special says the cabinet did nothing regarding the Cuban question. The Secretary of state has declared that there is nothing before his department showing that an expedition has left this country. He looked upon the newspaper reports as greatly exaggerated. The government of Spain has never officially informed this government as to any insurrection in Cuba and it would not be expedient to issue a proclamation of neutrality. The President and cabinet finally decided against the present repeal.

New York, May 10.—The Sun has an account of a gold discovery at Hoboken, where a ledge of rock was opened to take out stone for foundation of the Steven's free college. Some of the rock yielded seventy dollars per ton.

New York, May 12.—The Tribune's special London says the initial steps have been taken for an alliance, offensive and defensive, between England, France and Spain against the United States. Sumner's speech, the filibustering tendencies of Grant's administration, and the reported connivance at expeditions from the United States against Cuba, are being made the pretext for the necessity of such an alliance.

Washington, May 11.—Orders have been telegraphed to Federal officials at New Orleans to look sharp after certain Cuban expeditions said to be fitting out there.

Receipts for internal revenue for the present month average half a million per day. Receipts for customs also continue heavy.

Coin balance in the treasury $87,000,000, bonds $20,000,000.

Government to-day received advices direct from the insurrectionary district of Cuba giving information of movements in that quarter. Cuban sympathizers here state that there are now 25,000 men in the Cuban army, of whom 2,500 are Americans and 3,000 more americans will soon be there. These parties say that the success of the Cubans is sure if our government recognizes them as belligerents.

Habins, confidential agent of the Santa Domingo government, had an interview with secretary Fisk on the subject of annexation which will soon receive official consideration.

Washington, May 11.—The Postmaster General hearing that certain western contractors are in the habit of throwing off mails to make room for passengers and express matter, has fined two of the number one hundred dollars each, and will apply the rule to every case. The department will and withhold pay in every instance where the trip is not performed, no matter what the cause may be.

New York, May 11.—A Washington dispatch says it is thought that the infamous proclamation of Count Valmazeda, commander of the eastern department of Cuba, will lead to trouble between Spain and the United States.

New York, May 11.—It is reported here today that the difficulty between Fisk and the Union Pacific railroad has been compromised.

Havana, May 11.—Gen. Dulce has returned from Matamoros. Fighting is reported going on near Nuevitas—no particulars.

Denver, May 11.—At 1.30 p. m., at Promontory Point, after the conclusion of a prayer at 12 40, the last gold spike was presented and driven in at three strokes. Each stroke was simultaneously sent over the wires to New York and San Francisco. At the latter place a gun was fired as the strokes were given, and great enthusiasm was manifested over the fact that the iron band that unites ocean to ocean is completed.

The weather for the past five or six days has been very stormy, heavy winds prevail accompanied by thunder, lightning and rain. On Sunday last a heavy hail storm set in—hail falling as large as hen's eggs.

New York, May 12.—The Cuban general, Manuel, has issued a proclamation responsive to that of the Spanish general, Valmazed, in which he proclaims war to the death against Spaniards.

The Independence Belge, reports the story of rupture between the Pope and the Spanish government, on account of attempted dictation in Spanish affairs by the Pope.

New York, May 12.—Tribune's Atlanta special says Judge Adkins, republican senator from Warren county, who was assassinated on Monday last, had been repeatedly warned not to enter the county although it was his birthplace and home. Paying no attention to threats he started home a few days ago and arrived at Deering station where his carriage was waiting for him. While proceeding homewards, and within two miles of his house, a man issued from the woods and hailed Mr. Adkins who recognized him as his assassin. As returned accompanied by the screaming and firing of the assassin, the bullet piercing the senator's heart. Mr. Adkins was a staunch republican and universally respectable private character. He was one of the delegation of Georgians who visited Washington (Gray) some weeks ago, and is the second member of the legislature and of that delegation murdered since the adjournment of Congress.

P H Goodwin. Adam Sanders.

GOODWIN & SANDERS,

Dealers in General Merchandise

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVE this day on hand and are constantly receiving a large stock of goods selected EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET consisting in part of Dry Goods and Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Military Furnishing goods of all descriptions, Staple and Fancy Goods, Belts, Pistols, Powder, Percussion caps, &c., &c., which they will sell cheap for cash.

Thankful for past favors they respectfully solicit continuance of public patronage.

Jan. 1, 1869-tf.

SOUTHERN OVERLAND

U. S. MAIL,

And Express Line From Mesilla, N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Guaymas, Sonora—making a connected stage line—for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and central Mexico.

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians.

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 4 o'clock, p. m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agen,

DAVIS & BARELLA.

42-3t. La Mesilla, N. M.

ARMY SUPPLIES

BEEF AND MUTTON

On Hoof or Block

ARIZONA

1870.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA

San Francisco, Cal., March 29, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate, will be received at this office, No. 1 Battery Street San Francisco, Cal., by the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, M., on THURSDAY, July 1st, 1869, (at which they will be opened) for the supply and delivery at the military posts in Arizona Territory, of all the BEEF and MUTTON, live or slaughtered, that may be required for the troops stationed thereat, during the year 1870.

The supply will amount to about 3,000 Beeves and 1,000 Wethers.

Copy of the present contract and detailed instructions to bidders can be obtained at said office, at the office of the Actg. Commissary of Subsistence at Wilmington, Cal., and at the office of the A. C. S. at any of the Military posts in Arizona Territory.

Proposals will be received for any part of the supply.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

The right is reserved of rejecting any, or all bids.

Advertising expenses ($362) will be borne by the successful bidders, pro rata.

J. McI. TAYLOR,
Bvt. Col., C. S.

dp18 6w

New Saw-Mill

New Saw-Mill

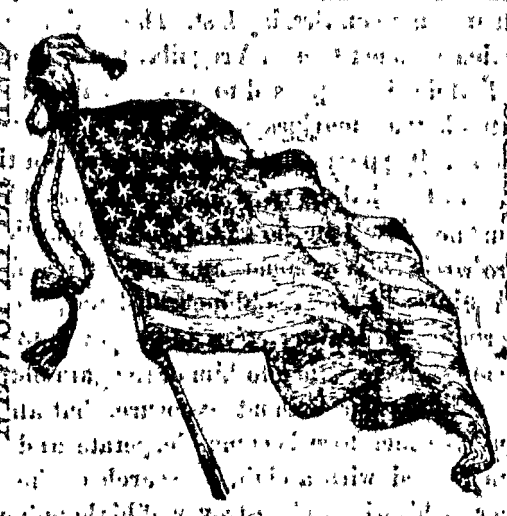
New Saw-Mill

FORT BAYARD, NEW MEXICO.

Having brought from the States last FALL, and put up, three miles South of this Post, a NEW AND LARGE STEAM SAW-MILL, capable of turning out 15,000 feet of Lumber per Day, we are prepared to furnish the Citizens of Arizona with any amount of A superior quality of PINE LUMBER, and at Greatly Reduced Prices. Orders filled at short notice. We have on hand THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND feet of well seasoned lumber of all dimensions. Having attached a new SHINGLE MACHINE to our Mill we are enabled to furnish shingles at $5.00 per thousand.

MINICK & BREMER.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN



ESABLISHMENT

TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published in the Territory of Arizona, South of the Rio Gila.

Having lately received a

LARGE SUPPLY

of

NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAMPHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND-BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet to merchants in San Francisco Cal., and New York, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson is in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

It is for the interest of every Business House that wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise in our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address, "Weekly Arizonan," Tucson, A. T.

P. B. TULLY. [illegible] VASQUEZ OCHOA.

TULLY & OCHOA.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c., and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!

NEW GOODS

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK.

WE would respectfully announce to the people of Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,

East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.

Jan. 1st 1869.

NEW GOODS!

GREAT ATTRACTIONS!

SUTLER STORE,

CAMP BOWIE, (Apache Pass.)

A good supply for travelers [illegible]

ARIZONA OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers.

Governor—Richard C. McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James P. T. Carter, "
Chief Justice—William F. Turner, Prescott.
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" Harley H. Carter, La Paz.
Marshal—Edward Hall, Tucson.
Sup't Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz.
Survey of General Sherman Day, San Francisco.
District Attorney—[illegible], Tucson.
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott.
Collector—Levi Bashford, "
Dept. Collector Customs—J. F. Stone, Tucson.

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H. Lord, Tucson.
Treasurer—John B. Allen.
Attorney General—James E. McCafrey.
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford.

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—John S. Thayer.
Sheriff—Peter R. Brady.
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury.
Treasurer—Sidney R. DeLong.
Recorder—Oscar Buckalew.
Supervisors—John W. Sweeney, E. N. Fish, John G. Capron.
Public Administrator—Chas. H. Meyer.
County Seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks.
Sheriff—A. John Moore.
District Attorney—John M. Rountree.
Treasurer—William Gore.
Recorder—John H. Behan.
Supervisors—John G. Campbell, [illegible]
County Seat—Prescott.

YUMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Joseph B. Tatum.
Sheriff—David King.
District Attorney—Marcus D. Dobbins.
Treasurer—Robert Coles.
Recorder—Peter Dohl.
Supervisors—W. Ray, [illegible] Gerome, [illegible]
Public Administrator—John Duff.
County Seat—La Paz.

MOHAVE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Wm. L. Hasbell.
Sheriff—E. M. Smith.
Treasurer—E. M. McCarty.
Recorder—James P. Bull.
Supervisors—John Pearson, William Forrest, Chas. Atchison.
Dist. Att'y.—A. E. Davis.
County Seat—Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Daniel B. Thomas.
Sheriff—[illegible]
Treasurer—[illegible]
Recorder—[illegible]
Supervisors—[illegible]
County seat—[illegible]

Notaries Public.

Pima Co.—Wm. S. Oxnard, Mariano G. Wells, Mortimer R. Patten, and John M. Cave, Tucson; James Price, J. B. [illegible], Florence.
Yavapai Co.—Henry W. Fleury, Prescott; W. B. Ferris, Wickenburg; Thos. J. Harris, Prescott; J. M. Lenox, Camp McDowell.
Yuma Co.—Charles H. Lord, Arizona City; M. D. Dohl, [illegible].
Assistant Assessors.
Pima Co.—Mark Aldrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co.—Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co.—George Lount, Prescott; W. B. Ferris, Wickenburg.
Deputy Collectors.
Pima Co.—P. B. Tully, Tucson.
Yuma Co.—Robert [illegible], La Paz.
Mohave Co.—J. P. [illegible], Mohave City.

Places and Terms of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Judge—Backus; Clerk—Buckalew.
In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Judge Carter—[illegible]; Clerk—[illegible].
In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the 3rd Monday in March and first Monday in September.
In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing on the 3d Monday in June.
In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing on first Monday in January and first Monday in June.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Turner—Edward W. Wells, Clerk.
In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing on the first Monday in April and first Monday in October.

SUPREME COURT.

One term in each year at the Capital, commencing in the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Buckalew, Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINING Co. Work will be resumed on an extensive scale as soon as proper arrangements can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Mowry military force of the United States, by Major General Grant, U. S. A. Commander-in-chief, at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claims against the company will be settled upon resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona, to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY,
President Mowry Silver Mining Co.

New York, Oct. 1, 1868.

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON,

Office Richardson's Hotel,

TUCSON, A. T.